

585

ANNEXURE No.....11.....

I N

COMPANY APPLICATION No..... OF 2009
[Under Section 391 read with Section 394 of the Companies Act]

IN THE MATTER OF AMALGAMATION OF :

JAYPEE HOTELS LIMITED
JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED [
JAIPRAKASH ENTERPRISES LIMITED
GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

WITH

JAIPRAKASH ASSOCIATES LIMITED

DISTRICT : GAUTAM BUDDHA NAGAR

1. JAIPRAKASH ASSOCIATES LIMITED
having its registered office at
Sector - 128, NOIDA- 201304
District Gautam Buddha Nagar, (UP). Transferee Company
2. JAYPEE HOTELS LIMITED
having its registered office at
Hotel Jaypee Palace, Fatehabad Road,
Agra, Uttar Pradesh.Transferor Company No. 1
3. JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED
having its registered office at
5 Park Road, Hazratganj,
Lucknow 226 001Transferor Company No. 2
4. JAIPRAKASH ENTERPRISES LIMITED
having its registered office at
Sector - 128, NOIDA- 201304
District Gautam Buddha Nagar, (UP). Transferor Company No. 3
5. GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED
having its registered office at
Sector - 128, NOIDA- 201304
District Gautam Buddha Nagar, (UP)Transferor Company No. 4

..... **APPLICANTS**

ANX - II

586

MEMORANDUM

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED



भारत सरकार-कॉर्पोरेट कार्य मंत्रालय
कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार कार्यालय, उत्तर प्रदेश एवं उत्तरांचल

कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 18(3)
राज्य परिवर्तित करने के संबंध में, कम्पनी विधि बोर्ड के आदेश के पंजीकरण से संबंधित प्रमाण-पत्र

कॉर्पोरेट पहचान संख्या : U26940UP1992PLC036482
मैसर्स GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

ने अपने विशेष विनिश्चय द्वारा, इसके पंजीकृत कार्यालय को गुजरात राज्य से उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य में स्थानान्तरित करने के निमित्त अपने संगम-ज्ञापन के प्रावधानों में परिवर्तन कर लिया है और इस परिवर्तन की पुष्टि
Company Law Board, WR, Mumbai, Company Law Board, WR, Mumbai

के दिनांक 17/12/2008 के आदेश द्वारा किए जाने पर,

मैं, यह सत्यापित करता हूँ कि उक्त आदेश की सत्यापित प्रतिलिपि को आज पंजीकृत कर लिया गया है।

मेरे हस्ताक्षर द्वारा कानपुर में, यह प्रमाण-पत्र, आज दिनांक उन्नीस दिसम्बर दो हजार आठ को जारी किया जाता है।

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA - MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS
Registrar of Companies, Uttar Pradesh and Uttranchal

SECTION 18(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956
Certificate of Registration of Company Law Board order for Change of State

Corporate Identity Number : U26940UP1992PLC036482

M/s GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED having by special resolution altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to the place of the Registered Office by changing it from the state of Gujarat to the Uttar Pradesh and such alteration having been confirmed by an order of Company Law Board, WR, Mumbai, Company Law Board, WR, Mumbai bearing the date 17/12/2008.

I hereby certify that a certified copy of the said order has this day been registered.

Given under my hand at Kanpur this Nineteenth day of December Two Thousand Eight.



(GUPTA KUMAR VINAY)

उप कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार/ Deputy Registrar of Companies
उत्तर प्रदेश एवं उत्तरांचल
Uttar Pradesh and Uttranchal

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार के कार्यालय अभिलेख में उपलब्ध पत्राचार का पता :
Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:
GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED
Sector-128, Noida - 201304,
Uttar Pradesh, INDIA

C o. N o. 04 - 17580

Fresh certificate of Incorporation Consequent on

C H A N G E O F N A M E

In the OFFICE OF
THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES
GUJARAT,
DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI.
[Under the Companies Act. 1956 (1 of 1956)]

IN THE MATTER OF

ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

I hereby certify that

ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

which was originally incorporated on 06/05/1992
under the Companies Act. 1956 and under the name

ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

having duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of
Section 21/31/44 of the Companies Act. 1956, on 26/02/1996
and the approval of the Central Government signifies in writing
having been accorded thereto by the Registrar of Companies,
Gujarat, vide his letter dated 18/03/1996 in terms of
Government of India, Ministry of Law, Justice, & Company Affairs.
(Department of Company Affairs) Notification No. GSR 507(E)
dated 24-06-1985 the name of the said Company is this day changed to

GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1)
of the said Act.

Given under my hand at AHMEDABAD.

Dated this 18/03/1996


(S.K. SAHA)
REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, GUJARAT
DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI.

Co. No. 04-17580



कारबार प्रारम्भ करने के लिए प्रमाण-पत्र
CERTIFICATE FOR COMMENCEMENT OF BUSINESS
कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 149 (3) अनुसरण
Pursuant of Section 149 (3) of The Companies Act, 1956

मैं एतद्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूँ कि _____
जो कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 के अधीन तारीख _____ के नियमित की गई
थी और जिसने आज विहित प्रारम्भ में सम्यक रूप में सत्यापित घोषणा फाइल कर दी है कि उक्त
अधिनियम की धारा 149 (1) (क) से लेकर (घ) तक/149 (2) (क) से लेकर (ग) तक की शर्तों का
अनुपालन किया गया है, कारबार प्रारम्भ करने की हकदार है।

I hereby certify that the ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED.

which was incorporated under The Companies Act, 1956, on the
SIXTH day of MAY 199²

and which has this day filed a duly verified declaration in this prescribed
form that the conditions of section 149 (1) (a) to (d) / 149 (2) (a) to (c) of
the said Act, have been complied with, is entitled to commence business.

मेरे हस्ताक्षर से यह तारीख _____ के _____ में दिया गया।

Given under my hand at AHMEDABAD this FOURTEENTH
day of JULY One Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety TWO



(S. K. RAVI)

कम्पनीयों का रजिस्ट्रार
Registrar of Companies
Gujarat, Dadra & Nagar Haveli



सत्यमेव जयते

प्रारूप. आई. आर.

FORM I. R.

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

निगमन का प्रमाण-पत्र

ता.....का स.....
No. 04-...17580...of 199.2-93.....

मैं एतद्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूँ कि आज _____

कम्पनी अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का 1) के अधीन निगमित की गई है और यह कम्पनी परिसीमित है।
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

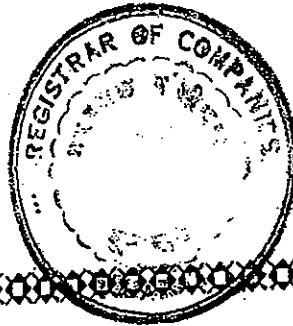
* * * * *

IS THIS DAY INCORPORATED UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956 (NO. 1 OF 1956) AND THAT THE COMPANY IS LIMITED.

मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज ता _____ का दिया गया।
GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AT AHMEDABAD THIS

SIXTH DAY OF MAY

ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY TWO.



S.K. Ravi
(S.K. RAVI)
Registrar of Companies,
GUJARAT,
Dadra & Nagar Haveli

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

- I. The name of the Company is "GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED".
- II. The Registered Office of the Company shall be situated **in the State of Uttar Pradesh.***

*(The Registered Office shifted from the State of Gujarat to State of Uttar Pradesh pursuant to Special Resolution passed in the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company held on 18th November 2008 and the Order of the Company Law Board, Mumbai Bench dated 17th December 2008).

- III. The objects for which the Company is established are:

A. THE MAIN OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY TO BE PURSUED BY IT ON ITS INCORPORATION IS:

1. To produce, manufacture, trade, treat, process, refine, import, export, purchase, sell and to deal in and to act as brokers, agents, contractors, technical advisors, consultants, stockists, distributors and suppliers of all kinds of cement whether ordinary, clinker, white, coloured, portland pozzolona, blast, furnace, silica, mortar suitable for asbestos cement pipes or otherwise and cement products of any description, such as pipes, poles, slabs, asbestos sheets, blocks, tiles and gardenwares.
- *2. To carry on the business as manufacturers, buyers, sellers, importers, exporters and dealers of Caustic Soda, Sodium Bicarbonate, Calcined Bauxite, Liquid Bromine, Soda Ash, Sulphuric Acid, Ammonium Chloride, Benzene Hexachloride, Chlorine products and all other chemicals - organic as well as inorganic in general and other allied preparations and articles of any nature and kind whatsoever.

*(Pursuant to Special Resolution passed in the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company held on 18th December 2006)

(B) THE OBJECTS INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLARY TO ATTAINMENT OF MAIN OBJECT ARE :

1. To acquire and takeover any business or undertaking carried on, upon or in connection with/without any land or building which the Company may desire to acquire as aforesaid or become interested in and the whole or any of the assets and liabilities of such business of undertaking and to carry on the same or to dispose or remove or put an end thereto.
2. To acquire purchase, start, run, erect and maintain lands, buildings, factories, foundries, workshops, mills, cold storage plants, equipments, machineries, plants and tools, industrial undertaking of any kind, warehouses, cellars, vaults, wagons, branch offices, depot and show-rooms for the business of the Company.
3. To form, promote, subsidise, organise and assist or aid in forming, promoting, subsidising, organising or aiding companies, syndicates and partnerships of all kinds for the purpose of acquiring and undertaking any properties and liabilities of this company or for advancing directly the objects thereof which this company may think expedient.
4. To acquire from and/or give to any person, firm or body corporate incorporated whether in India or elsewhere, technical information, know-how, processes, engineering, manufacturing and operating data, plants, lay outs and blue prints useful for the design, erection and operation of plant required for any of the businesses of the Company and to acquire any grant or licences and other rights and benefits in the foregoing matters and things.
5. To pay to promoters such remuneration and fees and otherwise recompensate them for their time and for the services rendered by them.
6. To invest any moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purpose of its business in such investments or securities as may be thought expedient including securities issued and/or guaranteed by Central or State Government, Corporations, Trusts and Financial Institutions.
7. To carry out in any part of the world all or any part of the Company's objects as principal, agent, factor, trustee, contractor either alone or in conjunction with any other person, firm, association, corporate body, Municipality Province, State or Government or Colony or Dependency thereof.
8. To secure or discharge any debt or obligation of a binding on the Company in such manner as may be thought fit and in particular by mortgage, charges upon the undertaking and all or any of the assets and properties (present and future) and the uncalled capital of the Company or by the creation and issue on such terms as may be thought expedient of debentures, debenture-stock or other securities of any description or by the issue of shares credited as fully or partly paid up.
9. To purchase or otherwise acquire, sell, dispose off, concerns and undertakings, mortgages, charges, annuities for certain period or on deferred basis, patents, licences, securities, concessions, policies, book debts and claims, any interest in real or personal property and any claims against such property or against any person or company.

10. To amalgamate, enter into partnership or into any arrangements for sharing profits of losses, union of interests, co-operation, joint ventures or reciprocal concessions with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company and to give or accept by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or properties acquired, any shares, debentures, debenture-stock or securities that may be agreed upon and to hold and retain or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture-stock or securities so received.
11. To negotiate, enter into agreements and contracts or collaborate with foreign companies, firms and individuals for getting or supplying and procuring financial or technical assistance, know-how in the marketing, importing and exporting of any of the products.
12. To become member of and to communicate with Chamber of Commerce and other mercantile and public bodies through out the world and to advise on, concert, promote and support measures for the protection, advancement, growth of commerce and industry and for protection and welfare of persons engaged therein.
13. To take or hold mortgages, liens and charges, to secure the payment of the purchase price or any unpaid balance of the purchase price of any part of the Company's property or whatsoever kind sold by the Company or any money due to the Company from the purchaser and others.
14. To contract with lease holders, borrowers, lenders, annuitants and others for the establishment, accumulation, provisions and payment of sinking funds, renewal funds, redemption funds and any other special funds and that either in consideration of lumpsum or of annual premium or otherwise and generally on such terms and conditions as may be arranged.
15. To undertake and execute any trust or description the undertaking whereof may seem desirable and the distribution amongst the beneficiaries, pensioners or other persons entitled to thereof, any income, capital, annuity or other sums of moneys or other properties whether periodically or otherwise and whether in money or in specie in furtherance of any trust, discretion or other obligation or permission.
16. To lend money to and guarantee the performance of the obligations of and the payment of interest on any stocks, shares and securities of any company, firm or person in any case in which such loan or guarantee may be considered likely directly or indirectly to further the objects of this Company and generally to give any guarantee whatsoever which may be deemed likely, directly or indirectly, to bank to benefit the Company or its members.
17. To train and get trained to and/or pay for training for the employees both present and future, for and in connection with the business of the Company.
18. To hold, administer, sell, realise, invest, dispose off the moneys and properties, both real and personal and to carry on, sell, realise, dispose off and deal with any estate of which the Company is executor or administration or in any trust of which the Company is the Trustee or of which the Company is administrator or in any trust of which the company is trustee or administrator, receiver, liquidator or agent.

19. To make deposit, enter into recognised bonds and otherwise give security for the execution of the offices and performance of the duties of executors, administrators, and trustees, receivers, liquidators and agents.
20. To take such steps as may be necessary to give the Company the same rights and privileges in any part of the world as are possessed by local companies or partnership of a similar nature.
21. To apply for tender, purchase or otherwise acquire any contracts, sub-contracts, licences and concessions for or in relation to the objects or business herein mentioned or any of them and to undertake, execute, carry out, dispose off or otherwise turn to account the same.
22. To dedicate, present or otherwise dispose off either voluntarily or for value any property of the Company deemed to be of national, public or local interest to any national trust, public body, museum, corporation or authority or any trustees for or on behalf of the same or on behalf of the public.
23. To promote, assist or take part and appear or lead evidences before any commission, investigation, inquiry, trial or hearing whether public relating to matters connected with any trade, business or industry.
24. To promote co-operation, hold conferences, organise and participate in meetings, maintain bureau, carry on correspondence, arrange discussions, symposiums and debates, prepare statements, reports and articles relating to any and all matters of interest to the Company.
25. To acquire by purchase, lease, assignment or otherwise lands, tenaments, buildings, basements, rights and advantages of any kind whatsoever and to resell, mortgage and let on lease the same.
26. To sublet all or any of the works, contracts from time to time and upon such terms and conditions as may be thought expedient.
27. To form, manage, join or subscribe to any syndicate, pool or cartel for the business of the Company.
28. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 to distribute among the members in specie any property of the Company or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property in the event of winding up.
29. To enter into any arrangement with any Government or Authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise or any person or company that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them and to obtain from any such Government, authority, person or company any rights, privileges, charters, licences and concession which the Company may think fit and desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply therewith.
30. To apply for, promote and obtain any act, charter, order, regulation, privilege, concessions, licence or authorisation of any Government, State or Municipality or any Authority or any Corporation or any Public Body which may be empowered to grant for enabling the Company to carry on its objects into effect or for extending any of the powers of the Company or for affecting any modification of the Company's constitution or for any other purpose

which may seem expedient and to oppose any bills, proceedings, applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interest and to appropriate any of the Company's shares, debentures, debenture-stock or other securities and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges and expenses thereof.

31. To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire, use, protect and renew in any part of the world any patents, patent rights, brevets d'invention, trade-marks, designs, licences, copy rights, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to their use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company or acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company and to use, exercise, develop or grant licences in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing or improving any such patents, inventions or rights.
32. To establish, provide, maintain, conduct or otherwise subsidise, assist research laboratories and experimental workshops for scientific and technical researches and experiments and to undertake and carry on the scientific and technical researches, experiments and tests of all kinds and to promote studies and research, both scientific and technical, investigations and inventions by providing, subsidising, endowing or assisting laboratories, workshops, libraries, the remuneration of scientific or technical professors or teachers and by providing for the award of scholarships, prizes and grants to students or otherwise and generally to encourage, promote and reward studies, researches, investigations, experiments, tests and inventions of any kind that may be considered likely to assist any of the businesses which the Company is authorised to carry on.
33. To make donations to such persons or institutions either of cash or any other assets as may be thought directly or indirectly conducive to any of Company's objects or otherwise and in particular to remunerate any person or corporation introducing business to this Company and also to subscribe, contribute or otherwise assist or guarantee money for charitable, scientific, religious or benevolent, national, public, cultural, educational or other institutions or objects or for any exhibitions for any public, general or other objects.
34. To establish aid, support or/and in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts, private or public, for the benefit of its employees or ex-employees, Directors, Ex-Directors of the Company or its connections in business and for persons having dealings with the Company or the dependents, relatives or connections of such persons and in particular friendly or other benefit societies and grant pensions, allowances, gratuities and bonuses either by way of annual payment or lumpsum and to make payment towards insurance and to form and contribute to provident and other benefit funds for such persons and to provide for the welfare of Directors, Ex-Directors and employees and ex-employees of the Company and the wives, widows and families or the dependents or connections of such persons by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwellings or chawls or by grant of moneys, pensions, allowances, bonuses or other payments and to provide or subscribe or contribute towards places of instructions and recreations, hospitals, dispensaries, holiday-homes, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Company shall think fit.
35. To refer or agree to refer any claims, demands, disputes or any other questions by or against the Company or in which the Company is interested or concerned and whether between

the Company and the member or members or his or their representatives or between the Company and third parties to arbitration in India or any places outside India to observe and perform awards made thereon and to do all acts, deeds, matters and things to carry out or enforce the awards in accordance with the provisions of Indian Arbitration Act.

36. To pay all preliminary expenses of any company promoted by the Company or any company in which the Company is or may contemplate being interested and preliminary expenses may include all or any part of the costs and expenses or owners of any business or property acquired by the Company.
37. To enter into joint sector arrangements with any person, body or corporate entity whether in India or abroad for the business of the Company.
38. To pay, out of the funds of the Company, all expenses which the Company may lawfully pay with respect to the promotion, formation and registration of the Company or the issue of capital including brokerage and commission for obtaining applications for taking, placing or underwriting of shares, debentures, debenture-stocks or other securities of the Company.
39. To pay for any rights or properties acquired by the Company and to pay or to remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of shares in Company's capital or any debentures, debenture-stocks or other securities of the Company or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the acquisition or properties by the Company for the purpose of the Company whether by cash payment or by the allotment of shares, debentures, debenture-stocks or other securities of the Company credited as paid-up in full or in part or otherwise as the case may be.
40. To open current or fixed accounts with any bank, bankers, shroff or merchants and to pay into and draw money from such accounts and to draw, make, endorse, discount and execute all types of negotiable instruments.
41. To insure the whole or any part of the property and personnels of the Company either fully or partially, to protect and indemnify any part or portion thereof either on mutual, principal or otherwise basis.
42. To employ experts to investigate and examine into conditions, value, character and circumstances of any business, concerns and undertakings having similar objects and generally of any assets, properties or rights.
43. To carry on any branch of a business whether in India or outside India which this Company is authorised to carry on by means or through the agency of any subsidiary company or companies and to enter into any arrangement with such subsidiary company for taking the profits and bearing the losses of any business or branch so carried on or for finance any such subsidiary, guaranteeing its liabilities or to make any other arrangement which seem desirable with reference to any business or branch so carried on including the power and provision at any time either temporarily or permanently to close any such branch or business.
44. To take part in the management, supervision, conduct and control of the business or operations of any company or undertaking having similar objects and for that purpose to

- appoint and remunerate the Directors, trustees, accountants or other experts, personnel or agents for any of such operations or purposes.
45. To purchase, take on lease or exchange, hire or otherwise acquire and dispose off any immovable or movable properties, real or personal of all kind and of any rights or privileges which the Company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business and either to retain the properties so acquired for the purpose of the Company's business or to turn the same to account as may seem expedient.
 46. To accept as consideration for or in lieu of the whole or any part of the Company's properties either land or cash or Government security or securities guaranteed by Government or shares in joint stock companies or partly the one and partly the other and such other properties or securities as may be determined by the Company and to take back or acquire the property so disposed off by repurchasing or taking lease the same at such price or prices and on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon by the Company.
 47. To let on lease or licence or on hire purchase or to lend any properties belonging to the Company and to finance for the purpose of any article or articles whether made by the Company or not by way of loans or by hire purchase system.
 48. To sell, purchase, mortgage, grants, easements and other rights over and in any other manner deal with the undertakings, properties, assets, both movable and immovable, rights, effects of the Company or any part thereof and whether real or personal for such consideration as the Company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures, debenture-stock, securities of any other company whether or not having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the Company and to make advances upon the security of land and/or buildings and/or other properties movable and/or any interest therein.
 49. To vest any movable or immovable properties, rights or interest acquired by or belonging to the Company in any person or company on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company and with or without any declared trust in favour of the Company.
 50. To undertake and execute any contracts for works for the business of the Company.
 51. To create any depreciation fund, reserve fund, sinking fund, insurance fund or any other special fund wether for depreciation or for repairing, improving, extending or maintaining any of the properties of the Company or for redemption of debentures or redeemable preference shares or any other purpose whatsoever conducive to the interest of the Company.
 52. To accept donations, gifts with such conditions, restrictions, obligations, stipulations and liabilities provided that such receipts are not derogative to any objects of the Company.
 53. To alienate, transfer, gift, donate, settle any property of the Company with or without consideration to any person including any trust whether public or private, discretionary or specific either by revocable or irrevocable transfer or settlement and upon such terms and conditions as the Company may deem fit.
 54. To explore, examine, investigate, test, make, experiment, obtain report, opinion of experts, certificates, analysis, surveys, plans, descriptions and information in relation to any

property or right which the Company may acquire or become interested in or may propose to acquire or with the view of discovering properties or rights which Company may acquire or become interested in and to engage, employ, pay fees to retain the services of and send to any part of the world agents, explorers, technical experts, engineers, lawyers and counsels.

55. To adopt such means of making known the business/activities of the Company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publications of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations.
56. To undertake, carry out, promote, sponsor, contribute or assist in any activity, project for rural development including any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare of or the upliftment of the people in rural area irrespective whether the Company has any business dealings in such areas or not and to incur any expenditure or use any of the assets and facilities of the Company on any programme or project or activity of rural development and to assist execution and promotion thereof either directly or in association with any other company or person or organisation or through an independent agency or in any manner as the Company may deem fit in order to implement any of the projects or programmes or activities of rural development, to transfer without consideration or at such fair or concessional value and divert the ownership of the properties of the Company to or in favour of any public or local body, authority, Central or State Government or any public institution or trust or fund.
57. To raise or borrow money from time to time for any of the purposes and objects of the Company by receiving advances of any sum or sums with or without security upon such terms as the Directors may deem expedient and in particular by taking deposits from or open current accounts with any individual or firms, including the agents of the Company, whether with or without giving the security or by mortgaging or selling or receiving advances on the sale of any lands, buildings, machineries, goods or other properties of the Company or by the issue of the debentures or debenture-stocks, perpetual or otherwise, charged upon all or any of the Company's properties (both present and future) including its uncalled capital or by such other means as Directors may in their absolute discretion deem expedient.
58. Subject to Section 58A of the Companies Act and Rules made thereunder and directions issued by Reserve Bank of India to borrow, raise or secure the payment of money to or receive money and deposit as time deposit or otherwise at interest for any purpose of the Company and at such time or times and in such manner as may be thought fit and in particular by the creation and issue of the debentures or debenture-stock, bonds, shares credited as fully or partly paid up, obligations, mortgages, charges and securities of all kinds, either perpetual or otherwise, either redeemable annuities in as and by way of securities for any such moneys so borrowed, raised or received or of any such debentures, debenture-stocks, bonds, obligations, mortgages, charges and securities of all kinds, either so issued to mortgage, pledge or charge the undertaking or whole or any part of the properties, rights, assets or revenue and profits of the Company, present or future, including its uncalled capital or otherwise howsoever by trust, special assignment or otherwise or to transfer or convey the same absolutely or in trust and give the lenders powers as may seem expedient and to purchase, redeem or pay off any such securities. The

Company shall not carry on business of Banking as defined by the Banking Regulations Act, 1949.

(C) OTHER OBJECTS :

1. To carry on the business of manufacturers, importers, exporters, assemblers, hirers and repairers of and/or dealers in and marketing and distribution of computers and computer periphara, softwares and hardwares, computer parts, data transmission circuit, audio visual equipments and consumer electronics, radio receivers, television receivers, television picture tubes, tape-records, record changers, professional and defence electronics, test and measuring instruments, inspection instruments, digital and analytical instruments, electronic environmental and pollution measuring instruments, photocopying machines and other office equipments, electronic desk calculators, oscilloscopes and associated instruments, process control systems, industrial electronics, medical electronic equipments, electro devices, audio record/play back systems, closed circuit T.V., aerospace electronics, geo science electronics, broad casting electronics and for purpose of foregoing but without limiting the generality, materials, accessories, components and spare parts thereof.
2. To undertake and/or direct all types of construction and the maintenance of or/ and acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise, lands, properties, buildings and estates of any tenure or any interest therein, to sell, lease, let, mortgage or otherwise dispose off the same and to purchase, construct and sell for self or for any person free hold or lease hold lands, house properties, buildings, offices, factories, work-shops, godowns, farm houses, farms and any kind of landed properties or any share/interest therein and to carry on the business of land and estate agents on commission or otherwise without commission.
3. To carry on the business of and act as promoters, organisers and developers of lands, estates, properties, co-operative housing societies, associations, housing schemes, shopping-office complexes, townships, farms, farm houses, holiday resorts, hotels, motels and to finance with or without security and/or interest for the same and to deal with and improve such properties either as owner or as agents.
4. To carry on and undertake the business of trading, hire purchase, leasing and to finance lease operations of all kinds, purchasing, selling, hiring or letting on hire all kinds of plants and machineries and equipments that the Company may think fit and to assist in financing of all and every kind and description of hire purchase or deferred payment or similar transactions and to subsidise, finance or assist in subsidising or financing the sale and maintenance of any goods, articles or commodities of all and every kind and description upon any terms whatsoever and to purchase or otherwise deal in all forms of immovable and movable properties, including land and buildings, plants and machineries, equipments, ships, aircrafts, automobiles, computers and all consumers, commercial and industrial items and to lease or otherwise deal with them in any manner whatsoever including resale thereof, regardless of whether the property purchased and leased be new and/or used.
5. To carry on the business as refrigerating engineers and lessors of cold storage space, to erect, maintain and operate cold storage depots and to engage in cold storage trade in all its branches.

6. To carry on business of running nursing homes, clinics, pharmacies, indoor or outdoor hospitals, medical, anatomical, orthopedic, surgical and 'X' Ray units, laboratories, research establishments, nature cure centres and hospitals for eye, throat and nose deceases and to acquire land, building's plants, equipments, accessories, instruments, gadgets, furniture and fittings and other facilities for treatment and nursing of patients of various types of diseases, ailments, sickness, illness and other body or mental troubles and to act as consultant in any and all branches of medical science.
7. To carry on business as producers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, manufacturers, stockists, agents and brokers of coal, coke, charcoal, petroleum-coke, copper, iron, ore, kyanite, fire clay, china-clay, salt, sodium chlorides, calcium phosphate, nickel, beyrilum, uranium, zinc, lead, asbestos, tin, alumina, mercury, silicon, sulphur, graphite, brass, aluminium, silicas and bentonite, quartz, dextrine, magnesite, dolomite ferro-alloys, corundum, manganese, mica, gypsum, garnet, emerald and other minerals.
8. To carry on business as agents, holders or investors in saving unit or units issued by the Unit Trust of India.
9. To carry on business as producers, manufacturers, processors, converters, refiners, makers, bottlers, stockists, dealers, importers, exporters, traders, retailers, agents, buyers or sellers of oxygen, acetylene, ammonia, carbon dioxide, nitrogen, hydrogen, helium and other types and kinds of gases required for or used in industries, agriculture, clinics, hospitals, refrigeration, aviation, transport vehicles, space rockets and crafts communication, objects and media, power plants, domestic or public lighting, heating, cooling or cooking purposes, lighters, plants producing water, chemicals or fuels, pesticide, defence or warfare establishments, horticulture, forest or plant protection and growth and other allied purposes and to service, repair, manufacture, market or deal in machineries, plants, spare, cylinders, containers, gadgets, appliances and accessories required for, working on, using or producing any of such gases and products.
10. To carry on the business of taking/giving on hire and rent all classes and kind of plants and machineries, lands and buildings and other properties.
11. To receive moneys, securities and valuable of all kinds on deposit at interest or for custody and generally to carry on the business of a safe deposit company.
12. To carry on the business of a finance company and to finance industrial enterprises and to promote companies engaged in industrial, manufacturing and trading business whether in India or out of India and subject to the provisions of law, receive and give short term/long term loans with and/or without security and interest.
13. To carry on business as assessors, appraisers, surveyors, actuaries valuers in respect of all classes of properties both real and personal.
14. To carry on business as laboratory proprietors, breeders, importers and exporters of and dealers in live or dead plants and animals, to act as analytical and consulting chemists and research work of any kind.

15. To carry on the business of travel agency and to act as tourist agents and contractors and to facilitate travellings and to provide for tourists and travellers such as buying, hiring, leasing buses, taxies, ships, aircrafts, hotels, rooms, motels, out houses, cafeterias or promote the provision of conveniences of tourists.
16. Subject to law to carry on the business of goldsmiths, silversmiths, jewellers, gem merchants, dressing bag and material makers, hirers, dealers, stockists, agents, importers and exporters of bullion, diamond, pearls and other precious stones, jewels, gold, silver, platinum and other precious or semi-precious metals, ornaments, jewellery, articles of value made partly or fully of abovementioned materials, stones or metals as the Company may consider capable of being conveniently dealt with in relation to the said business and to establish factories, show-rooms, strong rooms and agencies for the above business.
17. To act as brokers, dealers and to carry on the business of share broking, money broking, exchange broking and bill broking, bills purchasing, bill discounting and to advise on portfolio management, investment of money, sale of properties and to act as Registrars and Managers to the Issue.
18. To establish, maintain and operate shipping, air transport and road transport services and all ancillary services and for these purposes as or an independent undertaking to purchase, take in exchange, charter, hire, build construct or otherwise acquire and to own, work, manage and trade with steam, sailing, motor and other ships, trawlers, drifters, tugs and vessels, aircraft and motor and other vehicles with all necessary and convenient equipments, engines, tackle, gears, furnitures and stores and to maintain, repair, fit out, refit, improve, insure, alter, sell, exchange or let out on hire or hire-purchase or charter or otherwise deal with and dispose off any of the ships, vessels, aircrafts and vehicles or any of the engines, tackles, gears, furnitures, equipments and stores.
19. To carry on the business of warehousing in all its aspects in India and elsewhere.
20. To carry on business as manufacturers, dealers, importers, exporters, stockists or distributors of razors, safety razors, blades and shaving sets.
21. To carry on the business as producers, makers, dealers, analysts, investigators and consultants in public health and environmental engineering, water sewage and effluent treatment, water, air and land pollution control, industrial engineering and for the purpose to carry on civil, structural, mechanical, chemical, electrical, metallurgical, hydraulic, ecological or any other branches of engineering and science and to develop and/or provide technical or industrial know-how, formulae, processes and applied technology and to act as engineers, architects, planners, designers, technical advisers, analysts, investigators, consultants, contractors and to undertake and execute any contract in connection with the objects and to buy, sell, import, export, build, process, manufacture, fabricate, alter, repair, convert, let on hire and deal in all or any of them.
22. To manufacture, welding products including welding torches, metal spray powers, fluxes and soldering, filling, brazing and joining metals and alloys, welding heads

and accessories, job manipulators, tube to tube sheet weldings, orbital welders, girth welders, custom-designed equipment and engineering systems, welding and metal fabrication equipment systems, to suit cross country pipe line construction and laying, hard, facing, surfacing equipment and products and systems used for reclamation and recycling of machinery parts in coal, mining and crushing industry, mining completes, power plants, cement mills, sugar industry, transportation industries, chemical and fertilizers plants, defence workshops, earth moving equipment and other industries.

23. To act as trustees of any deeds constituting or securing any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities or obligations and to undertake and execute any other trusts and also to undertake the office of or exercise the powers of executor, administrator, receiver, custodian and trust corporation.
24. To carry on the business as manufacturers, manufacturers' representatives, dealers, retailers, whole-salers, packers, repackers, factors, agents, consignors, consignees, shippers, distributors, stockists, buyers, sellers and indenters of all classes, kinds, types, sizes, nature and descriptions of safety equipments, made of whatever metal and/or substances by any devices such as mechanical, engineering, electrical and electronic to safe guard, protect, preserve and maintain all sorts of assets, valuables monies, money's worth, machines, mean and livestock.
25. To carry on the business of electricians, electrical engineers and manufacturers of all kinds of electrical machineries and electrical apparatus for any purpose whatsoever and to manufacture, sell, supply, lay down, establish, fix, carry out and deal in accumulators, lamps, meters, cables, wires, lines, pots, engines, dynamos, of any kind and accessories thereof and manufacturers of and dealers in scientific instruments of any kind.
26. To carry on the business as manufacturers, moulders, producers, extruders, weavers, refiners, fabricators, assemblers, suppliers, processors, stitchers, laminators, sealers, stockists and dealers in all classes, kinds, type and nature of :
 - (i) Plastic materials, plastic articles including but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, polymer sun films, polymer production line, LDPE-HDPE-HM, HD-PPE-multilayer, monolayer plastic films.
 - (ii) Packing materials and packages made of whatever materials/substances and compounds including paper, jute, cotton, rubber, plastic, glass, board and wood.
 - (iii) Intermediates, derivatives, bye-products and substitutes of all or any of them.
27. To carry on any where in the world, the business of hotel in all its aspects, lodging and boarding and to run, manage, acquire, control, own, purchase, hire the same including restaurant, cafe, tavern, beerhouse, refreshment-room, lodging-house keepers, licensed victuallers, subject to law, wine, beer and spirit merchants, importers and dealers of aerated, mineral and artificial waters and other drinks, purveyors, caterers for public amusements, ice merchants, importers and workers of food, live and dead stock and colonial and foreign produces of all descriptions.

hair dressers, perfumers, proprietors of clubs, baths, dressing rooms, laundries, reading, writing and newspaper rooms, libraries, grounds and places of amusement, recreation, sports, dances and entertainments of all kinds and cigar merchants, agents for railway, shipping and airplane companies, carriers, theatrical and opera box office proprietors, entrepreneurs and general agents of things which can be conveniently carried on in connection therewith.

28. To carry on the business of advertising contractors and agents, to acquire and dispose off advertising time, space or opportunities in any media, to undertake advertising and promotional campaigns of every nature, to acquire and provide promotional requisites.
29. To carry on the business of printers, stationers, lithographers, type founders, stereotypes, photographic printers, photo-lithographers, chrome-lithographers, engravers, die-sinkers, book-binders, designers, draughtsman and ink manufacturers, book-sellers, publishers, engineers and dealers in or manufacturers of above articles or things or any of them or concerned therewith.
30. To carry on the business of management consultants and for that purpose to take part in the formation, management, supervision or control of the business or operations of any company or undertaking and to act as administrators, receivers and to appoint and remunerate any Directors, administrators, managers or accountants or other experts or agents.
31. To carry on the business of water-proffers of all kinds.
32. To carry on the business of manufacturers and suppliers of all classes, kinds, types, nature and descriptions of engineering goods including but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, D. C. variable, speed drive controllers, A. C. D. C. current couplings, meters, counters made of whatever metals and substances.
33. To carry on the business as engineers in all of its aspects and to carry on any or all of the activities such as designing, drawings, manufacturing, machining, stamping, testing, heat treatment, patterns making, hardening, assembling, coating, grinding, punching, moulding, galvanizing, welding, finishing, painting and repairing and renovating any components, parts, spares, accessories, plants and machineries required by or used in any kind of industry and made of whatever metals and substances.
34. To carry on research and development work for industrial, agricultural and minerals, productivity and methods of productions, matters and problems relating to accountancy, business management, distribution, marketing and selling and to collect, analyses, examine, prepare, formulate, publish, distribute and circulate data, statistics, reports, journals, books, magazines, newspapers, literature and information relating to any type of business, trade, industry, sports, education, society, cinema or real estates and to promote or propose such methods, procedures and measures as may be considered desirable or beneficial for all or any of the objects of the Company and for extending, developing and/or improving any type of business, trade, estate, industry, commerce, organisation, methods, techniques, technical know-how,

patents, trade marks and procedures to consider and evaluate problems relating to administration, management, manufacture, production, storage, distribution, finance, marketing and sale and/or relating to the rendering of any service.

35. To manufacture, produce, install, commission, operate, prepare, pay, import, buy, sell, supply, distribute or otherwise deal in all energy production and conversion activities in all its forms inclusive of but not restricted to various renewable sources like solar energy, wind energy, all forms of biomass, geothermal energy, hydel energy, tidal and wave energy as also effective and efficient utilisation of conventional energy forms like coal, oil, gas, electricity and all equipments that may be associated with such energy related activities.
36. To refine, treat and render merchantable and fit for use, natural deposit of salt, brine, natron, soda, kieselguhr nitrates and derivatives.
37. To provide a leasing advisory/counselling services to other entities and/or from the leasing arm of other entities.
38. To investigate, search, survey, prospect, explore, extract, drill, dig, raise, pump, produce, refine, purify, separate, treat, process, blend, store, transport, distribute, market, sell, pack and otherwise deal in mineral oils, whether on shore or off-shore and their derivatives, by-products, mixtures in gaseous, liquid or solid forms and to fabricate, purchase, construct, take on lease/rent, erect, maintain machineries, plants, equipments, carriages, structures, platform towers, (jackets) piles, decks, module frames and ancillary parts of complete off-shore and on-shore installations and pipe lines related to the above activities, to take on lease, purchase or otherwise acquire lands and other places, including off-shore areas which seem capable of affording a supply of natural gas and mineral oils for conducting above activities.
39. To carry on the business of an Investment Company and to invest in and acquire and hold and otherwise deal in shares, stocks, debentures, debenture-stocks, bonds, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any company or private Industrial Enterprises or Government and in diamonds, jewellery, pearls, silver, gold, ornaments, akiks, paintings and antiques subject to provisions of law applicable.
40. To carry on business as producers, distributors, importers, exporters, exhibitors and financiers of cinematograph films and to manufacture, own, acquire, provide, secure, arrange or deal in films and photographic, sound recording, lighting, appliances, instruments, equipments and machines and to construct, establish, own, hire or otherwise acquire and to manage, let out for rent, fee, monetary gain or otherwise studios, laboratories, theatres, buildings, halls, open air theatres and other buildings or work required for the purpose of production, distribution or exhibition of the films, operas, stage plays, dances, operettas, burlesques, vaudeville, revues, ballets, pantomimes, spectacular pieces, promenade concerts, circus or other performances and entertainments and to act as dealers, importers, exporters of entertainment instruments and records, cinema and film projectors and cameras, wigs or materials related or connected with the aforesaid objects and businesses and to acquire exclusive or limited rights to any play, story, script, musical song and lyric, book article or any technique by producing, purchasing or otherwise acquiring and to use, exercise, develop or exploit or turn to account such right for the business of

the Company and to act as agents for training, retaining, arranging and supplying artists, stars, art directors, script or story writers, technicians, extras and other personnel required by the Company or others for film, cinema or show business.

41. To carry on the business in India and elsewhere as manufacturers, producers, buyers, sellers, dealers, traders, suppliers, exporters, importers, factors, agents, consignors, consignees, distributors, advertisers, marketing agents, stockists, suppliers of any brand and of all classes, kinds and types of galies, detergent, cakes, toilet soaps, laundry soaps, marine soaps, industrial soaps, detergent powder, detergent liquid, cleaning powder, washing powder, n'eel, whitener, slurry benzene, washing materials, toilets' requisites and preparation.
42. To carry on the business as manufacturers, suppliers, stockists, manufacturers representatives, traders, dealers, importers, exporters, factors and agents of all classes and kinds of medicinal apparatuses, instruments, appliances injections and tools required by physicians, surgeons, doctors, consultants, dentists and orthopedicians in their respective professions.
43. To carry on business as fabricators, founders and fitters of all types and kinds, nature and description of substances and metals, ferrous and non-ferrous, such as mild steel, stainless steel, brass, copper, alluminium, bronze, gun metal and combination and substitution of one or more of above, for whatsoever purposes, whether industrial, commercial and domestic with or without machining thereof.
44. To carry on the business as manufacturers, processors, importers, exporters, dealers, sellers, buyers, consignors, consignees, agents, stockists, suppliers of all classes, kinds, types and nature of chemicals, dyes, pigments and auxiliaries, intermediates including but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, heavy chemicals, fine chemicals, organic and inorganic chemicals, pharmaceutical, drug and medicinal chemicals, gum, allied chemicals and boiling agents for textiles, paints, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, paper, processing, leather, metals, food pigments and other industries made from whatever substances including minerals.
45. To work mines or quarries and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture or otherwise deal with chalk, clay, ores and generally to carry on the business of mining of all branches.
46. To carry on the business of manufacturers, dealers, traders, exporters, importers, consignors, consignees, agents, factors, brokers, whole-salers, retailers of all kinds, types, sizes of wood and plywood with and/or without lamination of any type and kind thereon including other types of wood such as teak wood, flush door, plywood, figure wood, fibrous boards, duplex boards, triplex boards, colour boards, block boards, laminated boards, press boards, masonite boards, pulp boards, paste boards, glazed boards, life boards, gypartition boards, packing wood and articles/products, furnitures made thereform whether for industrial, commercial and domestic purposes/ uses.
47. To carry on all kinds of agency business and as buying and selling agents of all articles, things, commodities and products.

48. To carry on the business as consultant in marketing and survey for whatsoever materials and projects for whomsoever.
49. To carry on the business of giving/taking all classes and kinds of guarantees, counter guarantees and indemnities.
50. To carry on the business of manufacturers, producers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, stockists, suppliers, wholesalers, retailers, jobbers, contractors, repairers, cleaners, stores and warehousemen, hirers and lessors of all types of glass including glass equipments, laboratory glass equipments, pipelines glass components like plain sections, spacers, reducers, bends, Y pieces, T pieces, joints, glass component valves, glass tubes, glass valves, like reactors, reboilers, receivers, separators, measuring and feed vessels, glass made stirrers, agitators, specially designed glass heat exchangers, columns, plain or coloured sight glasses, glass machines and plants and machinery and domestic wares made of glass and spares, components and accessories thereof.
51. To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in and import, export, of all kinds and classes of paper, board and pulp including writing paper, printing paper, absorbent paper, newsprint paper, wrapping paper, tissue paper, cover paper, blotting paper, filter paper, antique paper, ivory-finish paper, coated paper, art paper, bank or bond paper, badami, brown or buff paper, bible paper, cartridge paper, cloth-lined paper, azure-laid and wove paper, cream-laid and wove paper, grease-proof paper, gummed-proof paper, carbon paper, sensitised paper, chemically treated paper, envelope paper, tracing paper, vellum paper, water-paper, litmus manila paper, envelope paper, tracing paper, vellum paper, water-paper, litmus paper, photographic paper, glass paper, emery paper, card board, straw board, leather board, mill board, corrugated board, post-cards, visiting cards, soda pulp, mechanical pulp, sulphite pulp, semi-chemical pulp.
52. To manufacture, export, import, buy, sell and deal in voltaic battery cells, power pack or storage batteries and battery containers and battery eliminators of different types required for or used in domestic, household, industrial, commercial, agricultural, mining, hospital, surgical or scientific appliances, machineries, apparatuses or accessories and railways, tramways, automobile and other vehicles, air crafts, boats, ships, defence establishments, army, navy and air force and also to carry on business as manufacturers of and dealers in torches, toys, personal aids and other appliances working on such batteries and such items and goods which may be useful, akin or otherwise connected with any one or more of the aforesaid items or products.
- IV. The liability of the members is limited.
- *V. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 350,00,00,000 (Rupees Three Hundred Fifty Crore only) divided into 35,00,00,000 (Thirty Five Crore) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten only) each.

*(Pursuant to Ordinary Resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company held on 10th January, 2008.)

We the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:-

Sr. No.	Name, Addresses, Descriptions, Occupation and Signatures of Subscribers	Number of Equity Shares taken by each Subscriber	Name/s and Signature/s of the Witness/es and their Address/es, Description/s, Occupation/s
1.	Anjan Raja S/o. Harshad Raja 19, Nilparna Society, Paldi, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	<p>Common witness to all Sd/- DEVANG DOCTOR S/o. Anilkumar Doctor 601, Sanjay Apartments, V.S. Marg, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad - 380 006. Occ. : Chartered Accountant</p>
2.	Vipul Raja S/o. Harshad Raja 19, Nilparna Society, Paldi, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
3.	Minal Raja W/o. Anjan Raja 19, Nilparna Society, Paldi, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
4.	Sonal Raja W/o. Vipul Raja 19, Nilparna Society, Paldi, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
5.	Bhavin Mashruwala S/o. Devendra Mashruwala Ashwamegh Bunglow No. 2, Satellite Road, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
6.	Gunvant Shah S/o. Bababhai Shah 78, Lavanya Society, Vikasgruh Road, Paldi, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
7.	Purnima Mashruwala W/o. Devendra Mashruwala Ashwamegh Bunglow No. 2, Satellite Road, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
		70 (Seventy)	

Place : Ahmedabad.

Dated this 31st day of March, 1992.

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THE SPECIAL RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE MEMBERS OF ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED AT THEIR ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING HELD ON 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1995 AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY SITUATED AT 402, CHINNUBHAI CENTRE, ASHRAM ROAD, AHMEDABAD-380 009.

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provision of Section 149(2A) and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, if any and Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, consent of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the commencement of the business by the company as described in clause III (C) 2, 7, 18, 35 and 45 of the Memorandum of Association of the company which is as under :"

- (2) "To undertake and/or direct all types of construction and the maintenance of or/ and acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise, lands, properties, buildings and estates of any tenure or any interest therein, to sell, lease, let, mortgage or otherwise dispose off the same and to purchase, construct and sell for self or for any person freehold or leasehold lands, properties or any share/interest therein and to carry on the business of land and estate agents on commission or otherwise without commission".
- (7) "To carry on business as producers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, manufacturers, stockists, agents and brokers of coal, coke, charcoal, petroleum-coke, copper, iron, ore, kyanite, fire clay, china-clay, salt, sodium chlorides, calcium phosphate, nickel, beryllium, uranium, zinc, lead, asbestos, tin, alumina, mercury, silicon, sulphur, graphite, brass, aluminium, silica and bentonite, quartz, dextrine, magnesite, dolomite, ferro-alloys, corundum manganese, mica, gypsum, garnet, emerald and other minerals".
- (18) "To establish, maintain and operate shipping, air transport and road transport services and all ancillary services and for these purposes as or an independent undertaking to purchase, take in exchange, charter, hire, build construct or otherwise acquire and to own, work, manage and trade with steam, sailing, motor and other ships, trawlers, drifters, tugs and vessels, aircraft and motor and other vehicles with all necessary and convenient equipments, engines, tackle, gears, furnitures and stores and to maintain, repair, fit out, refit, improve, insure, alter, sell, exchange or let out on hire or hire purchase or charter or otherwise deal with and dispose off any of the ships, vessels, aircrafts and vehicles or any of the engines, tackles, gears, furnitures, equipments and stores".
- (35) "To manufacture, produce, install, commission, operate, prepare, pay, import, buy, sell, supply, distribute or otherwise deal in all energy production and conversion activities in all its forms inclusive of but not restricted to various renewable sources like solar energy, wind energy, all forms of biomass, geothermal energy, hydel energy, tidal and wave energy as also effective and efficient utilisation of conventional energy forms like coal, oil, gas, electricity and all equipments that may be associated with such energy related activities".
- (45) "To work mines or quarries and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture or otherwise deal with chalk, clay, ores and generally to carry on the business of mining of all branches".

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and are hereby authorised to take necessary steps to give effect to this resolution".

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

Table "A" not to apply but Company to be governed by these Articles

1. The regulations contained in Table "A" in First Schedule of the Companies Act, 1956, shall not apply to this Company, but the regulations for the Management of the Company and for the observance of the members thereof and their representatives shall be subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company with reference to the repeal or alteration of or addition to its regulations by Special Resolution, as prescribed by the Companies Act, 1956, be such as are contained in these Articles.

INTERPRETATION

Interpretation Clause

2. In the interpretation of these Articles, the following expressions shall have the following meanings unless repugnant to the subject or context :

The Act

- (a) "The Act" means the Companies Act, 1956 and includes any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

These Articles

- (b) "These Articles" means Articles of Association for the time being or as altered from time to time by Special Resolution.

Auditors

- (c) "Auditors" means and includes those persons appointed as such for the time being of the Company.

Board or Board of Directors

- (d) "Board" or "Board of Directors" means the Board of Directors of the Company or the Directors of the Company collectively.

Capital

- (e) "Capital" means the share capital for the time being raised or authorised to be raised for the purpose of the Company.

Chairman

- (f) "The Chairman" means the Chairman of the Board of Directors for the time being of the Company.

Charge

- (g) "Charge" includes a mortgage.

The Company or this Company

(h) "The Company" or "This Company" means the Company above named.

Debenture

(i) "Debenture" includes debenture-stock, bonds and any other securities of the Company, whether constituting a charge on the assets of the Company or not.

Directors

(j) "Directors" means the Board of Directors for the time being of the Company or as the case may be, the Directors assembled at a Board or acting under a Circular Resolution under these Articles.

Dividend

(k) "Dividend" includes bonus.

Executor or Administrator

(l) "Executor" or "Administrator" means a person who has obtained Probate or Letter of Administration, as the case may be from a Court of Competent jurisdiction and shall include holder of a Succession Certificate authorising the holder thereof to negotiate or transfer the share or shares of the deceased member and shall also include the holder of a Certificate granted by the Administrator General under Section 31 of the Administrator Generals Act, 1963.

Gender

(m) Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender and vice versa.

In writing and written

(n) "In Writing" and "Written" includes printing, lithography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Legal Representative

(o) "Legal Representative" means a person who in Law represents the estate of a deceased Member.

Sub headings

(p) The sub-headings hereto shall not affect the construction hereof.

Members

(q) "Members" means the duly registered holders, from time to time, of the shares of the Company and includes the subscribers to the Memorandum of the Company.

Meeting or General Meeting

(r) "Meeting" or "General Meeting" means meeting of the Members.

Annual General Meeting

- (s) "Annual General Meeting" means a General Meeting of the members held in accordance with the provisions of Section 166 of the Act.

Extra-ordinary General Meeting

- (t) "Extra-ordinary General Meeting" means an Extra-ordinary General Meeting of the members duly called and constituted and any adjourned holding thereof.

Month

- (u) "Month" means a calendar month.

Office

- (v) "Office" means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.

Ordinary Resolution

- (w) "Ordinary Resolution" shall have the meaning assigned to it by Section 189 of the Act.

- (x) "Paid up" includes credited as paid up.

Persons

- (y) "Persons" includes corporation.

Proxy

- (z) "Proxy" means an instrument whereby any person is authorised to attend a meeting and vote for a member at the General Meeting or a poll.

The Register of Members

- (aa) "The Register of Members" means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to Section 150 of the Act.

The Registrar

- (ab) "The Registrar" means the Registrar of Companies of the State in which the Registered Office of the Company is for the time being situated.

The Company's Regulations

- (ac) "The Company's Regulations" means the regulations for the time being for the management of the Company.

Seal

- (ad) "Seal" means the Common Seal for the time being of the Company.

Secretary

- (ae) "Secretary" means a Company Secretary within the meaning of clause (c) of sub-section (1) of Section 2 of the Company Secretaries Act, 1980 and includes any other individual possessing the prescribed qualifications and

appointed to perform the duties which may be performed by a Secretary under the Act and any other ministerial or administrative duties.

Secretary in Whole-time Practice

- (af) "Secretary in Whole-time Practice" means a Secretary who shall be deemed to be in practice within the meaning of sub-section (2) of Section 2 of the Company Secretaries Act, 1980 and who is not in full time employment.

Shares

- (ag) "Shares" means share in the share capital of the Company and includes stock where a distinction between stocks and shares is expressed or implied.

Special Resolution

- (ah) "Special Resolution" shall have the meaning assigned to it by Section 189 of the Act.

The Statutes

- (ai) "The Statutes" means the Companies Act, 1956 and every other Act for the time being in force affecting the Company.

Year

- (aj) "Financial Year" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 2 (17) of the Act.

Singular number

- (ak) Words importing the singular number include where the context admits or requires the plural number and vice versa.

Expression in the Act to bear the same meaning in Articles

- (al) Save as aforesaid, any words and expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meanings as in the Act or any statutory modifications thereof for the time being in force.

CAPITAL

3. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be as per paragraph V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company with rights to alter the same in whatever way as deemed fit by the Company. The Company may increase the Authorised Capital which may consist of Equity and/or Preference Shares as the Company in General Meeting may determine in accordance with the law for the time being in force relating to Companies with power to increase or reduce such capital from time to time, in accordance with the Regulation of the Company and the legislative provisions for the time being in force in this behalf and with power to divide the shares in the Capital for the time being into Equity Share Capital or Preference Share Capital and to attach thereto respectively any preferential, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions and to vary, modify and abrogate the same in such manner as may be determined by or in accordance with these presents.

Increase of Capital by the Company at how carried into effect

4. The Company may in General Meeting, from time to time by ordinary resolution, increase its capital by creation of new shares which may be unclassified and may be classified at the time of issue in one or more classes and of such amount or amounts as may be deemed expedient. The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions with such rights and privileges annexed thereto as the resolution shall prescribe and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution of asset of the Company and with a right of voting at General Meeting of the Company in conformity with Sections 87 and 88 of Act. Whenever the Capital of the Company has been increased under the provisions of this Article, the Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 97 of the Act.

New Capital same as existing capital

5. Except in so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Articles, any capital raised by the creation of new shares, shall be considered as part of the existing capital and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payment of calls and installments, forfeiture, lien, surrender, transfer and transmission, voting and otherwise.

Redeemable Preference Shares

6. Subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Act, the Company shall have the power to issue preference shares which are or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed in accordance with Section 80A of the Act and the resolution authorising such issue shall prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of redemption.

Provisions to apply on issue of Redeemable Preference Shares

7. On the issue of redeemable preference shares under the provisions of Article 6 hereof, the following provisions shall take effect.
- (a) No such shares shall be redeemed except out of profits of the Company which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purposes of the redemption.
 - (b) No such shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid.
 - (c) The premium, if any, payable on redemption shall have been provided for out of the profits of the Company or out of the Company's Share Premium Account, before the shares are redeemed.
 - (d) Where any such shares are redeemed otherwise than out of the proceeds of a fresh issue, there shall, out of profits, which would otherwise have been available for dividend, be transferred to a reserve fund, to be called "the Capital Redemption Reserve Account" a sum equal to the nominal amount of the shares redeemed and the provisions of the Act, relating to the reduction of the share capital of the Company shall, except as provided in Section 80 of the Act, apply as if the Capital Redemption Reserve Account were paid-up share capital of the Company.

- (e) Subject to the provisions of Section 80 and 80A of the Act, the redemption of preference shares hereunder may be effected in accordance with the terms and conditions of their issue and in the absence of any specific terms and conditions in that behalf, in such manner as the Directors may think fit.

Reduction of Capital

8. The Company may (Subject to the provisions of Sections 78, 80 and 100 to 105, both inclusive and other applicable provisions, if any of Act) from time to time by special resolution reduce (a) the share capital (b) any capital redemption reserve account or (c) any share premium account in any manner for the time being, authorised by law and in particular capital may be paid off on the footing that it may be called up again or otherwise. This Article is not to derogate from any power Company would have, if it were omitted.

Consolidation division, sub-division and cancellation of Shares

9. Subject to the provisions of Section 94 of the Act, the Company in General Meeting may from time to time by an ordinary resolution after the conditions of its Memorandum as follows :
- (a) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of large amount than its existing shares.
 - (b) Sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than fixed by the Memorandum, so however, than in the sub-division the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on such reduce share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived.
 - (c) Cancel any shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its shares capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled. A cancellation of shares in pursuance of this sub-clause shall not be deemed to be reduction of share capital within the meaning of the Act.

Whenever the Company shall do any one or more of the things provided for in the foregoing sub-clauses (a), (b) and (c), the Company shall within thirty days thereafter give notice thereof to the Registrar as required by Section 95 of the Act, specifying, as the case may be, the shares consolidated, divided, sub-divided or cancelled.

Modification of rights

10. Whenever the capital, by reason of the issue of the preference shares or otherwise is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each class may, subject to the provisions of Sections 106 and 107 of the Act, be modified, commuted, affected, abrogated, dealt with or varied with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourth of the issued capital of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of shares of that class and all the provisions hereinafter contained as to general meeting shall mutatis mutandis apply to every such meeting. This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have if this Article

was omitted.

The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares (including preference shares if any) of any class issued with preferred or other rights or privileges shall unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of the issue of shares of that class, be deemed not to be modified, commuted, affected, abrogated dealt with or varied by the creation of issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

SHARES AND CERTIFICATES

Restriction on allotment and return of allotment

11. The Board of Directors shall observe the restrictions to allotment of shares to the public contained in Sections 69 and 70 of the Act and shall cause to be made the returns as to allotment provided for in Section 75 of the Act.

Further issue of shares

12. (1) Where at any time after the expiry of two years from the formation of the Company or at any time after the expiry of one year from the allotment of shares in the Company made for the first time after its formation, whichever is earlier, it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the Company by allotment of further shares whether out of unissued share capital or out of increased share capital then :
- (a) Such further shares shall be offered to the persons who at the date of the offer, are holders of the equity shares of the Company, in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the capital paid up on those shares at that date.
 - (b) Such offer shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than thirty days from the date of the offer and the offer if not accepted, will be deemed to have been defined.
 - (c) The offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to them in favour of any other person and the notice referred to in sub-clause (b) hereof shall contain a statement of this right. PROVIDED THAT the Directors may decline, without assigning any reason, to allot any shares to any person in whose favour any member may renounce the shares offered to him.
 - (d) After the expiry of the time specified in the aforesaid notice or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner and to such person(s) as they may think, in their sole discretion fit.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (1) thereof, the further shares aforesaid may be offered to any persons (whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) sub-clause (1) hereof) in any manner whatsoever.

- (a) If a special resolution to that effect is passed by the Company in General Meeting; or
 - (b) Where no such special resolution is passed, if the votes cast (whether on a show of hands or on a poll as the case may be) in favour of the proposal contained in the resolution moved in that general meeting (including the casting vote, if any, of the Chairman) by members who, being entitled so to do, vote in person or where proxies are allowed, by proxy, exceed the votes, if any, cast against the proposal by members, so entitled and voting and the Central Government is satisfied, on an application made by the Board of Directors in this behalf, that the proposal is most beneficial to the Company.
- (3) Nothing in sub-clause (c) of clause (1) hereof shall be deemed;
- (a) To extend the time within which the offer should be accepted; or
 - (b) To authorise any person to exercise the right of renunciation for a second time on the ground that the person in whose favour the renunciation was first made has declined to take the shares comprised in the renunciation.
- (4) Nothing in this Article shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of the Company caused by the exercise of an option attached to the debenture issued or loans raised by the Company :
- (i) To convert such debentures or loans into shares in the Company; or
 - (ii) To subscribe for shares in the Company (whether such option is conferred in these Articles or otherwise).

PROVIDED THAT the terms of issue of such debentures or the terms of such loans include a term providing for such option and such term :

- (a) Either has been approved by the Central Government before the issue of the debentures or the raising of the loans or is in conformity with the Rules, if any, made by that Government in this behalf; and
- (b) In the case of debentures or loans or other than debentures issued to or loans obtained from Government or any institution specified by the Central Government in this behalf, has also been approved by a special resolution passed by the Company in General Meeting before the issue of the debentures or the raising of the loans.

Shares under control of Directors

13. Subject to the provisions of these Articles and of the Act, the shares (including any shares forming part of any increased capital of the Company) shall be under the control of the Directors who may allot or otherwise dispose off the same to such person on such terms and conditions and at such time, as they think fit with full power, subject to the sanction of the Companion in General Meeting to give any person the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company either at a premium or at par or at a discount subject to the provisions of Sections 78 and 79 of the Act, at a premium or at par or at a discount and such option

being exercisable for such time and for such consideration as the Directors think fit.

Application of premium received on shares

14. (1) Where the Company issues shares at a premium whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount or value of the premium on these shares shall be transferred to an account, to be called "The Share Premium Account" and the provisions of the Act, relating to the reduction of the share capital of the Company shall, except as provided in this Article, apply as if the share premium account were paid up share capital of the Company.
- (2) The share premium account may, notwithstanding anything in clause (1) hereof be applied by the Company :
- (a) in paying up unissued shares of the Company, to be issued to the members of the Company, as fully paid bonus shares;
 - (b) in writing off the preliminary expenses of the Company;
 - (c) in writing off the expenses of or the commission paid or discount allowed on any issue of shares or debentures of the Company; or
 - (d) in providing for the premium payable on the redemption of any redeemable preference shares or of any debentures of the Company.

Power also to Company in General Meeting to issue shares

15. In addition to and without derogating from the powers for that purpose conferred on the Board under these Articles, the Company in General Meeting may, subject to the provisions of Section 81 of the Act, by Special Resolution other than Bonus Share Issue, determine that any shares (whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the Company) shall be offered to any person (whether a Member or not) in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either (subject to compliance with the provisions of Sections 78 and 79 of the Act) at a premium or at part or at a discount, as such General Meeting shall determine and with full powers to give any person (whether a Member or not) the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company either (subject to compliance with the provisions of Sections 78 and 79 of the Act) at a premium or at part or at a discount, such option being exercisable at such times and for such considerations as may be directed by such General Meeting of the Company and General Meeting may make any other provisions whatsoever for the issue, allotment or disposal of any shares.

Shares at a discount

16. The Company may issue at a discount shares in the Company of a class already issued, if the following conditions are fulfilled namely :
- (1) The issue of the shares at a discount is authorised by a resolution passed by the Company in General Meeting and sanctioned by the Company Law Board.

- (2) The resolution specifies the maximum rate of discount (not exceeding ten percent or such higher percentage as the Company Law Board may permit in any special case) at which the shares are to be issued; and
- (3) The shares to be issued at a discount are issued within two months after the date in which the issue is sanctioned by the Company Law Board or within such extended time as the Company Law Board may allow.

Instalment of shares to be duly paid

17. If by the conditions of any allotment of any shares the whole or any part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being and from time to time shall be the registered holder of the shares or his legal representatives and shall for the purposes of these Articles, be deemed to be payable on the date fixed for payment and in the case of non-payment the provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses of forfeiture and like and all the other relevant provisions of these Articles shall apply as if such instalments were a call duly made and notified as hereby provided.

The Board may issue shares as fully paid-up

18. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board may allot and issue shares in the Capital of the Company as payment of any property sold or transferred or for services rendered to the Company in the conduct of its business or in t satisfaction of any shares, which may be so issued shall be deemed to be fully paid-up or partly paid-up shares.

Acceptance of shares

19. Any application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company followed by an allotment of any share therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is therefore placed on the register shall, for the purpose of this Article, be a member.

Deposit and Call to be a debt payable

20. The money, if any, which the Board of Directors shall on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise, in respect of any shares allotted by them shall immediately on the inscription of the name of the allottee in the register of members as the name of the holder of such shares, become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof and shall be paid by him accordingly.

Liability of members

21. Every member or his heirs, executors or administrators to the extent of his assets which come to their hands shall be liable to pay of the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share or shares which may, for the time being remain unpaid thereon in such amounts at such time or times and in such manner as the Board of Directors shall from time to time, in accordance with the Company's requisitins, require or fix for the payment thereof.

Share Certificate

22. (a) Every member or allottee of shares shall be entitled, without payment to receive one certificate for all the shares of the same class registered in his name. Every share certificate shall specify the name of the person in whose favour it is issued, the share certificate number and the distinctive number(s) of the shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon. Such certificate shall be issued only in pursuance of a resolution passed by the Board and on surrender to the Company of its letter of allotment or its fractional coupons of requisite value, save in cases of issue against letters of acceptance or of renunciation or in cases of issue of bonus shares of acceptance or of renunciation or in cases of issue of bonus shares PROVIDED THAT if the letter of allotment is lost or destroyed, the Board may impose such reasonable terms, if any, as it thinks fit, as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out of pocket expenses incurred by the Company in investigating the evidence. If any member shall require additional certificates he shall pay for each additional certificate (not being in the marketable lot) such sum not exceeding One Rupee as the Directors shall determine. The Certificates of title to shall be issued under the seal of the Company and shall be signed in conformity with the provisions of the Companies (issue of Share Certificates) Rules, 1960 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force. Printing of blank forms to be used for issue of share certificates and maintenance of books and documents relating to issue of Share Certificate shall be in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid rules. Such certificates of title to shares shall be completed and kept ready for delivery within three months after the allotment and within one month after the application for the registration of the transfer of any such shares unless the conditions of issue of shares provide otherwise.
- (b) Any two or more joint allottees or holders of shares shall, for the purpose of this Article, be treated as a single member and the certificate of any share which may be the subject of joint ownership, may be delivered to any one of such joint owners on behalf of all of them.

Renewal of Shares Certificate

23. No Certificate of any share or shares shall be issued either in exchange for those which are sub-divided or consolidated or in replacement of those which are defaced, torn or old, disrupt, worn out or where the pages on the reverse for recording transfer have been duly utilised unless the certificate in lieu of which it is issued is surrendered to the Company.

Every Certificate under this Article shall be issued without payment of fees if the Directors so decide or on payment of such fees (not exceeding Rs. 2/- for each certificate) as the Directors shall prescribe.

New certificates to be granted on delivery of the old certificates

24. New certificates shall not be granted under the provisions of the foregoing Article except upon delivery of the worn out or defected or used up certificate for the

purpose of cancellation and upon proof of destruction or loss and upon such terms, if any, as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out of pocket expenses incurred by the Company in investigating evidence as the Board of Directors may think fit in the case of any certificate having been destroyed, lost or defaced beyond identification.

The first named of joint holders deemed sole holder

25. If any share stands in the name of two or more persons, the person first named in the Register shall, as regards receipt of dividends or bonus or service of notice and all or any other matter connected with the Company except voting at meeting and the transfer of the shares, be deemed the sole holder thereof but the joint holders of a share shall severally as well as jointly be liable for the payment of all incidents thereof according to the Company's regulations.

Company not bound to recognise any interest in share other than of registered holder

26. Except as ordered by a Court of Competent jurisdiction or as by law required, the Company shall not be bound to recognise, even when having notice thereof, any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or (except only as is by these Articles otherwise expressly provided) any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right thereto, in accordance with these Articles, in the person from time to time registered as holder thereof but the Board shall be at liberty at their sole discretion to register any share in the joint names of any two or more persons (but not exceeding 4 persons) or the survivor or survivors of them.

Trust not recognised

- (a) Save as herein otherwise provided, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears on the Register of members as the holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not (except as ordered by a Court of Competent jurisdiction or as by law required) be bound to recognise any benami, trust or equity or equitable, contingent, future or partial or other claim or claims or right to or interest in such share in the part of any other person whether or not it shall have express or limited notice thereof. The provisions of Section 153 of the Act, shall apply.
- (b) Shares may be registered in the name of an incorporated Company or other body corporate but not in the name of a minor (except in case where they are fully paid) or in the name of a person of unsound mind or in the name of any firm or partnership.

Funds of Company not to be applied in purchase of shares of the Company

27. No funds of the Company shall, except as provided by Section 77 of the Act, be employed in the purchase of its own shares, unless the consequent reduction of capital is effected and sanction in pursuance of Section 78, 80 and 100 to 105 of the Act and these Articles or in giving either directly or indirectly and whether by means of loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase or subscription made or to be made by any person of or for any share in the Company in its holding Company.

UNDERWRITING AND BROKERAGE

Commission may be paid

28. Subject to the provisions of Section 76 of the Act, the Company may at any time pay commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in or debentures of the Company, but so that the commission shall not exceed in the case of shares five percent of the price at which the shares are issued and in the case of debentures two and half percent of the price at which the debentures are issued. Such commission may be satisfied by payment of cash or by allotment of fully or partly paid shares or debentures as the case may be or partly in one way and partly in the other.

Brokerage

29. The Company may on any issue or debentures or on deposits pay such brokerage as may be reasonable and lawful.

Commission to be included in the Annual Return

30. Where the Company has paid any sum by way of commission in respect of any shares or debentures or allowed any sums by way of discount in respect of any shares or debentures such statement thereof shall be made in the Annual Return as required by part I of Schedule V to the Act.

INTEREST OUT OF CAPITAL

Interest out of Capital

31. Where any shares are issued for the purposes of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any works or buildings or the provisions of any plant, which cannot be made profitable for lengthy period, the Company may pay interest on so much of that share capital as is for the time being paid up, for the period, at the rate and subject to the conditions and restrictions provided by Section 208 of the Act and may charge the same to capital as part of the cost of construction of the work or building or the provision of the plant.

DEBENTURES

Debentures with voting rights not be issued

32. (a) The Company shall not issue any debentures carrying voting rights at any meeting of the Company whether generally or in respect of particular classes of business, Debenture-stock, bonds or other securities with the right to allotment of or conversion into share shall not be issued except with the sanction of the Company in general meeting.
- (b) The Company, shall have power to reissue redeemed debentures in certain cases in accordance with Section 121 of the Act.
- (c) Payments of certain debts out of assets subject to floating charge in priority to claims under the charge may be made in accordance with the provisions of section 123 of the Act.

- (d) Certain charges (whether expression includes mortgages) mentioned in Section 125 of the Act, shall be void against the Liquidator or Creditors unless registered as provided in Section 125 of the Act.
- (e) A contract with the Company to take up and pay any debentures of the Company may be endorsed by a decree for specific performance.
- (f) Unless the conditions of issue thereof otherwise provide, the Company shall (Subject to the provisions of Section 113 of the Act) within three months after the allotment of its debentures or debenture-stock and within one month after the application for the registration of the transfer of any such debentures or debentures-stock have completed and delivered the certificate of all debenture-stock allotted or transferred.
- (g) The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 118 of the Act, as regards supply of copies of Debenture Trust Deed and inspection thereof.
- (h) The Company shall comply with the provisions of Sections 124 to 145 (inclusive) of the Act as regards registration of charges.

CALLS

Directors may make call

33. Subject to the provisions of Section 91 of the Act the Board of Directors may, from time to time by a Resolution passed at a meeting of a Board (and not by a circular resolution), make such calls as it thinks fit upon the members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium, held by them respectively and not by conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed time and each member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person or persons and at the times and places appointed by the Board of Directors. A call may be made payable by installments. A call may be postponed or revoked as the Board may determine.

Notice of calls

34. Not less than thirty days notice in writing of any call shall be given by the Company specifying the time and place of payment and the person or persons to whom such call shall be paid.

When call deemed to have been made

35. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorising such call was passed at a meeting of the Board of Directors and may be made payable by the members on such date or at the discretion of the Directors on such subsequent date as shall be fixed by the Board of Directors.

Directors may extend time

36. The Board of Directors may from time to time as its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call and may extend such time to call on any of members the Board of Directors may deem fairly entitled to such extension, but no member shall be entitled to such extension as of right except as a matter of grace and favour.

Amount payable at fixed time or by installments to be treated as calls

37. If by the terms of issue of any share or otherwise any amount is made payable at any fixed time or by installments as fixed time (whether on account of the amount of the share or by way of premium) every such amount or installment shall be payable as if it were a call duly made by the Directors and of which due notice has been given and all the provisions herein contained in respect of calls shall apply to such amount or instalment accordingly.

When interest on call or instalment payable

38. If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment be not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being or allottee of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made or the instalment shall be due, shall pay interest on the same at such rate not exceeding eighteen percent per annum as Directors shall fix from the day appointed for the payment thereof upto the time of actual payment but the Directors may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.

Evidence in actions by Company against shareholders

39. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any member or his legal representatives for the recovery of any moneys claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the members in respect of whose shares the money is sought to be recovered and entered on the register of member as the holder or as one of the holders at or subsequent to the date at which the money sought to be recovered is alleged to have become due on the shares in respect of which the money is sought to be recovered that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book and the notice of such call was duly given to the member or his legal representatives used in pursuance of these Articles and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of Directors who made such call, not that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made not that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted nor any other matter whatsoever but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

Payment in anticipation of calls may carry interest

40. The Board of Directors may, if it thinks fit, agree to and receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the amount due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called for and upon the moneys so paid up in advance or so much thereof, from time to time and at any time thereafter as exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon and in respect of its shares on account of which such advances are made, the Board of Directors may pay or allow interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the Company in General Meeting shall otherwise direct, fifteen percent per annum as the member paying the sum in advance and the Board of Directors agree upon. The Board of Directors may agree to repay at any time any amount so advance or may at any time repay the same upon giving to such members three months notice in writing. Money so paid in advance of the amount of calls shall not confer a right to participate in profit or dividend. No member paying any such sum in advance shall be entitled to voting

rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment become presently payable.

Company to have lien on shares

41. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all shares (other than fully paid up shares registered in the name of each member whether solely or jointly with other) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof, for all moneys (whether presently payable or not), called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares and no equitable interests in any share shall be created except upon the footing and condition that this Article is to have full legal effect. Any such lien shall extend to all dividends from time to time declared in respect of shares, PROVIDED THAT the Board of Directors may, at any time, declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provision of this Article.

As to enforcing lien by sale

42. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has lien for the purpose of enforcing the same PROVIDED THAT no sale shall be made :
- (a) Unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable or
 - (b) Until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.
 - (c) The purchaser shall not be bound to see the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

Application of proceeds of sale

43. (a) The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards satisfaction of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable; and
- (b) The residue, if any, after adjusting costs and expenses, if any, incurred shall be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable existed on the shares before the sale.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

If money payable on shares not paid notice to be given

44. If any member fails to pay the whole or any part of any call or any instalment of a call on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same or any such extension thereof, the Board of Directors may, at any time thereafter, during such time as the call for instalment remains unpaid, give notice to him requiring him to pay the same together with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

Sum payable on allotment to be deemed a call

45. For the purposes of the provisions of these presents relating to forfeiture of shares the sum payable upon allotment in respect of a share shall be deemed to be a call payable upon such share on the day of allotment.

Form of Notice

46. The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the day of the notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or instalment and such interest thereon at such rate not exceeding eighteen percent per annum as the Directors may determine and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of the non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

In default of payment shares to be forfeited

47. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter before payment of all calls or installments, interests and expenses due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board of Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture.

Notice of forfeiture to a member

48. When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members, but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make any such entry as aforesaid.

Forfeited share to be the property of the Company and may be sold

49. Any share so forfeited, shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed off, either to the original holder or to any other person, upon such terms and in such manner as the Board of Directors shall think fit.

Member still liable to pay money owing at the time of forfeiture and interest

50. Any member whose shares have been forfeited shall notwithstanding the forfeiture be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company on demand all calls, installments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture together with interest thereon from the time of the forfeiture until payment, at such rate not exceeding eighteen percent per annum as the Board of Directors may determine and the Board of Directors may enforce the payment of such moneys or any part thereof, if it thinks fit, but shall not be under any obligation to do so.

Effect of forfeiture

51. The forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction at the time of the forfeiture of all interest in and all claims and demand against the Company in respect of the

share and all other rights incidental to the share, except only such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved.

Power to annual forfeiture

52. The Board of Directors may at any time before any share so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed off, annual the forfeiture thereof upon such conditions as it thinks fit.

Declaration of forfeiture

53. (a) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director, the Managing Director or the Manager or the Secretary of the Company and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited in accordance with these Articles, on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share.
- (b) The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or other disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed off.
- (c) The person to whom such share is sold, re-allotted or disposed off shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share.
- (d) Any such purchaser or allottee shall not (unless by express agreement) be liable to pay any calls, amounts, installments, interest and expenses owing to the Company prior to such purchase or allotment not shall be entitled (unless by express agreement) to any of the dividends, interests or bonuses accrued or which might have accrued upon the share before the time of completing such purchase or before such allotment.
- (e) Such purchaser or allottee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by the irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or other disposal of the shares.

Provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture to apply in case of non-payment of any sum

54. The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of a share or by way or premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Cancellation of share certificate in respect of forfeited shares

55. Upon sale, re-allotment or other disposal, under the provisions of these Articles, the certificate or certificates originally issued in respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company have been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and of on effect and the Directors shall be entitled to issue a new certificate or certificates in respect of the said shares to the person or persons entitled thereto.

Surrender of Shares

56. The Directors may, subject to the provisions of the Act, accept a surrender of any share from any member desirous of surrendering on such terms and conditions as they think fit.

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARE

No transfer to minor

57. The Board shall not issue or register a transfer of any shares for a minor (except in case when they are fully paid) or insolvent or person of unsound mind.

form of transfer

58. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be in the prescribed form under the Companies (Central Government) General Rules and Forms, 1956 and in accordance with the requirements of Section 108 of the Act.

Application for transfer

59. (a) An application for registration of a transfer of the shares in the Company may be either by the transferrer or the transferee.
- (b) Where the application is made by the transferor and relates to partly paid shares, the transfer shall not be registered unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee and the transferee makes no objection to the transfer within two weeks from the receipt of the notice.
- (c) For the purpose of clause (b) above notice to the transferee shall be deemed to have been duly given if it is despatched by prepaid registered post to the transferee at the address given in the instrument of transfer and shall be deemed to have been delivered at the time at which it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post.

Execution of transfer

60. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be duly stamped and executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and the transferee and shall be attested. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee shall have been entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof.

PROVIDED THAT registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except where the Company has a lien on shares.

Transfer by legal representatives

61. A transfer of share in the Company of a deceased member thereof made by his legal representative shall, although the legal representative is not himself a member be as valid as if he had been a member at the time of the execution of the instrument of transfer.

Register of Members when closed

62. The Board of Directors shall have power on giving not less than seven days previous notice by advertisement in some newspaper circulating in the district in which the registered office of the Company is situated to close the Register of Members and/or the Register of Debenture Holders at such time or times and for such period or periods not exceeding thirty days at a time and not exceeding in the aggregate forty five days in each year as it may seem expedient to the Board.

Directors may refuse to register transfers

63. Subject to the provisions of Section 111 of the Act or any statutory modification thereof for the time being in force the Directors may at any time in their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of any share giving reasons therefor and in particular may so decline in any case in which the Company has a lien upon the shares desired to be transferred or any call or instalment regarding any of them remain unpaid or unless the transferee is not approved by the Directors and such refusal shall not be affected by the fact that, the proposed transferee is already a member, the registration of transfer shall be conclusive evidence of the approval of the Directors of the transferee.

Directors may refuse any application for split or consolidation of Certificate(s)

64. Subject to the power of the Directors stated in Article 63 and the provisions of this clause, transfer of Shares/Debentures, in whatever lot should not be refused. However, the Company may refuse to split a Share Certificate/Debenture Certificate into several scrips of very small denominations or to consider a proposal for transfer of Shares/Debentures comprised in a Share Certificate/Debenture Certificate to several parties, involving such splitting if on the face of its such splitting/transfer appears to be unreasonable or without a genuine need or a marketable lot.

Notice of refusal to be given to transferor and transferee

65. If the Company refused to register the transfer of any shares or debentures or transmission of any right therein, the Company shall within one month from the date on which the instrument of transfer or intimation of transmission was delivered with the Company send notice of refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving the intimation of the transmission as the case may be giving reasons for such refusal and thereupon the provisions of Section 111 of the Act and statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force shall apply.

Death of one or more joint holders shares

66. In case of the death of any one or more of the persons named in the Register of Members as the joint holders of any shares, the survivor or shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title or interest in such share, but nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability on shares held by him with any other person.

Titles to shares of deceased member

67. The executors of administrators of a deceased member or holders of a Succession Certificate or the legal representatives in respect of the shares of a deceased member

(not being one of two or more joint holders) shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the shares registered in the name of such members and the Company shall not be bound to recognise such executors or administrators or holders of a succession certificate or the legal representatives unless such executors or administrators or legal representatives shall have first obtained Probate or Letters of Administration or Succession Certificate as the case may be from a duly constituted Court in the Union of India provided that in any case where the Board of Directors in its absolute discretion thinks fit, the Board upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as the Directors may deem proper dispense with production of Probate or Letters of Administration or Succession Certificate and register under Article 73 shares standing in the name of a deceased member, as a member.

**Registration of persons entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer
(Transmission clause)**

68. Subject to the provisions of Article 66, any person becoming entitled to any share in consequence of the death, lunacy, bankruptcy or insolvency of any member or by any lawful means other than by the transfer in accordance with these Articles, may with the consent of the Board of Directors (which it shall not be under obligation to give) upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under these Articles or of his title, as the Board of Directors shall require and upon giving such indemnity as the Directors shall require either be registered as member in respect of such shares or elect to have some person nominated by him approved by the Board of Directors registered as members in respect of such shares. PROVIDED NEVERTHELESS that if such person shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify his election by executing in favour of his nominee an instrument of transfer in accordance with the provisions herein contained and until he does so, he shall not be free from any liability in respect of such shares, this clause is herein referred to as "THE TRANSMISSION CLAUSE".

Refusal to register nominee

69. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Directors shall have the same right to refuse to register a person entitled by transmission to any share of his nominee as if he were the transferee named in an ordinary transfer presented for registration.

Person entitled may receive dividend without being registered as member

70. A person entitled to a share transmission shall subject to the right of the Directors to retain such dividends or money as is herein after provided be entitled to receive and may give a discharge for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share.

No fee on transfer or transmission

71. No fee shall be charged for registration of transfer, Probate, Succession Certificate and Letters of administrators, Certificate of Death or Marriage, Power of Attorney or similar other documents.

Transfer to be presented with evidence of title

72. Every instrument of transfer shall be presented to the Company duly stamped for registration accompanied by such evidence as the Board may require to prove the title to the transferor, his right to transfer the shares and generally under and subject to such conditions and regulations as the Board may, from time to time, prescribe and every registered instrument of transfer shall remain in the custody of the Company until destroyed by order of the Board.

The Company not liable for discharge of a notice prohibiting registration of a transfer

73. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof as shown or appearing in the Register of Members to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the said shares, notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right, title or interest or notice or referred thereto in any book of the Company and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend to give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable right, title or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting to do so, though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Company, but the Company shall nevertheless, be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto if the Board of Directors shall so think fit.

SHARE WARRANTS

Power to issue share warrants

74. The Company may issue warrants subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 114 and 115 of the Act and accordingly the Board may in its discretion with respect to any share which is fully paid upon application in writing signed by the persons registered as holder of the share and authenticated by such evidence (if any) as the Board may, from time to time, require as to the identify of the person signing the application and on receiving the certificates (if any) of the share and the amount of the stamp duty on the warrant and such fee as the Board may, from time to time require, issue a share warrant.

Deposit of Share Warrants

75. (a) The bearer of a share warrant may, at any time, deposit the warrant at the office of the Company and so long as the warrant remains so deposited, the depositor shall have the same right of signing a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company and of attending and voting and exercising the other privileges of the member at any meeting held after the expiry of two clear days from the time of deposit, as if his name were interested in the Register of Members as the holder of the share included in the deposit warrant.
- (b) Not more than one person shall be recognised as depositor of the share warrant.

- (c) The Company shall, on two days' written notice, return the deposited share warrant to the depositor.

Privileges and disabilities of the holders of share warrant

76. (a) Subject as herein otherwise expressly provided, no person shall as bearer of a share warrant, sign a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company or attend or vote or exercise any other privileges of a member at a meeting of the Company or be entitled to receive any notice from the Company.
- (b) The bearer of a share warrant shall be entitled in all other respects to the same privileges and advantages as if he were named in the Register of Member as the Holder of the Share included in the warrant and he shall be a member of the Company.

Issue of new share warrant or coupon

77. The Board may, from time to time, make bye-laws as to the terms on which (if it shall think fit), a new share warrant or coupon may be issued by way of renewal in case of defacement, loss or destruction.

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK AND RECONVERSION

Share may be converted into stock

78. The Company may, by Ordinary Resolution :
- (a) convert any paid up share into stock; and
- (b) reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.

Transfer of Stock

79. The several holders of such stock may transfer their respective interest therein or any part thereof in the same manner and subject to the same regulations under which the stock arose might, before the conversion, have been transferred or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

PROVIDED THAT the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so however that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

Right of stock holders

80. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same right, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meeting of the Company and other matters, as if they shares from which the stock arose, but no such privilege of advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred those privileges or advantages.

Regulations applicable to stock and share warrant

81. Such of the regulations of the Company as are applicable to paid up shares shall apply to stock and the words "Share" and "Share-holder" in these regulations shall include "Stock" and "Stock-holder" respectively.

BORROWING POWERS

Power of Borrow

82. Subject to the provisions of Sections 58A, 292 and 293 of the Act and of these Articles the Board of Directors may, from time to time at its discretion by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board, borrow, accept, deposits from members either in advance of calls or otherwise and generally raise or borrow or secure the payment of any such sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company from any source. PROVIDED THAT, where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) exceeds the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves (not being reserves set apart for any specific purpose) the Board of Directors shall not borrow such money without the sanction of the Company in general meeting. No debt incurred by the Company in excess of the limit imposed by this Article shall be valid or effectual unless the lender proves that he advanced the loan in good faith and without knowledge that the limit imposed by this Article had been exceeded.

The payment or repayment of money borrowed

83. The payment or repayment of moneys borrowed as aforesaid may be secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respect as the Board of Directors may think fit and in particular in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by Circular Resolution) by the issue of bonds, debentures or debenture-stock of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company, (both present and future), including its uncalled capital for the time being and the debentures and the debenture-stock and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

Term of issue of debenture

84. Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination and with any privileges and conditions as the redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares, attending (but not voting) at General Meeting, appointment of Directors and otherwise, debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the Company in General Meeting by a Special Resolution.

Mortgage of uncalled capital

85. If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charged by any mortgage or other security, the Directors may, subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital in trust for the person in whose favour such mortgage or security executed.

MEETING OF MEMBERS

Statutory Meeting

86. The Statutory Meeting shall be held in accordance with the provisions of Section 165 of the Act within a period of not less than one month and not more than six months from the date on which the Company shall be entitled to commence business.

Annual General Meeting and the persons entitled to attend

87. (1) The Company shall in each year held, in addition to any other meeting a General Meeting in accordance with the provisions of Sections 166 and 210 of the Act and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it, except in the case where the Registrar, has given an extension of time for holding any Annual General Meeting, of the Company and that of the next.

PROVIDED THAT if the Registrar shall have for special reason, extended the time within which any Annual General Meeting shall be held such Annual General Meeting may be held within the additional time.

- (2) Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for any time during business hours, on a day that is not a public holiday and shall be held either at the registered office of the Company or at some other place within the city or town or village in which the registered office of the Company is situated for the time being.
- (3) Every member of the Company shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy and the Auditor of the Company shall have the right to attend and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends on any part of the business which concerns him as Auditor.

Report Statement and registers to be laid before the Annual General Meeting

88. At every General Meeting of the Company there shall be laid on the table the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts, Auditors' Report (if not already incorporated in the Audited Statement of Accounts), the proxy register with proxies and the Register of Directors, Share holdings which latter Register shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the meeting.

Extra -ordinary General Meeting

89. All General Meetings other than Annual General Meetings shall be called Extra-ordinary General Meetings.

Requisitionists' Meeting

90. (1) Subject to the provisions of Section 188 of the Act, the Directors shall on the requisition in writing of such number of members as hereinafter specified and (unless the General Meeting otherwise resolves) at the expense of the requisitionists :
- (a) give to the members of the Company entitled to receive notice of the next Annual General Meeting, notice of any resolution which may

properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting.

- (b) circulate to members entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them, any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or any business to be dealt with at that meeting
- (2) The number of members necessary for a requisition under clause (1) hereof shall be :
- (a) Such number of members as represent not less than one-twentieth of the total voting power of all the members having at the date of the resolution a right to vote on the resolution or business to which the requisition relates; or
 - (b) not less than one hundred members having the rights aforesaid and holding shares in the Company on which there has been paid up an aggregate sum of not less than rupees one lakh in all.
- (3) Notice of any such resolution shall be given and any such statement shall be circulated to members of the Company entitled to have notice of the meeting sent to them by serving a copy of the resolution or statement on each member in any manner permitted by the Act for service of notice of the meeting and notice of any such resolution shall be given to any other member of the Company by giving notice of the general effect of the resolution in any manner permitted by the Act, for giving him notice of meeting of the Company. The copy of the resolutions shall be served or notice of the effect of the resolution shall be given, as the case may be, in the same manner and so far as practicable, at the same time as notice of the meeting and where it is not practicable for it to be served or given at that time, it shall be served or given as soon as practicable thereafter.
- (4) The Company shall not be bound under this Article to give notice of any resolution or to circulate any statement unless :
- (a) a copy of the requisition signed by the requisitionists (or two or more copies which between them contain the signature of all the requisitionists) is deposited at the registered office of the Company.
 - (i) in the case of requisition, requiring notice of resolution, not less than six weeks before the meeting;
 - (ii) in the case of any other requisition, not less than two weeks before the meeting;
 - (b) there is deposited or tendered with the requisition sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company expenses in giving effect thereto.

PROVIDED THAT if after a copy of the requisition requiring notice of a resolution has been deposited at the registered office of the Company and an Annual General Meeting is called for a date six weeks or less after such copy has been deposited, the copy although not deposited within the time

required by this clause, shall be deemed to have been properly deposited for the purposes also thereof.

- (5) The Company shall also not be bound under this Article to circulate any statement if, on the application either of the Company or of any other person who claims to be aggrieved is satisfied that the rights conferred by this Articles are being abused to secure needless publicity for defamatory matter.
- (6) Notwithstanding anything in these Articles, the business which may be dealt with at an Annual General Meeting shall include any resolution of which notice is given in accordance with this Article and for the purposes of this clause, notice shall be deemed to have been so given, notwithstanding the accidental omission, in giving it, to one or more members.

Extra-ordinary General Meeting by Board and by requisition

- 91. (a) The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extra-ordinary General Meeting and they shall on requisition of the members as hereinafter provided, forthwith proceed to convene Extra-ordinary General Meeting of the Company.

When a Director or any two members may call an Extra-ordinary General Meeting

- (b) If at any there are not within India sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum or if the number of Directors be reduced in number to less than the minimum number of Directors prescribed by these Articles and the continuing Directors fail or neglect to increase the number of Directors to that number or to convene a general meeting, any Director or any two or more members of the Company holding not less than one-tenth of the total paid up share capital of the Company may call an Extra-ordinary General Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meeting may be called by the Directors.

Contents of requisition and number of requisitionists required and the conduct of meeting

- 92. (1) In case of requisition the following provisions shall have effect :
 - (a) The requisition shall set out the matter for the consideration of which the meeting is to be called and shall be signed by the requisitionists and shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company.
 - (b) The requisition may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists.
 - (c) The number of members entitled to requisition a meeting in regard to any matter shall be such number as hold at the date of the deposit of the requisition, not less that one-tenth of such of the paid-up share capital of the Company as at that date carries the right of voting in regard to that matter.
 - (d) Where two or more distinct matter are specified in the requisition, the provisions of sub-clause (3) shall apply separately in regard to such matter and the requisition shall accordingly be valid only in respect

of those matters in regard to which the conditions specified in that clause is fulfilled.

- (e) if the Board does not, within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of a valid requisition in regard to any matters, proceed duly to call a meeting for the consideration of those matters on a day not later than forty-five days from the date of the deposit of the requisition, the meeting may be called :
 - (i) by the requisitionists themselves; or
 - (ii) by such of requisitionists as represent either a majority in value of the paid up share capital held by all of them or not less than one tenth of the paid-up share capital of the Company as is referred to in sub-clause (c) of clause (1) whichever is less. PROVIDED THAT for the purpose of this sub-clause, the Board shall in the case of a meeting at which a resolution is to be proposed as a special resolution, be deemed not to have duly convened the meeting if they do not give such notice thereof as is required by sub-section (2) of Section 189 of the Act.
- (2) A meeting called under sub-clause (c) of clause (1) by requisitionists or any of them :
 - (a) shall be called in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meeting is to be called by the Board; but
 - (b) shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of the deposit of the requisition. PROVIDED THAT nothing in sub-clause (b) shall be deemed to prevent a meeting duly commenced before the expiry of the period of three months aforesaid, from adjourning to some day after the expiry of that period.
- (3) Where two or more persons hold any shares in the Company jointly, a requisition or a notice calling a meeting signed by one or some only of them shall for the purpose of this Article, have the same force and effect as if it has been signed by all of them.
- (4) Any reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists by reason of the failure of the Board duly to call a meeting shall be repaid to the requisitionists by the Company and any sum repaid shall be retained by the Company out of any sum due or to become due from the Company by way of fees or other remuneration for their services to such of the Directors as were in default.

Length of notice of meeting

- 93. (1) A General Meeting of the Company may be called by giving not less than twenty-one days notice in writing.
- (2) A General Meeting may be called after giving shorter notice than that specified in clause (1) hereof; it consent is accorded thereto :

- (i) in the case of Annual General Meeting by all the members entitled to vote thereat and
- (ii) in the case of any other meeting, by members of the Company holding not less than ninety-five percent of such part of the paid up share capital of the Company as gives a right to vote at the meeting.

PROVIDED THAT where any members of the Company are entitled to vote only on some resolution or resolutions to be moved at a meeting and not on the others, those members shall be taken into account for the purpose of this clause in respect of the former resolution or resolutions and not in respect of the later.

Contents and manner of services of notice

94. (1) Every notice of a meeting of the Company shall specify the place and the day and hour of the meeting and shall contain a statement of the business to be transacted thereat.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of the Act, notice of every General Meeting shall be given :
- (a) to every member of the Company in any manner authorised by sub-sections (1) to (4) Section 53 of the Act.
 - (b) to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member, be sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name or by the title of representative of the deceased or assignee of the insolvent or by like description, at the address, if any, in India supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled or until such an address has been so supplied by giving the notice in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or insolvency had not occurred and
 - (c) to the Auditor or Auditors for the time being of the Company in any manner authorised by Section 53 of the Act in the case of members of the Company.
- (3) Any member of a Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of Company shall be entitled to appoint another person (whether a member or not) as his proxy to attend and vote instead of himself; but a proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting.

PROVIDED THAT unless, where the proxy is appointed by a body corporate a proxy shall not be entitled to vote except on a poll.

Special and Ordinary business and explanatory statement

95. (1) (a) In the case of an Annual General Meeting, all business to be transacted at the meeting shall be deemed special, with the exception of business relating to :
- (i) the consideration of the Accounts, Balance sheet and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors;

- (ii) the declaration of dividend;
- (iii) the appointment of Directors in the place of those retiring; and
- (iv) the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors and

- (b) In the case of any other meeting, all business shall be deemed special.
- (2) Where any items of business to be transacted at the meeting of Company are deemed to be special as aforesaid, there shall be annexed to the notice of the meeting a statement setting out all material facts concerning each such item or business, including in particular the nature of the concern or interest, if any, therein of every Directors.

PROVIDED THAT where the notice of a meeting is given by advertising the same in a newspaper circulating in the neighbourhood of registered office of the Company under sub-section (3) of the Section 53 of the Act, the statement of material facts referred to in Section 173 of the Act need not be annexed to the notice as required by that Section, but it shall be mentioned in the advertisement that the statement has been forwarded to the members of the Company.

PROVIDED THAT where any such item of special business at the meeting of the Company relates to or affects any other Company, the extent of share holding interest in that other Company of every Directors of the Company shall also be set out in the statement, if the extent of such share holding interest is not less than twenty percent of the paid up share capital of that other Company.

- (3) Where any item of business consists of the according of approval to any document by the meeting, the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid

Omission to give notice not to invalidate proceedings

96. The accidental omission to give such notice as aforesaid to or non-receipt thereof by any member or other person to whom it should be given, shall not invalidate the proceedings of any such meeting.

Notice of business to be given

97. No General Meeting, Annual or Extra-ordinary shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or transact any business which has not been mentioned in the notice or notices convening the meeting.

Quorum

98. Five members entitled to vote and present in person shall be quorum for General Meeting and to business shall be transacted at the general meeting unless the quorum requisite be present at the commencement of the meeting. A body corporate being a member shall be deemed to be personally present if it is represented in accordance with Section 187 of the Act. The President of India or the Governor of a State being a member of the Company shall be deemed to be personally present

if he is presented in accordance with Section 187A of the Act.

If quorum not present when meeting to be dissolved and when to be adjourned

99. If within half an hour from the time appointed for holding a meeting of the Company a quorum is not present, the meeting if called by or upon the requisition of members shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week or if that day is a public holiday until the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the Board may determine. If at the adjourned meeting also a quorum is not present with half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the member present shall be quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

Resolutions passed at adjourned meeting

100. Where a resolution is passed at an adjourned meeting of the Company, the resolution for all purposes, be treated as having been passed on the date on which it was in fact passed and shall not be deemed to have been passed on any earlier date.

Chairman of general meeting

101. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every general meeting or if there be no such Chairman or if any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting or shall decline to take the Chair, the Vice-Chairman, if any, shall be entitled to take the chair. If the Vice-Chairman is also not present or is unwilling to take the chair, the Directors present shall elect one of them as Chairman and if no Director be present or if the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the members present shall elect one of the members to be a Chairman. If a poll is demanded on the election of the Chairman, it shall be taken forthwith in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Chairman elected on show of hands shall exercise all the powers of the Chairman under the said provision. If some other person is elected Chairman as a result of the poll he shall be the Chairman for the rest of the meeting.

Business confined to election of Chairman whilst Chair vacant

102. No business shall be discussed at any general meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair is vacant.

Chairman may adjourn meeting

103. (a) The Chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present and shall if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
- (b) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- (c) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
- (d) Save as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an

adjournment of or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting.

How question to be decided at meetings

104. Every question submitted to a general meeting shall be decided in the first instance by a show of hands unless the poll is demanded as provided in these Articles.

Chairman's declaration of result of voting on show of hands

105. A declaration by the Chairman of the meeting that on a show of hands, a resolution has or has not been carried either unanimously or by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the books containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof, of the number or proportion of votes cast in favour of or against such resolution.

Demand of poll

106. Before or on the declaration of the result of the voting on any resolution on a show of hands, a poll may be ordered to be taken by the Chairman of the meeting of his own motion and shall be ordered to be taken by him on a demand made in that behalf by any member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the Company which confer a power to vote on the resolution not being less than one-tenth of the total voting power in respect of the resolution or on which an aggregate sum of not less than fifty thousand rupees has been paid up. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who make the demand.

Time of taking of poll

107. A poll demanded on a question of adjournment or election of a Chairman shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time not being later than forty-eight hours from the time when the demand was made and in such manner and place as the Chairman of the meeting may direct and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the decision of the meeting on the resolution on which the poll was taken.

Chairman's casting vote

108. In the case of equality of votes the Chairman shall both on a show of hands and a poll (if any) have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a member.

Appointment of scrutineers

109. Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairman of the meeting shall appoint two scrutineers to scrutinise the vote given on the poll and to report thereon to him. One of the scrutineers so appointed shall always be a member (not being an officer or employee of the Company) present at the meeting, provided such a member is available and willing to be appointed. The Chairman shall have power, at any time before the result of the poll is declared, to remove a scrutineer from office and fill vacancies in the office of the scrutineer arising from such removal or from any other cause.

Demand for poll not to prevent transaction of other business

110. The demand for a poll shall not prevent transaction of other business except on the question of the Chairman and of an adjournment other than the questions on which the poll has been demanded.

Special notice

111. Where, by any provision contained in the Act or these Articles, special notice is required for any resolution, notice of the intention to move the resolution shall be given to the Company not less than fourteen days before the meeting at which it is to be moved, exclusive of the day on which the notice is served or deemed to be served and the day of the meeting. The Company shall immediately after the notice of the intention to move any such resolution has been received by it, give its members notice of the resolution in the same manner as it gives notice of the meeting or if that is not practicable shall give them notice thereof, either by advertisement in a newspaper having an appropriate circulation or in any other mode allowed by these presents not less than seven days before the meeting.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

Member paying money in advance not to be entitled to vote in respect thereof

112. A member paying the whole or a part of the amount remaining unpaid on any share held by him although no part of that amount has been called up, shall not be entitled to any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment become presently payable.

Restriction on exercise of voting rights of members who have not paid calls

113. No member shall exercise any voting rights in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised any right of lien.

Number of votes to which member entitled

114. Subject to the provisions of Article 112 every member of the Company, holding any equity share capital and otherwise entitled to vote shall, on a show of hands when present in person (or being a body corporate present by a representative duly authorised) have one vote and on a poll, when present in person (including a body corporate by a duly authorised representative) or by management duly authorised under a Power of Attorney or by proxy, his voting right shall be in proportion to his share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company. Provided however, if any preference share-holder be present at any meeting of the Company, save as provided in clause (b) of sub-section (2) of Section 87, he shall have a right to vote only on resolution before the meeting which directly affect the rights attached to his preference shares. A member is not prohibited from exercising his voting rights on the ground that he has not held his shares or interest in the Company for any specified period proceeding the date on which the vote is taken.

Votes of members of unsound mind

115. A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom order has been made by any

Court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on as how of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll vote by proxy.

Votes of joint members

116. If there be joint registered holders of any shares one of such persons may vote at any meeting personally or by an agent duly authorised under a Power of Attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely, entitled thereto but the proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting and if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting either personally or by agent or by proxy, that one of the said persons so present who stands higher on the Register shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the holders shall be entitled to vote in preference to a person present by an agent duly authorised under a Power of Attorney or by proxy although the name of such person present by agent or proxy stands first or high in the register in respect of such shares Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name shares stand shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed joint holders thereof.

Representation of body corporate

117. (a) A body corporate (whether a Company within the meaning of the Act or not) may, if it is a member or creditor of the Company (including a holder of debentures) authorise such person as it thinks fit by a resolution of its Board of Directors or other Governing Body, to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or any class of members of the Company or at any meeting of the creditors of the Company or debenture holders of the Company. A person authorised by resolution as aforesaid shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate which he represents as that body could exercise if it were an individual member, creditor or holder of debentures of the Company. The production of a copy of the resolution referred above, certified by Director or the Secretary of such body corporate before the commencement of the meeting shall be accepted by the Company as sufficient evidence of the validity of the said representative's appointment and his right to vote thereat.
- (b) Where the President of India or the Governor of a State is a member of the Company, the President or as the case may be, the Governor may appoint such person as he thinks fit to act as his representative at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company and such a person shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers, including the right to vote by proxy, as the President or as the case may be, the Governor could exercise as a member of the Company.

Votes in respect of deceased or insolvent members

118. Any person entitled under the transmission Article to transfer any share may vote any General Meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he was the registered holder of such shares provided that at least forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the Directors of the rights to transfer such

shares and give such indemnity (if any) as the Directors may require unless the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting respect thereof.

Voting in person or by proxy

119. Subject to the provisions of these Articles, vote may be given either personally or by proxy. A body corporate being a member may vote either by a proxy or by a representative duly authorised in accordance with Section 187 of the Act.

Rights of members to use votes differently

120. On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company member entitled to more than one vote or his proxy or other persons entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses.

Proxies

121. Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person (whether a member or not) as his proxy to attend and vote instead of himself PROVIDED THAT ALWAYS that a proxy so appointed shall not have any right whatever to speak at the meeting. Every notice convening a meeting of the Company shall state that a member entitled or attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies.

Proxy either for specified meeting or for a period

122. An instrument of proxy may appoint a proxy either for the purpose of a particular meeting specified in the instrument and adjournment thereof or it may appoint a proxy for the purpose of every meeting to be held before a date specified in the instrument and every adjournment of any such meeting.

No proxy to vote on a show of hands

123. No proxy shall be entitled to vote by a show of hands.

Instrument of proxy when to be deposited

124. The instrument appointing a proxy and the Power of Attorney or Authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that Power of Attorney or Authority, shall be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

Form of proxy

125. Every instrument of proxy whether for a specified meeting or otherwise shall as nearly as circumstances will admit be in the form set out in Schedule IX to the Act and signed by the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing or if the appointer is a body corporate be under its seal or be signed by any officer or attorney duly authorised by it.

Validity of votes given by proxy notwithstanding revocation of authority

126. A vote given in accordance with the terms of instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the

proxy or of any Power of Attorney under which such proxy was signed or the transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given provided that no intimation in writing of the death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at the Registered Office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used provided nevertheless that the Chairman of any meeting shall be entitled to require such evidence as he may in his discretion think fit of the due execution of an instrument of proxy and of the same not have been revoked.

Time for objection to vote

127. No objection shall be made to the qualification of any vote or to the validity of a vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote object to is given or tendered and every vote, whether given personally or by proxy, not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes and such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman of the meeting.

Chairman of any meeting to be the judge of validity of any vote

128. The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll. The decision of the Chairman shall be final and conclusive.

Custody of instrument

129. If any such instrument of appointment be confined to the object of appointing an attorney or proxy for voting at meetings of the Company, it shall remain permanently or for such time as the Directors may determine, in the custody of the Company. If embracing other objects, copy thereof examined with the original shall be delivered to the Company to remain in the custody of the Company.

DIRECTORS

Number of Directors

130. Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting of the Company and subject to the provisions of Section 252 of the Act, the number of Directors shall not be less than three and not more than twelve.

The first Directors of the Company are :

131. (1) ANJAN RAJA
(2) VIPUL RAJA
(3) MINAL RAJA
(4) SONAL RAJA

Debenture Directors

132. Any Trust Deed for securing debentures of debenture-stock, may, if so arranged, provide for the appointment, from time to time by the Trustees thereof or by the holders of debentures or debenture-stocks, of some person to be a Director of the Company and may empower such Trustees or holder of debentures of debenture-

stocks, from time to time, to remove and re-appoint any Director so appointed. The Director appointed under Article is herein referred to as "Debenture Director" and the term "Debenture Director" means the Director for the time being in office under this Article. The Debenture Director shall not be liable to retire by rotation or be removed by the Company. The Trust Deed may contain such ancillary provisions as may be arranged between the Company and the Trustees and all such provisions shall have effect notwithstanding any of the other provisions herein contained.

Nominee Director

133. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, so long as any moneys remain owing by the Company to the Industrial Credit and Investment Corporation of India Limited (ICICI) or to any other Finance Corporation or Credit Corporation or to any other Finance Company or Body out of any loans granted by them to the Company or so long as ICICI or any other Financing Corporation or Credit Corporation or any other Finance Corporation or Credit Corporation (each of which or Credit Corporation or any other Finance Corporation or Credit Corporation is hereinafter in this Article referred to as "The Corporation") continue to hold debentures in the Company as a result of underwriting or by direct subscription or private placement or so long as the Corporation holds shares in the Company as a result of underwriting or direct subscription or so long as any liability of the Company arising out of any guarantee furnished by the Corporation on behalf of the Company remains outstanding, the Corporation shall have a right to appoint from time to time any person or persons as a Director or Directors, Whole-time or non-Whole-time (which Director or Directors is/are hereinafter referred to as "Nominee Director/s") on the Board of the Company and to remove from such office any person or persons so appointed and to appoint any person or persons in his or their place/s. the Board of Directors of the Company shall have no power to remove from office the Nominee Director/s. At the option of the Corporation, such Nominee Director/s shall not be required to hold any share qualification in the Company. Also at the option of the Corporation such Nominee Director/s shall be liable to retirement by rotation of Directors. Subject as aforesaid, the Nominee Director/s shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges and be subject to the same obligations as any other Director of the Company.

The Nominee Director/s so appointed shall hold the said office so long as any moneys remain owing by the Company to the Corporation or so long as the Corporation holds debentures in the Company as a result of direct subscription or private placement or so long as the Corporation holds shares in the Company as a result of underwriting or direct subscription or the liability of the Company arising out of any guarantee is outstanding and the Nominee Director/s so appointed in exercise of the said power shall ipso facto vacate such office immediately the moneys owing by the Company to the Corporation is paid off or on the Corporation ceasing to hold debentures/shares in the Company or on the satisfaction of the liability of the Company arising out of any guarantee furnished by the Corporation.

The Nominee Director/s appointed under this Article shall be entitled to receive all notices of an attend all General Meetings, Board Meetings and of the Meeting of

the committee of which the Director/s is/are member/s as also the minutes of such meetings. The Corporation shall also be entitled to receive all such notices and minutes.

The Company shall pay to the Nominee Director/s sitting fees and expenses to which the other Director/s of the Company are entitled, but if any other fees, commission, moneys or remuneration in any form is payable to the Directors of the Company, the fees commission, moneys and remuneration in relation to such Nominee Director/s shall accrue to the Corporation and same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the Corporation. Any expenses that may be incurred by the Corporation or by such Nominee Director/s in connection with their appointment as Directorship, shall also be paid or reimbursed by the Company to the Corporation or as the case may be to such Nominee Director/s.

Provided that if any such Nominee Director/s is an Officer of the Corporation, the sitting fees in relation to such Nominee Director/s shall also accrue to the Corporation and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the Corporation.

Provided further that if such Nominee Director/s is an officer of the Reserve Bank of India the sitting fees in relation to such Nominee Director/s shall also accrue to IDBI and the same accordingly be paid by the Company directly to IDBI. Limit on number of retiring Directors.

Provided also that in the event of the Nominee Director/s being appointed as Whole-time Director/s, such Nominee Director/s Shall exercise such powers and duties as may be approved by the Corporation and have such rights as are usually exercised or available to a Whole-time Director in the management of the affairs of the Borrower. Such Nominee Director/s shall be entitled to receive such remuneration, fees, commissions and moneys as may be approved by the Lenders.

Limit on number of retiring Directors

134. The provisions of Articles 136, 137 and 138 are subject to the provisions of Section 256 of the Act and number of such Directors appointed under Articles 137 shall not exceed in the aggregate one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being in office.

Appointment of Alternate Director

135. The Board may appoint an Alternate Director recommended for such appointment by the Director (hereinafter in this Article called "the Original Director") to act for him during his absence for a period of not less than three months from the State in which the meetings of the Board are ordinarily held. Every such Alternate Director shall, subject to his giving to the Company an address in India at which notice may be served on him, be entitled to notice of meetings of Directors and to attend and vote as a Director and to be counted for the purposes of a quorum and generally at such meetings to have and exercise all the powers and duties and authorities of the Original Director. The Alternate Director appointed under this Article shall vacate office as and when the Original Director returns to the State in

which the meeting of the Board are ordinarily held if the terms of office of the Original Director is determined before he returns to as aforesaid. Any provision in the Act or in these Articles for automatic re-appointment of retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and the Alternate Director.

Directors may fill vacancies

136. The Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any person to be a Director to fill a casual vacancy. Such casual vacancy shall be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board. Any person so appointed shall hold office only upto the date upto which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office, if it had not been vacated as aforesaid but he shall than be eligible for re-election.

Additional Directors

137. The Directors shall also have power to at any time and from time to time appoint any other person to be a Director as an addition to the Board but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum fixed. Any person so appointed as an addition to the Board shall hold his office only upto the date of the next Annual General Meeting but shall be eligible for election at such meeting.

Qualification shares

138. A Director and not hold any qualification shares.

Remuneration of Directors

139. The remuneration of a Director for his service shall be such sum as may be fixed by the Board of Directors subject to a ceiling as may be prescribed by the Central Government from time to time for each meeting of the Board or a Committee thereof attended by him. The Directors subject to the sanction of the Central Government (if any required) may be paid such further remuneration as the Company in General Meeting shall, from time to time, determined and such further remuneration shall be divided among the Directors in such proportion and manner as the Board may from time to time determine and in default of such determination shall be divided among the Directors equally.

Subject to the provisions of the Act, a Director who is either in the whole time employment of the Company or a Managing Director may be paid remuneration as provided in Sections 198, 309, 310 and 311 of the Act and Schedule XIII of the Act either by way of monthly payment or at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or partly by one way and partly by the other.

Subject to the provisions of the Act, a Director who is neither in the Whole-time employment of the Company nor a Managing Director may be paid remuneration as provided in Section 198, 309, 310 and 311 of the Act and Schedule XIII of the Act either :

- (i) by way of a monthly, quarterly or annual payment with the approval of the Central Government; or
- (ii) by way of commission if the Company by special resolution authorise such payment.

A Director may receive remunerating by way of a fee for each meeting of the Board or a committee thereof attended by him as prescribed by Central Government.

Extra remuneration to Directors for special work

140. Subject to the provisions of Section 198, 309, 310, 311 and 314 of the Act, if any Director, being willing shall be called upon to perform extra services (which expression shall include work done by a Director as a member of any committee formed by the Directors or in relation to signing Share Certificates) or to make special exertions in going or residing or residing out of his usual place of residence or otherwise for any of the purposes of the Company, the Company shall remunerate the Director so doing either by a fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for his share in the remuneration above provided.

Travelling expenses incurred by Directors on Company's business

141. The Board of Directors may, subject to the limitations provided by the Act, allow and pay to any Director who attends a meeting of the Board of Directors or any Committee thereof or General Meeting of the Company or in connection with the business of the Company at a place other than his/her usual place of residence for the purpose of attending a meeting such sum as the Board may consider fair compensation for travelling, hotel and other incidental expenses properly incurred by him, in addition to his fees for attending such meeting as above specified.

Director may act notwithstanding vacancy

142. The continuing Director or Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by these Articles, for a meeting of the Board of Director or Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors or that fixed for the quorum or for summoning a General Meeting of the Company but for no other purposes.

Board resolution necessary for certain contracts

143. (1) except with the consent of the Board of Directors of the Company, a Director of the Company or his relative, a firm in which such a Director or relative is partner, any other partner in such a firm or a private Company of which the Director, is a member or Director, shall not enter into any contract with the Company.
- (a) for the sale, purchase or supply of goods, materials or services; or
 - (b) for underwriting the subscription of any share in or debentures of the Company.
- (2) Nothing contained in clause (a) of sub-clause (1) shall affect :
- (i) the purchase of goods and materials from the Company or the sale of goods and materials to the, by any Director, relative, firm, partner or Private Company as aforesaid for cash at prevailing market prices; or
 - (ii) any contract or contracts between the Company on one side and any

such Director, relative, firm, partner or Private Company on the other for sale, purchase or supply of any goods, materials and services in which either the Company, as the Director, relative, firm, partner or Private Company, as the case may be regularly traders or does business, PROVIDED THAT such contract or contracts do not relate to goods and materials the value of which or services, the cost of which, exceeds five thousand rupees in the aggregate in any year comprised in the period of the contracts.

- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clauses (1) and (2) hereof, a Director, relative, firm, partner or Private Company as aforesaid may, in circumstances of urgent necessity, enter without obtaining the consent of the Board, into any contract with the Company for the sale, purchase or supply of any goods, materials or services even if the value of such goods or cost of such services exceeds rupees five thousand in the aggregate in any year comprised in the period of the contract; but in such a case the consent of the Board shall be obtained at a meeting within three months of the date on which the contract was entered into.
- (4) Every consent of the Board required under this Article, shall be accorded by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board required under clause (1) and the same shall not be deemed to have been given within the meaning of that clause unless the consent is accorded before the contract is entered into or within three months of the date on which it was entered into.
- (5) If consent is not accorded to any contract under this Article, anything done in pursuance of the contract will be voidable at the option of the Board.

Disclosure to the Members of Director's interest in contract in appointing Manager, Managing Director or Whole-time Director

144. When the Company :

- (a) enters into a contract for the appointment of a Managing Director or Whole-time Director in which contract any Director of the Company is, whether directly or indirectly, concerned or interested; or
- (b) varies any such contract already in existence and in which a Director is concerned or interested as aforesaid, the provision of Section 302 of the Act shall be complied with.

Disqualification of Director

145. A person shall not be capable of being appointed Director of the Company if :

- (a) he has been found to be of unsound mind by a Court of competent jurisdiction and the finding is in force;
- (b) he is an undischarged insolvent;
- (c) he has applied to be adjudged an insolvent and his application is pending;
- (d) he has been convicted by a Court of any offence involving moral turpitude and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months and a period of five years has not been elapsed from the date of expiry of the sentence;

- (e) he has not paid any call in respect of shares of the Company held by him whether alone or jointly with others and six month have elapsed from the last day fixed for the payment of the call; or
- (f) as order disqualifying him for appointment as Director has been passed by a Court in pursuance of Section 203 of the Act and is in force; unless the leave of the Court has been obtained for his appointment in pursuance of that section.

Vacation of office by Directors

146. (1) The office of a Director shall become vacant if :
- (a) he is found to be of unsound mind by a Court of competent jurisdiction; or
 - (b) he applies to be adjudged an insolvent; or
 - (c) he is adjudged an insolvent; or
 - (d) he is convicted by a Court of any offence involving moral turpitude and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months; or
 - (e) he fails to pay any call in respect of shares of the Company held by him, whether alone or jointly with other within six months from the last date fixed for the payment of the call unless the Central Government, by a Notification in the official Gazette, remove the disqualification incurred by such failure; or
 - (f) absent himself from three consecutive meetings of the Board of Directors or from all meetings of the Board for a continuous period of three months, whichever is longer, without obtaining leave of absence from the Board; or
 - (g) he (whether by himself or by any person for his benefits or on his account) or any firm in which he is a partner or any private Company of which he is a Director, accepts a loan or any guarantee or security for a loan, from the Company in contravention of Section 295 of the Act; or
 - (h) he being in any way whether directly or indirectly concerned or interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement, entered into or to be entered into by or on behalf of the Company fails to disclose the nature of his concern or interest at a meeting of the Board of Directors as required by Section 299 of the Act; or
 - (i) he becomes disqualified by an order of the Court under Section 203 of the Act; or
 - (j) he is removed by an ordinary resolution of the Company before the expiry of his period of office; or
 - (k) if, by notice in writing to the Company, he resigns his office; or

- (1) having been appointed a Director by virtue of his holding any office or other employment in the Company, he ceases to hold such office or other employment in the Company.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clauses (c), (d) and (i) if clause (1) hereof, the disqualification referred to in these clauses shall not take effect :
 - (a) for thirty days from the date of the adjudication, sentence or order;
 - (b) where any appeal or petition is preferred within thirty days aforesaid against the adjudication, sentence or conviction resulting in the sentence or order until the expiry of seven days from the date on which such appeal or petition is disposed off; or
 - (c) where within the seven days aforesaid, any further appeal or petition is preferred in respect of the adjudication, sentence, conviction or order and the appeal or petition, if allowed, would result in the removal of the disqualification, until such further appeal or petition is disposed off.
- (3) Removal of Directors
 - (a) The Company may, subject to the provisions of Section 284 and other applicable provisions of the Act and these Articles by ordinary resolution remove any Director not being a Director appointed by the Central Government in pursuance of Section 408 of the Act before the expiry of his period of officer.
 - (b) Special Notice as provided by Articles hereof or Section 190 of the Act, shall be required of any resolution to remove a Director under the Article or to appoint some other person in place of a Director so removed at the meeting at which he is removed.
 - (c) On receipt of notice of a resolution to remove a Director under this Article, the Company shall forthwith send a copy thereof to the Director concerned and the Director (whether or not he is a member of the Company) shall be entitled to be heard on the resolution at the meeting.
 - (d) Where notice is given of a resolution to remove a Director under this Article and the Director concerned makes with respect thereto representations in writing to the Company (not exceeding reasonable length) and request their notification to members of the Company, the Company shall, unless the representations are received by it to late for it, to do so (a) in the notice of the resolution given to the members of the Company state the fact of the representations having been made and (b) send a copy of the representations or every member of the Company to whom notice of the meeting is sent (before or after the representations by the Company) and if a copy of the representation is not sent as aforesaid because they were received to late or because of the Company's default the Director may (without prejudice to his

right to be heard orally) require that the representations shall be read out at the meeting; provided that copies of the representations need not be sent or read out at meeting if on the application either of the Company or of any other person who claims to be aggrieved the Court is satisfied that the rights conferred by this sub-clause are being abused to secure needless publicity for defamatory matter.

- (e) A vacancy created by the removal of a Director under this Article may, if he had been appointed by the Company in General Meeting or by the Board in pursuance of Article 136 or Section 262 of the Act, be filled by the appointment of another Director in his stead by the meeting at which he is removed, provided special notice of the intended appointment has been given under sub-clause (3) hereof. A Director so appointed shall hold office until the date upto which his predecessors would have held office if he had not been removed as aforesaid.
- (f) If the vacancy is not filled under sub-clause (e), it may be filled as a casual vacancy in accordance with the provisions, in so far as they are applicable of Article 142 or Section 262 of the Act and all the provisions of that Article and section shall apply accordingly.
- (g) A Director who was removed from office under this Article shall not be re-appointed as a Director by the Board of Directors.
- (h) Nothing contained in this Article shall be taken :
 - (i) as depriving a person removed hereunder of any compensation or damages payable to him in respect of the termination of his appointment as Director; or
 - (ii) as derogating from any power to remove a Director which may exist apart from this Article.

Disclosure of interest by Director

147. (1) Every Director of the Company who is in any way whether directly or indirectly concerned or interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement, entered into or to be entered into, by or on behalf of the Company, shall disclose the nature of his concern or interest at a meeting of the Board of Directors in the manner provided in Section 299(2) of the Act.
- (2) (a) In the case of proposed contract or the arrangement, the disclosure required to be made by a Director under clause (1) shall be made at the meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration or if the Director was not at the date of that meeting concerned or interested in the proposed contract or arrangement at the first meeting of the Board held after he becomes so concerned or interested.
- (b) In case of any other contract or arrangement, the required disclosure

shall be made at the first meeting of the Board held after the Director becomes concerned or interested in the contract or arrangement.

- (3) (a) For the purpose of clauses (1) and (2) a general notice given to the Board by a Director to the effect that he is a Director or a member of a specified body corporate or is a member of a specified firm and is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may, after the date of the notice, be entered into with that body corporate or firm, shall be deemed to be sufficient disclosure of concern or interest in relation to any contract or arrangement so made.
- (b) Any such general notice shall expire at the end of the financial year in which it is given, but may be renewed for further period of one financial year at a time by a fresh notice given in which it would otherwise expires.
- (c) No such general notice and no renewal thereof, shall be of effect unless either it is given at a meeting of the Board of the Directors concerned takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the first meeting of the Board after it is given.
- (d) Nothing in this Article shall apply to any contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into between the Company and any other company where any one or more of the Director of the Company together holds or hold to more that two percent of the paid up share capital in the other Company.

ROTATION AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

Directors may be Directors of the Companies promoted by the Company

148. If a Director of the Company is appointed a Director of any company promoted by the Company or in which it may become interested as a vendor, shareholder or otherwise, such Director shall not be accountable for any benefits received as Director or Shareholder of such Company except in so far as Section 309(6) or Section 314 of the Act may be applicable.

Rotation of Directors

149. Not less than two thirds of the total number of Directors shall (a) be persons whose period of the office is liable to termination by retirement of Directors by rotation and (b) Directors be appointed by the Company in General Meeting.

Retirement of Directors

150. Subject to the provisions of Section 256 of the Act and Articles 135, 136 to 143 at every Annual General Meeting of the Company, one-third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation or if their number is not three or a multiple of three the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office. The Debenture Directors, Nominee Directors, Corporation Directors, subject to Article 159 Managing Directors, if any, shall not be subject to retirement under this Article and shall not be taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire by

rotation. In these Articles, a "Retiring Director" means a Director retiring by rotation.

Ascertainment of Directors retiring by rotation and filling of vacancies

151. Subject to Section 288(5) of the Act, the Directors to retire by rotation under Article 150 at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment, but as between those who became Directors on the same day, those who are to retire shall in default of and subject to any agreement amongst themselves, be determined by lot.

Eligibility for re-election

152. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and shall act as a Director throughout and till the conclusion of the meeting at which he retires.

153. Company to fill vacancies

Subject to Sections 258, 259 and 284 of the Act, the Company at the General Meeting at which a Director retires in manner aforesaid may fill up the vacancy by appointing the retiring Director or some other person thereto.

154. Provision in default of appointment

(a) If the place of retiring Directors is not so filled up and the meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or if that day is a public holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday, at the same time and place.

(b) If at the adjourned meeting also, the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and the meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-appointed at the adjourned meeting, unless;

(i) at the meeting or the previous meeting a resolution for the re-appointment of such Director has been put to the meeting and lost.

(ii) the retiring Director has by a notice in writing addressed to the Company or its Board of Directors expressed his unwillingness to be so re-appointed.

(iii) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment.

(iv) a resolution whether special or ordinary is required for his appointment or re-appointment by virtue of any provisions of the Act; or

(v) the provision to sub-section (2) of Section 263 of the Act is applicable to the case.

155. Company may increase or reduce the number of Directors or remove any Director

Subject to the provisions of Section 252, 255 and 259 of the Act, the Company may, by ordinary resolution from time to time, increase or reduce the number of Directors and may after qualifications.

156. **Appointment of Directors**

- (a) No motion at any General Meeting of the Company shall be made for the appointment of two or more person as Directors of the Company by a single resolution unless a resolution that it shall be so made has been first agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it.
- (b) A resolution moved in contravention of clause (a) hereof shall be void, whether or not objection was taken at the time of it being, so moved, provided where a resolution so moved is passed, no provisions for the automatic re-appointment of retiring Directors in default of another appointment as therein before provided shall apply.
- (c) For the purpose of this Articles, a motion for approving a person's appointment of for nominating a person for appointment, shall be treated as a motion for his appointment.

Notice of Candidature for office of Director except in certain cases

157. (1) No person not being a retiring Director shall be eligible for election to the office of Director at any General Meeting unless he or some other member intending to propose him has at least fourteen days before the meeting left at the office of the Company a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the office of a Director or the intention of such member to propose him a Director for that office as the case may be along with a deposit of five hundred rupees which shall be refunded to such person or as the case may be, to such member if the person succeeds in getting elected as a Director.
- (2) The Company shall inform its members of the candidature of the person for the office of Director or the intention of a member to propose such person as a candidate for that office by serving individual notices on the members not less than seven days before the meeting provided that it shall not be necessary for the Company advertises such candidature or intention not less than seven days before the meeting in at least two newspapers circulating in the place where the registered office of the Company is located of which one is published in the English language and the other in the regional language of the place.
- (3) Every person (other than a Director retiring by rotation or otherwise or person who has left at the office of the Company a notice under Section 257 of the Act, signifying his candidature for the office of a Director) proposed as a candidate for the office of a Director shall sign and file with the Company his consent in writing to act as a Director if appointed.
- (4) A person other than :
- (a) a Director re-appointed after retirement by rotation or immediately on the expiry of his term of office; or
 - (b) an Additional or Alternate Director or a person filling a casual vacancy in the office of a Director under Section 252 of the Act appointed as a Director, re-appointed as an Additional or Alternate Director immediately on the expiry of his term of office shall not act as a

Director of the Company unless he has within thirty days of his appointment signed and filed with the Register his consent in writing to act as such Director.

Disclosure by Directors of their holdings of shares and debentures of the Company

158. Every Director and every person deemed to be a Director of the Company by virtue of sub-section (10) of Section 307 of the Act shall give notice to the Company of such matters relating to himself as may be necessary for the purpose of enabling the Company to comply with the provisions of that section. Any such notice shall be given in writing and if it is not given at a meeting of the Board, the person giving the notice shall take all reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the first meeting of the Board next after it is given.

MANAGING DIRECTOR. WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR

Board may appoint Managing Director or Managing Directors or Whole-time Directors

159. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Directors shall have power to appoint from time to time one or more of their body to be Managing Director or Managing Directors or Whole-time Director or Whole-time Directors of the Company for such term not exceeding five years at a time as they may think fit to manage the affairs and business of the Company and may from time to time (subject to the provisions of any contract between him or them and the Company) remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places.

What provisions they will be subject to

160. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Managing Director or Whole-time Director shall not while he continues to hold that office, be subject to retirement by rotation under Article 150 but he shall be subject to the same provisions as to the resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company and he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to be Managing Director or Whole-time Director if he choose to hold office of Director for any cause provided that if at any time the number of Director (including Managing Director or Whole-time Director) as are not subject to retirement by rotation shall exceed one-third of the total number of the Directors for the time being, then such of the Managing Director or Whole-time Director or two or more of them as the Directors may from time to time determine shall be liable to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Article 150 to the extent that the number of Directors not liable to retirement by rotation shall not exceed one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being.

Remuneration of Managing or Whole-time Director (s)

161. The remuneration of the Managing Director or Whole-time Director shall (subject to Section 309 and other applicable provisions of the Act, including Schedule XIII of the Act and of these Articles and of any contract between him and the Company) be fixed by the Directors, from time to time and may be by way of fixed salary and/or perquisites or commission on profits of the Company or by participation in such profits or by any other mode not expressly prohibited by the Act.

Powers and duties of Managing and/or Whole-time Director (s)

162. Subject to the superintendent, control and direction of the Board the day to day management of the Company shall be in the hands of the Managing Director(s) or Whole-time Director(s) appointed under Article 159 with power to the Board to distribute such day to day management functions among such Director(s) in any manner as deemed fit by the Board and subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles the Board may by resolution vest any such Managing Director or Managing Directors or Whole-time Director or Whole-time Directors with such of the power hereby vested in the Board generally as it thinks fit and such powers may be made exercisable for such periods and upon such conditions and subject to the such restrictions as it may determine and they may subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles confer such power either collaterally with or to the exclusion of or in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Director in that behalf and may from time to time revoke withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Meeting of the Directors

163. The Directors may meet together as a Board for the despatch of business from time to time unless the Central Government by Virtue of the proviso to Section 285 of the Act otherwise directs, shall so meet at least once in every three months and at least four such meetings shall be held in every year. The Directors may adjourn and otherwise regulate there meetings as they think fit. The provision of this Article shall not be deemed to have been contravened merely by reason of the fact that the meeting of the Board which had been called in compliance with the terms of this Article could not be held for want of a quorum.

Notice of meeting

164. (1) Notice of every meeting of the Board of Directors shall be given in writing to every Director for the time being in India and at his usual address in India to every other Director. At least seven days notice in writing shall be given to Directors specifying the time and place of the meeting.

When meeting to be convened.

- (2) A Director may at any time and the Secretary upon the request of a Director made at any time shall convene a meeting of the Board of Directors by giving a notice in writing to every Director for the time being in India and at his usual address in India to every other Director.

Quorum

165. (a) Subject to Section 287 of the Act, the quorum for a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be one-third of its total strength (excluding Directors, if any, whose place may be vacant at the time and any fraction contained in that one-third being rounded off as one) or two Directors whichever is higher. PROVIDED THAT where at any time the number of interested Directors at any meeting exceeds or is equal to two-third of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors (that is to say, the number of remaining who are

not interested) present at the meeting being not less than two shall be the quorum during such time.

(b) For the purpose of clause (a)

- (i) "Total strength", means total strength of the Board of Directors of the Company determined in pursuance of the Act, after deducting therefrom number of the Directors, if any, whose place may be vacant at the time; and
- (ii) "Interested Directors" means any Director whose presence cannot by reason of any provisions in the Act, count for the purpose of forming a quorum at a meeting of the Board, at the time of the discussion or vote on any matter.

Procedure when meeting adjourn for want of quorum

166. If a meeting of the Board could not be held for want of quorum then the meeting shall automatically stand adjourned till the day in the next week, at the same time and place or if that day is a public holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday at the same time and place, unless otherwise adjourned to a specific date, time and place.

Chairman

167. The Directors from among their number may elect a Chairman of the Board of Directors. If at any meeting the Chairman is not present at the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose one of their numbers to be the Chairman of such meeting.

Questions at Board Meeting how decided

168. Subject to the provisions of Section 316, 372(5) and 386 of the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes and in case of any equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

Powers of Board Meeting

169. A meeting of the Board of Directors for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions which by or under the Act or these Articles or the regulations for the time being of the Company are vested in or exercisable by the Board of Directors generally.

Director may appoint committee

170. The Board of Directors may subject to the provisions of Section 292 and other relevant provisions of the Act and of these Articles, delegate any of the powers other than the powers to make calls and to issue debentures to such committee or committees and may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee of the Board either wholly or in part and either as to the person or purposes, but every committee of the Board so formed shall in exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulation that may from time to time be imposed on it by Board of Directors. All acts done by any such committee of the Board in conformity with

such regulations and in fulfillment of the purpose of their appointments, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect, as if done by the Board.

Meeting of the Committee to be governed

171. The meetings and proceedings of any such Committee of the Board consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last proceeding Article. Quorum for the Committee meetings shall be two.

Circular resolution

172. (a) A resolution passed by circular without a meeting of the Board or a Committee of the Board appointed under Article 170 shall subject to the provisions of sub-clause (b) hereof and the Act, be as valid and effectual as the resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Directors or of a Committee duly called and held.
- (b) A resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed by the Board or by a Committee thereof by circulation, if the resolution has been circulated in draft together with necessary papers, if any, to all the Director or to all the members of the Committee, then in India (not being less in number than the quorum fixed for a meeting of the Board or Committee as the case may be) and to all other Directors or members of the Committee at their usual addresses in India or to such other addresses outside India specified by any such Directors or members of the Committee and has been approved by such of the Directors or members of the Committee as are then in India or by a majority of such of them as are entitled to vote on the resolution.

Acts of Board or Committee valid notwithstanding defect in appointment

173. All acts done by any meeting of the Board or by a Committee of the Board or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of one or more of such Directors or any person acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them is deemed to be terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director. Provided nothing contained here shall be deemed to give validity to acts done by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have terminated.

POWERS OF THE BOARD

General powers of Management vested in Directors

174. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors who may exercise all such powers of the Company and do all such acts and things as are not by the Act or any other Act or by the Memorandum or by the Articles of Company required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting. Subject nevertheless to any regulation of these Articles or the provisions of the Act or any other Act and to such regulation being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions

as may be prescribed by the Company in general Meeting but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made, provided that the Board of Directors shall to except with the consent of the Company in General Meeting;

- (a) sell, lease or otherwise dispose off the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking of the Company or where the Company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole or substantially the whole of any such undertaking;
- (b) remit or give time for the payment of any debt due by a Director.
- (c) invest, otherwise than in trust securities, the amount of compensation received by the Company in respect of the compulsory acquisition, of any such undertaking as is referred to in clause (a) or of any premises or properties used for any such undertaking and without which it cannot be carried on or can be carried on only with difficulty or only after a considerable time;
- (d) borrow moneys, where moneys to be borrowed, together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) will exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves, that is to say, reserves not set apart for any specific purpose; or
- (e) contribute to charitable and other funds not directly relating to the business of the Company or the welfare of its employees any amounts the aggregate of which will, in any financial year, exceed fifty thousand rupees or five percent of its average net profits as determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 349 and 350 of the Act during the three financial years immediately proceeding, whichever is greater, provided that the Company in General Meeting or the Board of Directors shall not contribute any amounts to any political party or for any political purpose to any individual or body :
 - (i) Provided that in respect of the matter referred to in clauses (d) and (e) such consent shall be obtained by a resolution of the Company which shall specify the total amount upto which moneys may be borrowed by the Board under clause (d) or as the case may be, total amount which may be contributed to charitable or other funds in any financial year under clause (e).
 - (ii) Provided further that the expression "temporary loans" in clause (d) above shall means loans repayable on demand or within six months from the date of the loan such as short term such cash credit arrangements, the discounting of bills and the issue of other short term loans of a seasonal character, but does not include loans raised for the purpose of financing expenditure of a capital nature.

Certain powers to be exercised by the Board only at meetings

175. (1) Without derogating from the powers vested in the Board of Directors under the Articles, the Board shall exercise the following powers on behalf of the

Company and they shall do so only by means of resolutions passed at the meeting of the Board:

- (a) the power to make calls on shareholders in respect of moneys unpaid on their shares.
- (b) the power to issue debentures.
- (c) the power to borrow moneys otherwise than on debentures.
- (d) the power to invest the funds of the Company; and
- (e) the power to make loans.

Provided that the Board may, by resolution passed at a meeting, delegate to any committee of Directors, the Managing Director any other principal officer of the Company, the powers specified in sub-clauses (c), (d) and (e) to the extent specified below.

- (2) Every resolution delegating the power referred to in sub-clause (1) (c) shall specify the total amount outstanding at any one time, upto which moneys may be borrowed by the delegate.
- (3) Every resolution delegating the power referred to in sub-clause (1) (d) shall specify the total amount upto which the funds of the Company may be invested and the nature of the investments which may be made by the delegate.
- (4) Every resolution delegating the power referred to in sub-clause (1) (e) shall specify the total amount upto which loans may be made by the delegate, the purpose for which the loans may be made and the maximum amount of loans which may be made for each such purpose in individual cases.

Certain powers of the Board

176. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding Article and so as not in any way to limit or restrict those powers and without prejudice to the other powers conferred by these Articles but subject to the restrictions contained in the last preceding Articles, it is hereby declared that the Directors shall have the following powers, that is to say, power :

- (1) To pay the costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the formation, promotion, establishment and registration of the Company.
- (2) To pay and charge to the Capital Account of the Company any commission or interest, lawfully payable thereout under the provisions of Sections 76 and 208 of the Act.
- (3) Subject to Sections 292 and 297 and other applicable provisions of the Act, to purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, rights or privileges which the Company is authorised to acquire at or for such price or consideration and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit in any such purchase or other acquisition, except such title as the Director may believe or may be advised to be reasonable satisfactory.

- (4) At their desecration and subject to the provisions of the Act, to pay for any property, rights or privileges by or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures, mortgages or other securities of the Company and any such shares may be issued either as fully paid up or with such amount credited as paid up thereon as may be agreed upon and any such bonds, debentures mortgages or other securities may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged.
- (5) To secure the fulfillment of any contracts or engagements entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital for the time being or in such manner as they may think fit.
- (6) To accept from any member, so far as may be permissible by law, a surrender of his shares or any part thereof, on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed.
- (7) To appoint any person to accept and hold in trust for the Company property belonging to the Company or in which it is interested or for any other purposes and to execute and to do all such deeds and things as may be required in relation to any such trust and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.
- (8) To institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officer or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company and also to compound and allow time for payment on satisfaction of any debts due and of any claim or demands by or against the Company made therein either according to Indian Law or according to foreign law and either in India or abroad and observe and perform or challenge any award made therein.
- (9) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, winding up and liquidation of companies.
- (10) To make and give receipts, release and other discharge for moneys payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.
- (11) Subject to the provisions of Sections 291 (1), 295, 370 and 372 and other applicable provisions of the Act and these Articles, to invest and deal with any moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purpose thereof, upon such security (not being the shares of this Company) or without security and in such manner as they may think fit and from time to time to vary or realise such investment. Save as provided in Section 49 of the Act, all investments shall be made and held in the Company's own name.
- (12) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability whether as principal or surety, for the benefit of the Company, such mortgage of the Company's property (present and future) as they think fit and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and other powers, provisions, covenants and agreements as shall be agreed upon.

- (13) To open bank accounts and to determine from time to time who shall be entitled to sign, on the Company's behalf, bills, notes, receipt, acceptances, endorsements, cheques, dividend warrants, release, contracts and documents and to give the necessary authority for such purpose.
- (14) To distribute by way of bonus amongst the staff of the Company a share or shares in the profits of the Company and do give to any Director, officer or other person employed by the Company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction and to charge such bonus or commission as a part of working expenses of the Company.
- (15) To provide for the welfare of Directors or Ex-Directors or employees or ex-employees of the Company and the wives, widows and families of the dependents or connections of such persons by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwellings or chawls or by grants of money, pension, gratuities, allowances, bonus or other payments or by creating and from time to time, subscribing or contributing to provident and other associations, institutions any by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instructions and recreation, hospitals, dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Board shall think fit and subject to the provisions of Section 293(1) (e) of the Act, to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions or objects which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company either by reason of locality of operation or the public and general utility or otherwise.
- (16) Before recommending any dividend, to set aside, out of the profits of the Company, such sums as they may think proper for depreciation or the depreciation fund or to an insurance fund or as reserve fund or sinking fund or any special or other fund or funds or account or accounts to meet contingencies or to repay redeemable preference shares, debentures or debenture-stock or for special dividends or for equalising dividends for repairing, improving, extending and maintaining any part of the property of the Company and such other purposes (including the purposes referred to in the proceeding clause) as the Board may, in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company and subject to Section 292 of the Act, to invest the several sums so set aside or so much thereof as required to be invested, upon such investments (other than share of this Company) as they may think fit and from time to time to deal with and vary such investments and dispose off and apply and expend all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, in such manner and for such purposes as the Board in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company notwithstanding that the matters to which the Board apply or upon which they expend the same or any part thereof or upon which the capital moneys of the Company might rightly be applied or expended and to divide the General Reserve or Reserve Fund into such special funds as the Board may think fit with full power to transfer the whole or any portion of a Reserve Fund or division of a Reserve Fund to another Reserve Fund and/or division of a Reserve Fund and with full power to employ the assets constituting all

or any of the above funds including the depreciation fund in the business of the Company or in purchase or repayment of redeemable preference shares, debentures or debenture-stock and without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets and without being bound to pay interest on the same with power however to the Board at their discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds interest at such rate as the Board may think proper.

- (17) To appoint and at their discretion remove or suspend such general managers, managers, secretaries, assistants, supervisors, scientists, technicians, engineers, consultants, legal, medical or economic advisers, research workers, laborers, clerks, agents and servants for permanent, temporary or special services as they may from time to time think fit and to determine their powers and duties and to fix their salaries or emoluments or remuneration and to acquire security in such instances and to such amounts as they may think fit and also from time to time provide for the management and transactions of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere in such manner as they think fit.
- (18) From time to time and at any time to establish any Local Board for managing any of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in Indian or elsewhere and to appoint any person to be members of such Local Boards or managers or agencies and to fix their remuneration.
- (19) Subject to Section 292 of the Act, from time to time and at any time, to delegate to any persons so appointed any of the powers, authorities and make calls or to make loans or borrow moneys and to authorise the members for the time being of such Local Board or any of them to fill up any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding vacancies and such appointment or delegation may be made on such terms subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit and the Board may at any time remove any person so appointed and may annual or vary any such delegation.
- (20) At any time and from time to time by Power of Attorney under the Seal of the Company, to appoint any person or persons to be the Attorney or Attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these presents and excluding the power to make calls and excluding also, except in their limits authorised by the Board, the power to make loans and borrow moneys) and for such period and subject to such appointments may (if the Board may from time to time think fit and any such appointments may (if the Board thinks fit be made in favour of the members of any Local Board established as aforesaid or in favour of any company or the shareholders, Directors, nominees or managers of any company or firm or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board and any such Power of Attorney may contain such powers for the protection of convenience of persons dealing with such Attorneys as the Board may think fit and may contain powers enabling any such delegated attorneys as aforesaid to sub-

delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretion for the time being vested in them.

- (21) Subject to Sections 294, 297, 300 and other applicable provisions of the Act, for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purposes of the Company, to enter into all such negotiations and contacts and rescind and vary all such contracts and execute and do all such acts, deeds and thing in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient.
- (22) From time to time to make, vary and repeal bye-laws for the regulations of the business of the Company, its officers and servants.
- (23) To purchase or otherwise acquire any lands, buildings, machinery, premises, hereditaments, property, effects, assets, rights, credits, royalties, business and goodwill of any joint stock company carrying on the business which the Company is authorised to carry on in any part of India.
- (24) To purchase, take on lease for any term or terms of years or otherwise acquire any factories or any land or lands, with or without buildings and out-houses thereon, situate in any part of India, at such price or rent and under and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fit and in any such purchase, lease or other acquisition to accept such title as the Directors may believe or may be advised to be reasonable satisfactory.
- (25) To insure and keep insured against loss or damage by fire or otherwise for such period and to such extent as it may think proper all or any part of the buildings, machinery, goods, stores, produce and other movable property of the Company, either separately or co-jointly, also to insure all or any portion of the goods, produce, machinery and other articles imported or exported by the Company and to sell, assign, surrender or discontinue any policies of assurance effected in pursuance of this power.
- (26) To purchase or otherwise acquire or obtain licence for the use of and to sell, exchange or grant licence for the use of any trade mark, patent, invention or technical know-how.
- (27) To sell from time to time any articles, materials, machinery, plants, stores and other articles and things belonging to the Company as the Board may think proper and to manufacture, prepare and sell waste and bye-products.
- (28) From time to time to extend the business and undertaking of the Company by adding, altering or enlarging all or any of the buildings, factories, workshops, premises, plant and machinery, for the time being the property of or in the possession of the Company or by erecting new or additional building and to expend such sum of money for the purpose aforesaid or any them as may be thought necessary or expedient.
- (29) To undertake on behalf of the Company any payment of all rents and the performance of the covenants, conditions and agreements contained in or reserved by any lease that may be granted or assigned to or otherwise

acquired by the Company and to purchase the reversion or reversions and otherwise to acquire the free hold simple of all or any of the hands of the Company for the time being held under lease or for an estate less than free hold estate.

- (30) To improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, sell, resell and repurchase, dispose off, deal or otherwise turn to account, any property (movable or immovable) or any rights or privileges belonging to or at the disposal of the Company or in which the Company is interested.
- (31) To let, sell or otherwise dispose off, subject to the provisions of Section 293 of the Act and of the other Articles any property of the Company, either absolutely to conditionally and in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it thinks fit and to accept payment of satisfaction for the same in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit.

MINUTES

Minutes to be made.

- 177. (1) The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of General Meetings and of all proceedings of every meeting of the Board of Directors or of every committee thereof within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned by making entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.
- (2) Each page of every such books shall be initialled or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting in such books shall be dated and signed.
 - (a) in the case of minutes of proceedings of a meeting of Board or of a committee thereof by the Chairman of the said meeting or the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting.
 - (b) in the case of minutes of proceedings of the General Meeting, by the Chairman of the said meeting within the aforesaid period of thirty days or in the event of the death or inability of that Chairman, within that period by a Director duly authorised by the Board for the purpose.
- (3) In no case minutes of proceedings of a meeting shall be attached to any such book as aforesaid by passing or otherwise.
- (4) The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereof.
- (5) All appointments of officers made at any of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meeting.
- (6) In the case of a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee of the Board the minutes shall contain :
 - (a) the names of the Directors present at the meeting;

- (b) in the case of each resolution passed at meeting the names of the Directors, if any, dissenting from or not concurring in the resolution.
- (7) Nothing contained in clauses (1) to (6) hereof shall be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting :
- (a) is or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any person;
 - (b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceeding; or
 - (c) is detrimental to the interest of the Company,

The Chairman shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the ground specified in this sub-clause.

Minutes to be evidence of the proceedings

178. The minutes of proceedings of every General Meeting and of the proceedings of every meeting of the Board or of every committee kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 193 of the Act shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

Presumptions

179. Where the minutes of the proceedings of any General Meeting of the Company or of any meeting of the Board or of a Committee of Directors have been kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 193 of the Act, until the contrary is provided, the meeting shall be deemed to have been duly called and held, all proceedings thereat to have been duly taken place and in particular all appointments of Directors or Liquidators made at the meeting shall be deemed to be valid.

THE SECRETARY

Secretary

180. The Directors may from time to time appoint and at their discretion, remove any individual (hereinafter called "the Secretary") to perform any functions, which by the Act are to be performed by the Secretary and to execute any other ministerial or administrative duties, which may from time to time be assigned to the Secretary by the Directors. The Directors may also at any time appoint some person (who need not be the Secretary) to keep the registers required to be kept by the Company. The appointment of Secretary shall be made according to the provisions of the Companies (Secretary's Qualification) Rules, 1975.

THE SEAL

The Seal, its custody and use

181. (a) The Board of Directors shall provide a Common Seal for the purpose of the Company and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereof and the Board shall provide for the

safe custody of the Seal for the time being, under such regulations as the Board may prescribe.

- (b) The Seal shall not be affixed to any Instrument except by the authority of the Board of Directors or a Committee of the Board previously given and in the presence of at least two Directors of the Company or at least one Director and Secretary or any other person duly authorised by the Board, both of whom shall sign every instrument to which the seal is affixed. Provided further that the certificates of shares or debentures shall be sealed in the manner and in conformity with the provisions of the Companies (Issue of Share Certificates) Rules, 1960 and their statutory modifications for the time being in force.

DIVIDEND

Division of profits

182. (a) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the

The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends

183. The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends, to be paid to members according to their respective rights and interest in the profits and may fix the time for payment and the Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 207 of the Act, but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board of Directors but the Company may declare a smaller dividend in General Meeting.

Dividend out of profits only

184. No dividend shall be payable except out of profits of the Company arrived at in the manner provided for in Section 205 of the Act.

Interim Dividend

185. The Board of Directors may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as in their judgement the position of the Company justifies.

Debts may be deducted

186. (a) The Directors may retain any dividends on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards the satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.

Company may retain dividends

- (b) The Board of Directors may retain the dividend payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the transmission Article entitled to become a member or which any person under that Article is entitled to transfer until such person shall become a member or shall duly transfer the same.

Capital paid up in advance at interest not to earn dividend

187. Where the capital is paid in advance of the calls upon the footing that the same shall carry interest, such capital shall not, whilst carrying interest, confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.

Dividends in proportion to amount paid up

188. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid but if any share is issued on terms, providing that it shall rank for dividends as from a particular date, such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

No member to receive dividend whilst indebted to the Company and the Company's right of reimbursement thereof

189. No member shall be entitled to receive payment of any interest or dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares, whilst any money may be due or owing from him to the Company in respect of such share or shares (or otherwise however either alone or jointly with any other person or persons) and the Board of Directors may deduct from the interest or dividend to any member all such sums of money so due from him to the Company.

Effect of Transfer of shares

190. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared therein before the registration of the transfer.

Dividend to joint holders

191. Any one of several persons who are registered as joint holders of any share may give effectual receipts for all dividends or bonus and payments on account of dividends in respect of shares.

Dividend how remitted

192. The dividend payable in cash may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through post direct to registered address of the shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend or in case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders which is first named on the register of members or to such person and to such address as the holders or the joint holder may in writing direct. The Company shall not be liable or responsible for any cheque or warrant or pay slip or receipt lost in transit or for any dividend lost to the member or person entitled thereto by forged endorsement of any cheque or warrant or forged signature on any pay slip or receipt or the fraudulent recovery of the dividend by any other means.

Notice of dividend

193. Notice of the declaration of any dividend whether interim or otherwise shall be given to the registered holders of share in the manner herein provided.

Reserves

194. The Directors may, before recommending or declaring any dividend set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Directors be applicable for meeting contingencies or for any other purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied and pending such application may, at the like discretion either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Directors may from time to time think fit.

Dividend to be paid within forty two days

195. The Company shall pay the dividend or send the warrant in respect thereof to shareholders entitled to the payment of dividend, within forty-two days from the date of the declaration unless :

- (a) When the dividend could not be paid by reason of the operation of any law.
- (b) Where a shareholder has given directions regarding the payment of the dividend and those directions can not be complied with.
- (c) Where there is a dispute regarding the right to receive the dividend.
- (d) Where the dividend has been lawfully adjusted by the Company against any sum due to it form shareholder; or
- (e) Where for any other reason, the failure to pay the dividend or to post the warrant within the period aforesaid was not due to any default on the part of the Company.

Unclaimed dividend

196. No unpaid/unclaimed dividend shall be forfeited by the Board and the Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 205(1) of the Companies Act, 1956, as regards unclaimed dividends.

Set off of calls against dividend

197. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may on the recommendation of the Directors make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him and so that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend and the dividend may; if so arranged between the Company and the members, be set off against the calls.

Dividend in cash

198. No dividend shall be payable except in cash, provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to prohibit the capitalisation of the profit or reserves of the Company for the purpose of issuing duly paid up bonus shares or paying up any amount for the time being unpaid on any shares held by members of the Company.

Dividend, right shares and bonus shares to be held in abeyance

199. Where any instrument of transfer of shares has been delivered to any company for registration and the transfer of such shares has not been registered by the Company, it shall, notwithstanding any this contained in any other provisions of the Act :

- (a) Transfer the dividend in relation to such shares to the special account referred to in Section 205A unless the Company is authorised by the registered holder of such share in writing to pay such dividend to the transferee specified in such instrument of transfer; and
- (b) Keep in abeyance in relation to such shares any offer of right shares under clause (a) or sub-section (1) of Section 81 and any issue of fully paid-up bonus shares in pursuance of sub-section (8) of Section 205.

CAPITALISATION

Capitalisation

200. (1) The Company in General Meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve :
- (a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution; and
 - (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.
- (2) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (3) either in or towards -
- (i) paying up any amount for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
 - (ii) paying up in full unissued shares of the Company to be allocated and distributed, credited as fully paid up to and amongst members in the proportions aforesaid; or
 - (iii) partly in the way specified in such clause (i) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (ii).
- (3) A share premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purpose of this regulation, only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.
- (4) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this regulation.

Fractional Certificates

201. (1) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall
- (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares and
 - (b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.

- (2) The Board shall have full power :
- (a) to make such provision, by the issue of fractional cash certificate or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions, also
 - (b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively credited as fully paid up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation or (as the case may require) for the payment by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereof of either respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares.
- (3) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.
- (4) That for the purpose of giving effect to any resolution, under the preceding paragraph of this Article, the Directors may give such directions as may be necessary and settle any question or difficulties that may arise in regard to any issue including distribution of new equity shares and fractional certificates as they think fit.

ACCOUNTS

Books to be kept

202. The Company shall keep at its registered office proper books of account as would give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company or its transaction with respect to :
- (a) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure take place;
 - (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company;
 - (c) the assets and liabilities of the Company; and
 - (d) if so required by the Central Government, such particulars relating to utilisation of material or labour or to other items of cost as may be prescribed by that Government.

Provided that all or any of the books of account aforesaid may be kept at such other place in India as the Board of Directors may decide and when the Board of Directors so decides, the Company shall, within seven days of the decision file with the Registrar a notice in writing giving the full address of that other place.

203. Where the Company has a branch office, whether in or outside India, the Company shall be deemed to have complied with the provisions of clause (1) if proper books of account relating to the transactions effected at the branch are kept at that office and proper summarised returns, made upto date at intervals of not more than three months, are sent by the branch office to the Company at its registered office or the

other place referred to in clause 202 The books of account and other books and papers shall be open to inspection by any Directors during business hours.

Inspection by members

204. (a) The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what time and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and works of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members not being Directors.
- (b) No member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account books or documents of the Company except as allowed by law or authorised by the Board.

Statements of Accounts to be furnished to General Meeting

205. The Board of Directors shall from time to time in accordance with Sections 210, 211, 212, 216 and 217 of the Act, cause to be prepared and laid before each Annual General Meeting a Profit and Loss Account for the financial year of the Company and a Balance Sheet made up as at the end of the financial year which shall not proceed the day of the meeting by more than six months or such extended period as shall have been granted by the Registrar under the provisions of the Act.

Right of member to copies of Balance Sheet and Auditors' Report

206. A copy of every balance sheet (including the profit and loss account, the Auditors' Report and every other document required by law to be annexed or attached as the case may be, to the balance sheet) which is to be laid before a Company in general meeting shall, not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting, be sent to every member of the Company, to every trustee for the holders of any debentures issued by the Company, whether such member or trustee is or is not entitled to have notices of general meetings of the Company sent to him and to all persons other than such members or trustees, being persons so entitled. Provided that it will not be required to send a copy of the documents aforesaid :
- (i) to a member or holder of debentures, of the Company, who is not entitled to have notices of general meetings of the Company sent to him and of whose address the Company is unaware;
- (ii) to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debentures none of whom is entitled to have such notices sent to him;
- (iii) in the case of joint holders of any shares or debentures, some of whom are and some of whom are not entitled to have such notices sent to them, to those who are not so entitled;
- (iv) in the case of a Company whose shares are listed on a recognised stock exchange, if the copies of the documents aforesaid are made available for inspection at its registered office during working hours for a period of twenty one days before the date of the meeting and a statement containing the silent features of such documents in the prescribed form or copies of the documents aforesaid, as the Company may deem fit, is sent to every member of the Company and to every trustee for the holders of any debentures issued by the Company not less than twenty one days before the date of the meeting.

AUDIT

Accounts to be Audited

207. Once at least in every year the accounts of the Company shall be examined, balance and audited and the correctness of the Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

Appointment of Auditors

208. (1) Auditors shall be appointed and their qualifications, rights and duties regulated in accordance with Sections 224 and 229 and 231 of the Act.
- (2) The Company shall at each Annual General Meeting appoint at Auditor or Auditors to hold office from conclusion of that meeting until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting and shall within seven days of the appointment give intimation thereof to the Auditor so appointed unless he is a retiring Auditor.
- (3) At any Annual General Meeting a Retiring Auditor, by whatsoever authority appointed, shall be re-appointed unless;
- (a) he is not qualified for re-appointment;
 - (b) he has given to the Company notice in writing of his unwillingness to be re-appointed;
 - (c) a resolution has been passed at that meeting appointing somebody instead of him or providing expressly that he shall not be re-appointed; or
 - (d) where notice has been given of an intended resolution to appoint some person or persons in the place of Retiring Auditor and by reason of the death, incapacity or disqualification of that person or of all those persons as the case may be, the resolution cannot be proceeded with.
- (4) Where at Annual General Meeting, no Auditors are appointed or re-appointed the Central Government may appoint a person to fill the vacancy.
- (5) The Company shall within seven days of the Central Government's power under sub-clause (4) becoming exercisable give notice of that fact to that Government.
- (6) The Directors may fill any casual vacancy in the office of Auditors, but while any such vacancy continues, the surviving or continuing Auditor or Auditors (if any) may act but where such vacancy is caused by the resignation of an Auditor, the vacancy shall only be filled by the Company in General Meeting.
- (7) A person, other than a Retiring Auditor, shall not be capable of being appointed at an Annual General Meeting unless a special notice of a resolution for appointment of that person to the office of Auditor has been given by a member to the Company, not less than fourteen days before the meeting in accordance with Section 190 of the Act and the Company shall

send a copy of any such notice to Retiring Auditor and shall give notice thereof to the members in accordance with Section 190 of the Act and all the other provisions of Section 225 of the Act shall apply in the matter. The provisions of this sub-clause shall also apply to a resolution that Retiring Auditor shall not be re-appointed.

Account when audited and approved to be conclusive except as to errors discovered within 3 months

209. Every account when audited and approved by a General Meeting shall be conclusive except as regards any errors discovered therein within three months next after the approval thereof. Whenever any such error is discovered within that period, the account shall be corrected and thenceforth shall be conclusive.

DOCUMENTS AND NOTICES

To whom documents must be served or given

210. Document or notice of every meeting shall be served or given on or to (a) every member, (b) every person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member and (c) the Auditor or Auditors for the time being of the Company. PROVIDED that when the notice of the meeting is given by advertising the same in newspaper circulating in the neighbourhood of the office of the Company under Article 99, a statement of material facts referred to in Article 100 need not be annexed to the notice, as is required by that Article, but it shall merely be mentioned in the advertisement that the statement has been forwarded to the members of the Company.

Members bound by documents or notices served on or given to previous holder

211. Every person, who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share be bounded by every document or notice in respect of such share, which prior to his name and address being entered on the Register of Members, shall have been duly served on or given to the person from whom he derived his title to such share.

Service of Documents

212. A document may be served on the Company or an officer thereof by sending it to the Company or officer at the Registered Office of the Company by post under a certificate of posting or by registered post or by leaving it at its Registered Office.

Authentication of documents and proceedings

213. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a document or proceedings requiring authentication by the Company may be signed by a Director, the Managing Director or the Secretary or other authorised officer of the Company and need not be under the Common Seal of the Company.

REGISTER AND DOCUMENTS

Registers and documents to be maintained by the Company

214. The Company shall keep and maintain Registers, Books and Documents required by the Act or these Articles, including the following :
- (a) Register of Investments made by the Company but not held in its own name as required by Section 49 (7) of the Act.
 - (b) Register of Mortgages and Charges as required by Section 143 of the Act and copies of instruments creating any charge requiring registration according to Section 136 of the Act.
 - (c) Register and Index of Members and Debenture holder as required by Sections 150, 151 and 152 of the Act.
 - (d) Foreign Register, if so thought fit, as required by Section 157 of the Act.
 - (e) Register of Contracts with Companies and Firms in which Directors are interested as required by Section 301 of the Act.
 - (f) Register of Directors and Secretary as required by Section 303 of the Act.
 - (g) Register as to holdings by Directors of shares and/or debentures in the Company as required by Section 307 of the Act.
 - (h) Register of Investments made by the Company in Shares and Debentures of the bodies corporate in the same group as required by Section 372 (2) of the Act.
 - (i) Copies of Annual Returns prepared under Section 159 of the Act together with the copies of certificates and documents required to be annexed thereto under Section 161 of the Act.
 - (j) Register of loans, guarantees or securities given to other companies under the same management as required by Section 370 of the Act.
 - (k) Register of renewed and duplicate certificates and required under Rule 7 (2) of the Companies Issue of Share Certificates Rules, 1960.

Inspection of Registers

215. The Registers mentioned in clause (f) and (i) of the foregoing Article and the minutes of all proceedings of general meetings shall be open to inspection and extracts may be taken therefrom and copies thereof may be required by any member of the Company in the same manner, to the same extent and on payment of the same fees as in case of the Register of Members of the Company provided for in clause (c) thereof Copies of entries in the Registers mentioned in the foregoing Article shall be furnished to the persons entitled to the same on such days and during such business hours as may be consistent with the provisions of the Act in that behalf as determined by the Company in General Meeting.

WINDING UP

Distribution of Assets

216. If the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distributing among the members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that as nearly as may be the losses shall be borne by the members in the proportion to the capital paid up or which shall be borne by the members in the proportion to the capital paid up or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of winding up, on the shares held by them respectively and if in the winding up, the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed amongst members in proportion to the capital at the commencement of the winding up, paid up or which ought to have been paid up on the shares held by them respectively. But this Article is to be without prejudice to the rights of the holders of shares issued upon special terms and conditions.

Distribution in specie or kind

217. (a) If the Company shall be wound up, whether voluntarily or otherwise, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution, divide amongst the contributories in specie or kind, any part of the assets of the Company and may with the like sanction vest any part of the assets of the Company in Trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories or any of them as the Liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit.
- (b) If thought expedient any such division may subject to the provisions of the Act be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories (except where unalterably fixed by the Memorandum of Association) and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories, shall be determined on any contributory who would be prejudicial thereby shall have a right to dissent and ancillary rights as if such determination were a special resolution passed pursuant to Section 494 of the Act.
- (c) In case any shares to be divided as aforesaid involve a liability to calls or otherwise, any person entitled under such division to any of the said shares may within ten days after the passing of the special resolution by notice in writing direct the liquidator to sell his proportion and pay him the net proceeds and the liquidator shall, if practicable, act accordingly.

Right of shareholders in case of sale

218. A special resolution sanctioning a sale to any other company duly passed pursuant to Section 494 of the Act may, subject to the provisions of the Act, in like manner as aforesaid determine that any shares or other consideration receivable by the Liquidator be distributed against the members otherwise than in accordance with their existing rights and any such determination shall be binding upon all the members subject to the rights of dissent and consequential right conferred by the said sanction.

Directors and others right to indemnity

219. Subject to the provisions of Section 201 of the Act, every Director or officer or servant of the Company or any person (whether an officer of the Company or not) employed by the Company as auditor, shall be indemnified by the Company against and it shall be the duty of the Directors, out of the funds of the Company, to pay all costs, charges, losses and damages which any such person may incur or become liable to by reason of any contract entered into or any act, deed, matter or thing done, concurred in or omitted to be done by him in any way in or about the execution or discharge of his duties or supposed duties (except such, if any, as he shall incur or sustain through or by his own wrongful act, neglect or default) including expenses and in particular and so as not to limit the generality of the foregoing provisions against all liabilities incurred by him as such Director, Officer or Auditor or other Officer of the Company in defending any proceedings whether civil or criminal in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under Section 633 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

Director, officer not responsible for acts of others

220. Subject to the provisions of Section 201 of the Act, no Director, Auditor or other Officer of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Director or Officer or for joining in any receipt or other act for confirmity or for any loss or expenses happening to the Company through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Directors for or on behalf of the Company or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested or for any loss or damages arising from the insolvency or tortuous act of any person, firm or company to or with whom any moneys, securities or effects shall be entrusted or deposited or any loss occasioned by any error of judgement, omission, default or oversight on his part or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatever shall happen in relation to execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto unless the same shall happens through his own dishonesty.

SECRECY CLAUSE

Secrecy Clause

221. Every Director, Manager, Auditor, Treasurer, Trustee, Member of a Committee, Officer, Servant, Agent, Accountant or other person employed in the business of the Company shall, if so required by the Director, before entering upon his duties, sign a declaration pledging himself to observe a strict secrecy respecting all transactions and affairs of the Company with the customers and the state of the accounts with individuals and in matter thereto and shall, by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties, except when required to do so by the Directors or by law or by the person to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of provisions in these presents contained.

No member to enter the premises of the Company without permission

222. No member or other person (not being a Director) shall be entitled to visit or inspect any property or premises of the Company without the permission of the Board of Directors or Managing Director or to inquire discovery of or any information respecting any details of a trade secret, mystery of trade, secret process or any other matter which relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors, it would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose.

We the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of these Articles of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:-

Sr. No.	Name, Addresses, Descriptions, Occupation and Signatures of Subscribers	Number of Equity Shares taken by each Subscriber	Name/s and Signature/s of the Witness/es and their Address/es, Description/s, Occupation/s
1.	Anjan Raja S/o. Harshad Raja 19, Nilparna Society, Paldi, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	<p>Common witness to all Sd/- DEVANG DOCTOR S/o. Anilkumar Doctor 601, Sanjay Apartments, V.S. Marg, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad - 380 006. Occ. : Chartered Accountant</p>
2.	Vipul Raja S/o. Harshad Raja 19, Nilparna Society, Paldi, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
3.	Minal Raja W/o. Anjan Raja 19, Nilparna Society, Paldi, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
4.	Sonal Raja W/o. Vipul Raja 19, Nilparna Society, Paldi, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
5.	Bhavin Mashruwala S/o. Devendra Mashruwala Ashwamegh Bunglow No. 2, Satellite Road, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
6.	Gunvant Shah S/o. Bababhai Shah 78, Lavanya Society, Vikasgruh Road, Paldi, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
7.	Purnima Mashruwala W/o. Devendra Mashruwala Ashwamegh Bunglow No. 2, Satellite Road, Ahmedabad. Occ. : Business Sd/-	10 (Ten)	
		70 (Seventy)	

Place : Ahmedabad.

Dated this 31st day of March, 1992.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT ALLAHABAD
ORIGINAL COMPANY JURISDICTION

ANNEXURE No....12.....

IN

COMPANY APPLICATION No..... OF 2009
[Under Section 391 read with Section 394 of the Companies Act]

IN THE MATTER OF AMALGAMATION OF :

JAYPEE HOTELS LIMITED
JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED [
JAIPRAKASH ENTERPRISES LIMITED
GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

WITH

JAIPRAKASH ASSOCIATES LIMITED

DISTRICT : GAUTAM BUDDHA NAGAR

1. JAIPRAKASH ASSOCIATES LIMITED
having its registered office at
Sector - 128, NOIDA- 201304
District Gautam Buddha Nagar, (UP). Transferee Company
2. JAYPEE HOTELS LIMITED
having its registered office at
Hotel Jaypee Palace, Fatehabad Road,
Agra, Uttar Pradesh.Transferor Company No. 1
3. JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED
having its registered office at
5 Park Road, Hazratganj,
Lucknow 226 001Transferor Company No. 2
4. JAIPRAKASH ENTERPRISES LIMITED
having its registered office at
Sector - 128, NOIDA- 201304
District Gautam Buddha Nagar, (UP). Transferor Company No. 3
5. GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED
having its registered office at
Sector - 128, NOIDA- 201304
District Gautam Buddha Nagar, (UP)Transferor Company No. 4

..... **APPLICANTS**

GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

Regd. Office : 24, Sumeru Bungalows, Ramdev Nagar, Satyagraha Chhavni, Opp. Rajsurya Bungalows, Satellite Road, Ahmedabad - 380 015.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the **Sixteenth Annual General Meeting** of the Members of **GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED** will be held on **Monday 18th August 2008 at 11 A.M.** at **24, Sumeru Bungalows, Ramdev Nagar, Satyagraha Chhavni, Opp. Rajsurya Bungalows, Satellite Road, Ahmedabad - 380 015** to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited **Balance Sheet** as at **31st.March, 2008** and **Statement of Incidental Expenditure** during construction period pending allocation for the year ended on that date and the **Reports of Directors and Auditors** thereon.
2. To appoint a Director in place of **Shri Samir Gaur**, who retires by rotation, and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
3. To appoint a Director in place of **Shri Harish K. Vaid**, who retires by rotation, and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
4. To appoint M/s Ravi Rajan & Co., Chartered Accountants as **Statutory Auditors** of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of this Meeting until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting, and to fix their remuneration.



SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolutions:

5. To consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**.

"RESOLVED that pursuant to provisions of sections 198, 269, 309, 310 and 311 read with Schedule XIII and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 1956 as amended from time to time and all applicable guidelines for managerial remuneration issued by the Central Government from time to time and subject to such approvals, if any, the Company hereby approves the appointment of Shri Ranvijay Singh as the "Whole Time Director" for a period of three years w.e.f 01st October 2007 on the following terms and conditions including remuneration, with liberty to the Board (which term shall be deemed to include any committee constituted / to be constituted by the Board) from time to time to alter the said terms and conditions in such manner as may be agreed to between the Board and Shri Ranvijay Singh in the best interest of the Company and as may be permissible at law and that Shri Manoj Gaur, Chairman of the Board is permitted to fix ceilings / limits of various perquisites to be given to Shri Ranvijay Singh.

A. PERIOD

Three years w.e.f 01st October 2007.

B. REMUNERATION**Salary**

Rs. 1,50,000/- per month in the pay scale of Rs. 75,000-10,000-1,25,000-12,500-1,87,500



Perquisites

Perquisites which may include accommodation / IIRA, reimbursement of expenses for gas, electricity, water and furnishings, medical reimbursement, LTC, personal accident insurance, use of car and telephone, contribution to Provident fund, Superannuation fund or annuity fund, Gratuity payable at a rate not exceeding half a month's salary for each completed year of service and leave encashment at the end of the tenure, etc., shall be allowed in addition to salary. Perquisites shall be restricted to an amount equal to the annual salary or the amount of entitlement in accordance with Schedule XIII of the Companies Act, 1956 as amended from time to time, whichever is less. Further in the event of absence or inadequacy of profits, the aforesaid remuneration shall be paid as the minimum remuneration."

6. To consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**.

"RESOLVED that pursuant to provisions of sections 198, 269, 309, 310 and 311 read with Schedule XIII and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 1956 as amended from time to time and all applicable guidelines for managerial remuneration issued by the Central Government from time to time and subject to such approvals, if any, the Company hereby approves the appointment of Shri Alok Gaur as the "Whole Time Director" for a period of three years w.e.f 01st October 2007 on the following terms and conditions including remuneration, with liberty to the Board (which term shall be deemed to include any committee constituted / to be constituted by the Board) from time to time to alter the said terms and conditions in such manner as may be agreed to between the Board and Shri Alok Gaur in the best interest of the Company and as may be permissible at law and that Shri Manoj Gaur, Chairman of the Board is permitted to fix ceilings / limits of various perquisites to be given to Shri Alok Gaur.



A. PERIOD

Three years w.e.f 01st October 2007.

B. REMUNERATION**Salary**

Rs. 1,05,000/- per month in the pay scale of Rs. : 10,000-1,25,000-12,500-1,87,500.

Perquisites

Perquisites which may include accommodation / HRA, reimbursement of expenses for gas, electricity, water and furnishings, medical reimbursement, LTC, personal accident insurance, use of car and telephone, contribution to Provident fund, Superannuation fund or annuity fund, Gratuity payable at a rate not exceeding half a month's salary for each completed year of service and leave encashment at the end of the tenure, etc., shall be allowed in addition to salary. Perquisites shall be restricted to an amount equal to the annual salary or the amount of entitlement in accordance with Schedule XIII of the Companies Act, 1956 as amended from time to time, whichever is less. Further in the event of absence or inadequacy of profits, the aforesaid remuneration shall be paid as the minimum remuneration."

By Order of the Board

For **GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED**



Mahendra Parekh

(Mahendra Parekh)

Company

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 10th June, 2008

NOTES :

- (i) Relevant Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 173 (2) of the Companies Act, 1956 in respect of resolution set out under **item no. 5 & 6** is annexed hereto.
- (ii) A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. PROXIES IN ORDER TO BE EFFECTIVE MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE MEETING.
- (iii) Shareholders are requested to notify change of address, if any, to the Company at its Registered Office quoting their folio numbers

Explanatory Statement pursuant to provisions of Section 173 (2) of the Companies Act, 1956.

Item No. 5.

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 18th September 2007, had appointed Shri Ranvijay Singh as the Whole Time Director of the Company for a period of three years w.e.f 01st October 2007 on the detailed terms as to remuneration and otherwise, as set out in the resolution under this item of the notice.

Shri Ranvijay Singh is an Engineer with a brilliant academic record, having rich experience of over 18 years in the field of setting up of green field Cement Plants, its execution and operation. He has been associated with Jaypee Group since the beginning of his carrier. Apart from his considerable experience in the industry,



being associated with the Group for several years, he is well conversant with the affairs of the Company. His experience and expertise are being suitably utilized by the Company during his association with the Company in various capacities.

Considering the back ground, competence and experience of Shri Ranvijay Singh as also his association with Jaypee Group for the last several years, and compared to the remuneration packages of similarly placed personnel of other corporate bodies in the country, the terms of his remuneration as set out in the resolution are considered to be fair, just and reasonable .

An abstract u/s 302 of the Companies Act, 1956 relating to Shri Ranvijay Singh was sent to the Members earlier, and the present one may be treated as further abstract relating to his terms of appointment.

Shri Ranvijay Singh is interested in the resolution, since it relates to his appointment.

Information pursuant to Schedule XIII Part - II section - II of the Companies Act, 1956.

1. **General Information**

a.	Nature of Industry	-	Cement Plant
b.	Expected date of commencement of commercial production	-	End of this Calendar year
c.	Financial performance	-	Company is yet to Commence production
d.	Export performance	-	NIL
e.	Foreign investments or Collaboration	-	NIL



2. Information about the appointee

- | | | | |
|----|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| a. | Background details | - | Civil Engineer with a rich experience of 18 yrs. in the field of setting up of Cement Plants and its Operations |
| b. | Past remuneration | - | NIL |
| c. | Recognition or Awards | - | NIL |
| d. | Job profile and his suitability | - | In-charge of setting up of Cement and Grinding Unit as well as Power Plant of the Company. Having past experience in the field |
| e. | Remuneration proposed | - | As given in the Notice |
| f. | Comparative remuneration | - | Its fair and reasonable compared to industry remuneration in the given field |
| g. | Pecuniary relationship | - | Promoter Director |

3. Other Information

- | | | | |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| a. | Reasons of loss or inadequate profits | - | Company is yet to commence commercial production |
| b. | Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement | - | All efforts are being made to set up the Plant as planned |
| c. | Expected increase in productivity / profit | - | Not applicable at this stage |



Item No. 6.

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 18th September 2007, had appointed Shri Alok Gaur as the Whole Time Director of the Company for a period of three years w.e.f 01st October 2007 on the detailed terms as to remuneration and otherwise, as set out in the resolution under this item of the notice.

Shri Alok Gaur is an Electrical (Engineer) from IIT, Roorkee with a brilliant academic record, having served in Larsen & Toubro for seven years, operated his own Consultancy Firm for around nine years and was visiting Faculty in the leading Management Institutes. He has been associated with Jaypee Group since last eight years. His experience and expertise are being suitably utilized by the Company during his association with the Company in various capacities.

Considering the back ground, competence and experience of Shri Alok Gaur as also his association with Jaypee Group for the last several years, and compared to the remuneration packages of similarly placed personnel of other corporate bodies in the country, the terms of his remuneration as set out in the resolution are considered to be fair, just and reasonable.

An abstract u/s 302 of the Companies Act, 1956 relating to Shri Alok Gaur was sent to the Members earlier, and the present one may be treated as further abstract relating to his terms of appointment.

Shri Alok Gaur is interested in the resolution, since it relates to his appointment.

Information pursuant to Schedule XIII Part - II section - II of the Companies Act, 1956.



1. **General Information**

- | | | | |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| a. | Nature of Industry | - | Cement Plant |
| b. | Expected date of commencement of commercial production | - | End of this Calendar year |
| c. | Financial performance | - | Company is yet to commence production |
| d. | Export performance | - | NIL |
| e. | Foreign investments or collaboration | - | NIL |

2. **Information about the appointee**

- | | | | |
|----|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| a. | Background details | - | Electrical Engineer from IIT, 7 yrs. Marketing experience with L & T, Business Consultancy to leading companies for 9 yrs and visiting faculty to Business Management institutes of repute |
| b. | Past remuneration | - | NIL |
| c. | Recognition or Awards | - | NIL |
| d. | Job profile and his suitability | - | In-charge of Administrative & Liaisoning Department of the Organisation |
| e. | Remuneration proposed | - | As given in the Notice |
| f. | Comparative remuneration | - | Its fair and reasonable compared to industry remuneration in the given field |



- g. Pecuniary relationship - None except the remuneration from the Company

3. Other Information

- a. Reasons of loss or inadequate profits - Company is yet to commence commercial production
- d. Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement - All efforts are being made to set up the Plant as planned
- e. Expected increase in productivity / profit - Not applicable at this stage

By Order of the Board



Mahendra Parekh

(Mahendra Parekh)

Company Secretary

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 10th June, 2008

PROXY FORM
GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

Regd. Office : 24, Sumeru Bungalows, Ramdev Nagar, Satyagraha Chhavni, Opp.
Rajsurya Bungalows, Satellite Road, Ahmedabad - 280 015.

I/We of
 in the district of
 being a
 member/members of the above named Company, hereby appoint
 of
 in the district of
 or failing him
 of
 in the district of
 as my / our Proxy to vote for
 me/us on my /our behalf at the **16th Annual General Meeting** of the Company to
 be held on **Monday, 18th August, 2008** at **11 A.M** and at any adjournment
 thereof.

Signed this Day of 2007

Allix Rupee
 One Revenue
 Stamp

- NOTES:
- a) The form should be signed across the stamp as per specimen signature registered with the Company.
 - b) The proxy form should be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company forty - eight hours before the time for holding meeting.



GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LTD.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To
The Members,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the **Sixteenth Annual Report** together with the Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended **31st March 2008**.

YEAR UNDER REVIEW:

As you are aware, the Company is setting up a cement plant of 1.2 mtpa capacity at village Vayor, Taluka Abdasa, Distt. Kutch in Gujarat. The land for plant, township and other facilities has been acquired. Sanction for mining leases has been received. Basic infrastructure including accommodation for executives, staff, contract workers has been completed. At the plant level, work on cement silo, preheater, cement mill, captive power plant are progressing as planned. The Plant is planned to be commissioned by the end of this calendar year.

Necessary funds required for the Project have been tied up.

For the year under report, the details of '**Expenditure during construction period pending allocation**' are as under :

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)	
	For the year ended 31 st March 2008	For the year ended 31 st March 2007
Opening Balance	2454.97	1698.06
Incurred during the year (Net)	3920.75	756.91
Total Carried to Balance Sheet	6375.72	2454.97

DIVIDEND :

Since the Company's Project is still under implementation, no dividend is recommended.

DIRECTORATE :

In accordance with Article 150 of the Articles of Association of the Company, Shri Samir Gaur and Shri Harish K. Vaid Directors of the Company retire from the Board, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

Further, during the year Shri Ranvijay Singh and Shri Alok Gaur were appointed as Whole Time Directors of the Company for a period of three years w.e.f 01st October 2007. Necessary resolutions for confirmation of their appointment have been put in the notice of AGM for the approval of shareholders.

DEPOSITS :

The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Section 58-A of the Companies Act, 1956 and the rules framed thereunder.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES :

There were no employees during the year under report requiring disclosure under Section 217 (2A) of the Companies Act, 1956 read with the Companies (Particulars of Employees) Rules, 1975, as amended.

PARTICULARS OF CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, ETC. :

The provisions relating to particulars with respect to conservation of energy as per Section 217 (1) (e) of the Companies Act, 1956, read with the Companies (Disclosure of Particulars in the Report of Directors) Rules, 1988 are not applicable for the year ended 31st March 2008.

There were no foreign exchange earnings and outgo during the year under report.

AUDIT REPORT AND NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS :

The observations of Auditors and Notes to the Accounts are self explanatory.

AUDITORS :

M/s. Ravi Rajan & Co., Chartered Accountants, Statutory Auditors of the Company, hold office until the conclusion of the ensuing Annual general meeting of the Company, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT :

As per the requirements of section 217 (2AA) of the Companies Act, 1956, your Directors also confirm that :

- (i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed and that there were no material departures;
- (ii) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the expenditure during construction incurred by the Company in that period;
- (iii) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (iv) the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.

COMMUNITY SERVICES :

Keeping the social obligations in mind and firm commitment of the management to contribute to the development of the society at large, your Company has taken initiatives to build primary school at Plant site wherein education in local language as well as in English medium would be provided to the children from the surrounding villages. Further, arrangements have been made to provide medical facilities to the villagers at their door step by deploying a medical van equipped with Doctor and para medical staff with adequate medicines to at least five locations which will cover around ten villages.

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS :

Cordial industrial relations were maintained at the Company's plant and office and the management appreciates the support of employees at all levels and looks forward to their continuous involvement in years to come.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT :

Your Directors wish to place on record their appreciation and gratitude to various departments and undertakings of Government, the Bankers and parties with whom the Company had dealings, for their valuable support and co-operation. Your Directors also wish to place on record their appreciation for the shareholders for their continued confidence in the management.

On behalf of the Board

Sd/-

(Manoj Gaur)
Chairman

Place : New Delhi
Date : 22nd April, 2008.

AUDITORS' REPORT


To The Members of
Gujarat Anjan Cement Limited

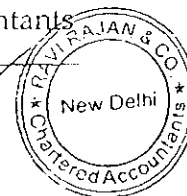
1. We have audited the attached Balance Sheet of Gujarat Anjan Cement Limited as at 31st March, 2008, the Statement of Incidental Expenditure during Construction Period Pending Allocation and the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on that date annexed thereto. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
2. We conducted the audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in India. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003, as amended by the Companies (Auditor's Report) (Amendment) Order 2004, issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (4A) of Section 227 of the Companies Act, 1956, we enclose in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 4 and 5 of the said Order.
4. Further to our comments in the Annexure referred to above, we report that:
 - (i) We have obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - (ii) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - (iii) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Incidental Expenditure during Construction Period Pending Allocation and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (iv) In our opinion, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Incidental Expenditure during Construction Period Pending Allocation and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report comply with the accounting standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956.



- (v) On the basis of written representations received from the directors, as on 31st March, 2008, we report that none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2008 from being appointed as a director in terms of clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 274 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- (vi) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the said accounts give the information required by the Companies Act, 1956 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:
- (a) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2008;
- (b) in the case of the Statement of Incidental Expenditure during Construction Period Pending Allocation, of the expenditure incurred during construction period for the year ended on that date; and
- (c) in the case of cash flow statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

For Ravi Rajan & Co
Chartered Accountants


(B.S. Rawat)
Partner
M.No. 034159



Place : New Delhi
Date : 22.04.2008

ANNEXURE TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 4 of our report of even date on the accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2008 of Gujarat Anjan Cement Limited :

1. a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;
b) The Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management at the end of the year. In our opinion frequency of verification is reasonable considering the size of the Company and nature of its business;
c) The Company has not disposed of a substantial part of fixed assets during the year;
2. Since the company's project is under implementation and has no production related inventory, clause 4 (2) pertaining to physical verification is not applicable.
3. a) The company has not taken any loans, secured or unsecured, during the year from the companies, firms and other parties listed in the register maintained under section 301 of Companies Act, 1956.
b) The company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, during the year to the companies, firms and other parties listed in the register maintained under section 301 of Companies Act, 1956.
4. In our opinion and according to the explanations given to us, there is adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the company and nature of its business with regard to purchase of fixed assets; there is no purchase of inventory and sale of goods and services. During the course of our audit we have not observed any weakness in internal control system.
5. Based on the audit procedures applied by us and according to the information and explanation given to us we are of the opinion that the particulars of contracts or arrangements referred to in section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956 have been entered into the register required to be maintained under the section. The transactions made in pursuance of such contracts or arrangements have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to prevailing market prices at the relevant time.
6. The Company has not accepted any deposit from the public within the provisions of section 58A and 58AA of the Companies Act 1956 and the rules framed there under.
7. In our opinion the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size & nature of its business.




8. We have been informed that since the company is yet to commence production, the provisions of section 209 (1) (d) of the Companies Act, 1956 with regard to maintenance of cost records are not applicable.
9. a) As per records produced before us and accordingly to the information & explanations given to us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues i.e. Provident Fund, Income Tax, FBT, Service Tax etc applicable to it with appropriate authorities and there were no arrears of such dues at the year-end which have remained outstanding for a period of more than six months from the day they became payable.

b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of sales tax, income tax, fringe benefit tax, service tax, custom duty, wealth tax, excise duty and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
10. In our opinion, the company has no accumulated losses at the end of the financial year and has not incurred cash losses in the financial year covered by our audit or in the immediately preceding such financial year.
11. As per the information and explanation given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to financial institutions and/or banks. There is no dues to debenture holders.
12. Based on our examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not granted loans & advances on the basis of security by way of pledge of shares, debenture and other securities during the year.
13. In our opinion, the Company is not a chit fund or a nidhi / mutual benefit fund / society. Therefore, the provisions of clause 4 (xiii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
14. In our opinion, the Company is not dealing in or trading in shares, securities, debentures and other investments. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 4 (xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
15. On the basis of the information and explanations given to us, the company has not given any guarantees for loans taken by others from banks or financial institutions during the year.
16. To the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us, term loans availed by the company were applied by the company during the year for the purposes for which the loans were obtained.

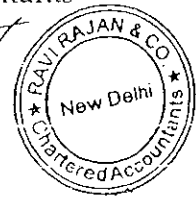


17. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the Balance Sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term investment.
18. According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not made any preferential allotment of shares to parties and companies covered in the register maintained under Section 301 of the Act.
19. The Company has not issued any debenture during the year.
20. As the Company has not raised any money by way of public issue or right issue during the year, Clause (xx) of Para 4 of the Order is not applicable.
21. According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud on or by the company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.

For Ravi Rajan & Co
Chartered Accountants



(B.S. Rawat)
Partner
M.No. 034159



Place : New Delhi

Date : 22.04.2008

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GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

(In Rupees)

AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2008

	SCHEDULE	March 31, 2008		March 31, 2007	
SOURCES OF FUNDS					
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS					
Share Capital	A		3,339,750,700		369,750,700
Share Application Money			318,347,190		553,347,190
Reserves & Surplus	B		575,860		575,860
LOAN FUNDS					
Secured Loans	C		3,994,915,735		994,400,000
TOTAL FUNDS EMPLOYED			7,653,589,485		1,918,073,750
APPLICATION OF FUNDS					
FIXED ASSETS					
Gross Block	D	175,625,138		134,428,767	
Less Depreciation		7,042,564		2,789,868	
Net Block		168,582,574		131,638,899	
Capital Work-in-Progress		6,847,751,398	7,653,905,916	1,175,775,647	1,552,911,222
Incidental Expenditure During Construction Period, Pending Allocation		637,571,944		245,496,676	
INVESTMENTS	E		190,077,100		550,000
CURRENT ASSETS, LOANS & ADVANCES					
Cash & Bank Balances	F	108,564,884		413,334,660	
Loans & Advances		407,592,722		33,005,430	
Less CURRENT LIABILITIES & PROVISIONS	G	516,157,606		446,340,090	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		724,506,666	(208,349,060)	91,837,091	354,502,999
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURE	H		17,955,529		10,109,529
TOTAL APPLICATION OF FUNDS			7,653,589,485		1,918,073,750

Accounting Policies and Notes to the Accounts

As per our report of even date attached to the Balance Sheet

for Ravi Rajan & Co
Chartered Accountants

B S Rawat
Partner



Place New Delhi
Dated April 22, 2008

For and on behalf of the Board

MSK

Chairman

Yash
Director

Mahendra Parekh

Mahendra Parekh
General Manager & Company Secretary

GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

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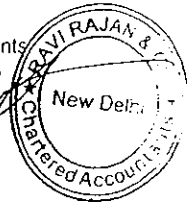
STATEMENT OF INCIDENTAL EXPENDITURE DURING CONSTRUCTION PERIOD PENDING ALLOCATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2008

	(In Rupees)	
	2007-08	2006-07
Opening Balance as on 01.04.07	245,496,676	169,806,142
Site Development Expenses	18,014,123	14,588,077
Salary, Wages & other Benefits	19,918,232	4,225,661
Staff Welfare Expenses	2,702,097	1,619,497
Stores & Spares Consumed	3,679,613	3,740,853
Travelling & Conveyance	4,877,903	2,297,906
Electricity, Power & Fuel	17,926,713	1,147,587
Insurance	14,763,500	429,604
Interest(Net)	219,078,278	9,674,635
Up-front Fee	18,319,200	13,707,110
LC Commission, Bank Charges & Bank Guarantee Commission	38,387,504	6,020,441
Legal and Professional	987,072	4,288,327
Auditors' Remuneration		
- Audit Fees	168,540	168,360
- Other Services	5,618	5,612
- Reimbursement of Expenses	-	2,000
Rates, Taxes and Fees	2,062,949	3,046,875
Vehicles Running and Maintenance	2,000,920	1,048,204
Rent Expenses	1,977,676	730,278
Telephone Expenses	1,644,911	284,550
Postage, Courier & Networking Expenses	1,237,814	1,173,004
Repair & Maintenance	1,519,764	1,875,714
Freight & Octroi	71,995	249,896
Advertisement & Publicity	541,170	125,028
Printing & Stationery	549,669	474,362
Miscellaneous	1,208,152	1,357,846
Depreciation	4,252,695	2,255,597
Loss on Sale of Investments	15,066,400	-
Loss on Settlement of Loans and Gurantees	-	400,000
	636,459,184	245,548,312
Interest Received		
Less : Provision for Wealth Tax	165,100	
Provision for Fringe Benefit Tax	947,660	753,510
Total Carried to Balance Sheet	637,571,944	245,496,676

As per our report of even date
attached to the Balance Sheet

for Ravi Rajan & Co
Chartered Accountants

B. S. Rawat
Partner



For and on behalf of the Board

Chairman

Director

Mahendra Parekh

General Manager & Company Secretary

Place : New Delhi
Dated : April 22, 2008

GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

(In Rupees)

	March 31, 2008	March 31, 2007
SCHEDULE - A		
SHARE CAPITAL		
Authorised : 35,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each (Previous Year 20,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each)	3,500,000,000	2,000,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up		
Fully Paid Up 33,39,75,070 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each (Previous Year 3,69,75,070 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each)	3,339,750,700	369,750,700
TOTAL	3,339,750,700	369,750,700
SCHEDULE - B		
RESERVES & SURPLUS		
General Reserve	575,860	575,860
TOTAL	575,860	575,860
SCHEDULE - C		
SECURED LOANS		
TERM LOANS:		
From Financial Institutions	44,400,000	44,400,000
From Banks	3,950,515,735	950,000,000
TOTAL	3,994,915,735	994,400,000



GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

SCHEDULE - D FIXED ASSETS

PARTICULARS	GROSS BLOCK			DEPRECIATION			NET BLOCK		
	As on 1.04.2007	Additions during the Year	Sale during the Year	As on 31.03.2008	Upto 31.03.2007	For the Year	Sale/ Adjustment	As on 31.03.2008	As on 31.03.2007
1 Land	85,808,461	3,637,785	-	89,446,246	-	-	-	89,446,246	85,808,461
2 Buildings	16,221,235	-	-	16,221,235	528,812	264,407	-	15,428,016	15,692,423
3 Plant & Machinery	7,643,609	5,705,216	-	13,348,825	121,709	572,966	-	12,654,150	7,521,900
4 Furniture & Fixtures	2,526,912	4,124,422	-	6,651,334	523,221	213,925	-	5,914,188	2,003,691
5 Office Equipment	6,317,928	11,829,835	-	18,147,763	510,626	1,080,421	-	16,556,716	5,807,302
6 Motor Vehicles	15,910,622	15,899,113	-	31,809,735	1,105,500	2,120,977	-	28,583,258	14,805,122
	134,428,767	41,196,371	-	175,625,138	2,789,868	4,252,696	-	168,582,574	131,638,899
PREVIOUS YEAR	111,309,830	23,118,937	-	134,428,767	534,271	2,255,597	-	131,638,899	

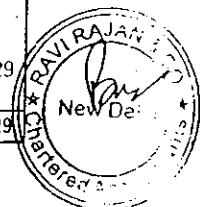
Note: Depreciation for the year Rs.42,52,695 (Previous Year Rs.22,55,597) has been included in the Statement of Incidental Expenditure during Construction Period, Pending Allocation



GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

(In Rupees)

	March 31, 2008	March 31, 2007
SCHEDULE - E		
INVESTMENTS (AT COST):		
Quoted		
8,68,000 Equity Shares of Sumeru Industries Ltd. of Re. 1/- each fully paid up	550,000	550,000
Market value Rs. 16,92,600/- (Previous year Rs. 10,06,880)		
Unquoted		
7,36,620 Equity Shares of RPJ Minerals Pvt. Limited of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up	121,257,100	-
Share Application Money to RPJ Minerals Pvt. Limited	5,000,000	-
23,575 Equity Shares of Sonebhadra Minerals Pvt. Limited of Rs. 100/- each fully paid up	63,270,000	-
TOTAL	190,077,100	550,000
SCHEDULE - F		
CURRENT ASSETS AND LOANS & ADVANCES		
A. CURRENT ASSETS :		
1 CASH & BANK BALANCES		
a) Cash, Cheques in Hand and in Transit	562,512	400,706,161
b) Balances with Scheduled Banks		
(i) In Current Account	29,568,203	9,981,702
(ii) In Fixed Deposit Account (Inclusive of Margin Money Rs 5,15,058 with Banks)	71,686,010	2,637,989
2 INVENTORY		
Store Consumables	6,578,464	-
3 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
Interest accrued on Fixed Deposits with Bank	169,695	8,808
TOTAL-A	108,564,884	413,334,660
B. LOANS AND ADVANCES		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Advances to Suppliers, Contractors & Others	32,547,772	524,978
Staff Imprest and Advances	593,679	500,517
Claims and Refunds Receivable	355,367,975	20,077,345
Prepaid Expenses	6,497,852	3,305,266
Deposit with Govt. Depts., Public Bodies and Others		
Govt. Depts. & Public Bodies	9,653,582	8,361,982
Others	82,150	54,100
Tax Paid/ Deducted at Source	2,849,712	181,242
TOTAL-B	407,592,722	33,005,430
TOTAL-A+B	516,157,606	446,340,090
SCHEDULE - G		
CURRENT LIABILITIES & PROVISIONS		
A. CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Sundry Creditors	567,139,575	66,718,532
Due to Staff	1,165,018	837,489
Other Liabilities	153,497,640	23,172,860
B. PROVISIONS		
For Taxation	1,976,431	863,671
For Gratuity	433,041	87,656
For Leave Encashment	294,961	156,883
TOTAL	724,506,666	91,837,091
SCHEDULE - H		
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURE		
(To the extent not Written off or Adjusted)		
Preliminary Expenses	17,955,529	10,109,529
TOTAL	17,955,529	10,109,529



GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

SCHEDULE I ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

(A) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. General

- (i) The accounts are prepared on the historical cost basis and on the principles of a going concern.
- (ii) Accounting policies, not specifically referred to otherwise, are consistent and in consonance with generally accepted accounting principles.

2. Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost of acquisition or construction inclusive of freight, erection & commissioning charges, duties and taxes, expenditure during construction period, interest on borrowings and financing cost upto the date of acquisition/installation.

3. Incidental Expenditure during Construction Period

Expenditure incurred on project/assets during implementation is capitalized and apportioned to project/assets on commissioning.

4. Investments

Investments are stated at Cost, and where there is permanent diminution in the value of investments, a provision is made wherever applicable

5. Retirement Benefits

- (i) Gratuity and Leave encashment on retirement are provided in the books as per actuarial valuation.
- (ii) Provident Fund and Family Pension are contributed as a percentage of salary/wages.

6. Miscellaneous Expenditure

Preliminary Expenses will be amortized after the commencement of commercial production.

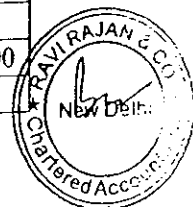
7. Depreciation

Depreciation on Fixed Assets is provided on Straight Line Method as per the classification and in the manner specified in Schedule - XIV to the Companies Act, 1956.

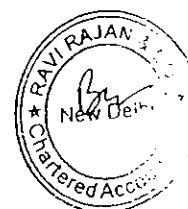
(B) NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

01) Contingent Liabilities not provided for in respect of

(i)	Outstanding amount of Bank Guarantees: (Previous Year - Rs. 1,52,99,835)	Rs 1,02,99,835
	Margin Money deposited against the above (Previous Year - Rs. 7,65,058)	Rs 5,15,058
(ii)	Outstanding Letters of Credit (Previous Year - Rs. 57,89,10,000)	Rs 1,75,23,48,000



- 02) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (Net of Advances) Rs 7,84,89,16,000 (Previous Year Rs 3,77,73,49,101).
- 03) General Reserve of Rs 5,75,860/- comprises of the profits from trading activities during 1992-93 to 2000-01.
- 04) In the opinion of the Board of Directors, the "Current Assets, Loans and Advances" have a value on realization, in the ordinary course of business, at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet.
- 05) a) Term Loans amounting to Rs 3,95,05,15,735 (Previous Year : Rs 95,00,00,000/-) obtained from Banks together with all interest, liquidated damages, premia on prepayment or on redemption, costs, expenses and other monies, stipulated in the Loan Agreements, are secured / to be secured by equitable mortgage of immovable properties and Hypothecation of movables of the company, save and except book debts, ranking pari passu, subject to prior charge on specified movables created/ to be created in favour of the Company's Bankers for Working Capital facilities.
- b) Term Loan amounting to Rs 4.44 Crores from Gujarat Industrial Investment Corporation Ltd. is secured by equitable mortgage of office premises carrying book value of Rs 57,32,834.
- 06) There is no Deferred Tax Liability/Assets as at 31.03.2008.
- 07) There is no outstanding to Small Scale Industrial Undertaking as at 31st March, 2008.
- 08) Profit and Loss Account has not been prepared as the project is under implementation and the Company has not yet started commercial operations. However, the necessary details as per Part II of Schedule VI to the Companies Act, 1956 have been disclosed in the Statement of Incidental Expenditure During Construction Period, Pending Allocation.
- 09) Additional information pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 3 and 4 of Part II to the Companies Act, 1956:
- (a) Capacity and Production (Cement Plant)
- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| Licensed Capacity | 5.4 Million TPA |
| Installed Capacity | Project under construction |
| Actual Production | Project under construction |
- (b) Managerial Remuneration paid or payable to Whole-time Director
- | | 2007-08 | 2006-07 |
|----------------|-----------|---------|
| | Rs. | Rs. |
| Salary | 15,88,645 | NIL |
| Provident Fund | 1,19,148 | NIL |
| Perquisites | 44,540 | NIL |
| | ----- | ----- |
| | 17,52,333 | NIL |
| | ----- | ----- |
- (c) Value of Imports 19,07,67,404
- (d) Expenditure in Foreign Exchange -
- (e) Earnings in Foreign Exchange -



10) Related Party Disclosures, as required in terms of 'Accounting Standard [AS] - '18' are given below:

Relationships:

(a) Holding Company:

- (i) Jaypee Cement Limited
- (ii) Jaiprakash Associates Ltd, Holding Company of Jaypee Cement Limited

(b) Fellow Subsidiary Companies:

- (i) Jaiprakash Hydro-Power Limited
- (ii) Jaiprakash Power Ventures Limited
- (iii) Jaypee Hotels Limited
- (iv) Jaypee Karcham Hydro Corporation Limited
- (v) Jaypee Powergrid Limited, Subsidiary of Jaiprakash Hydro-Power Limited
- (vi) Jaypee Infratech Limited (w.e.f. 05.04.2007)
- (vii) Himalayan Expressway Limited (w.e.f. 25.05.2007)
- (viii) Bhilai Jaypee Cement Limited, Subsidiary of Jaiprakash Associates Limited (w.e.f.14.05.2007)
- (ix) Gujarat Jaypee Cement & Infrastructure Limited (w.e.f. 26.12.2007)
- (x) JPSK Sports Pvt. Limited (w.e.f. 07.03.2008)
- (xi) Bokaro Jaypee Cement Limited, Subsidiary of Jaiprakash Associates Limited (w.e.f. 13.03.2008)
- (xii) Jaypee Ganga Infrastructure Corporation Limited (w.e.f. 18.03.2008)
- (xiii) Madhya Pradesh Jaypee Minerals Limited

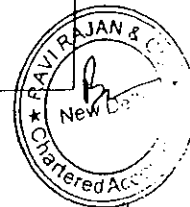
(c) Associate Companies :

- (i) Jaypee Ventures (P) Limited
- (ii) Jaypee Development Corporation Limited, Subsidiary of Jaypee Ventures (P) Limited (w.e.f. 05.12.2007)
- (iii) JIL Information Technology Limited, Subsidiary of Jaypee Ventures (P) Limited
- (iv) Gaur & Nagi Limited, Subsidiary of JIL Information Technology Limited
- (v) Jaypee Kashmir Energy Limited
- (vi) Indesign Enterprises Pvt. Limited
- (vii) Sonbhadra Minerals Pvt. Limited
- (viii) RPJ Minerals Pvt. Limited

(d) Key Management Personnel : - Shri Alok Gaur
Shri Ranvijay Singh (till 13.12.2007)

Transactions carried out with related parties referred to above in ordinary course of business
(in Rupees)

Nature of transactions	Referred in (a) above	Referred in (c) above	Referred in (d) above
Expenditure:			
Contract Expenses (Refer a(ii)above) (Previous Year)	1,21,52,26,632 40,01,45,677	-- --	-- --
Remuneration (Previous Year)	--	--	17,52,333 -
Receipts:			
Share Capital	2,41,66,52,810		
Share Application Money pending Share Allotment (Refer a(i) above) (Previous Year)	31,83,47,190 53,30,30,229		



Outstanding: Payable (Refer a(ii)above) (Previous Year)	17,93,97,988 5,84,69,828		
---------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------	--	--

Note: There was no transaction with Relationship referred in (b) above.

- 11) The liability towards principal and interest against Secured loan from Gujarat Industrial Investment Corporation Ltd. was pegged in the previous year, hence interest has not been provided for.
- 12) Provision for Tax (inclusive of Wealth Tax and Fringe Benefit Tax) Rs. 11,12,760 (Previous Year Rs 7,53,510) stands included in the Statement of Incidental Expenditure during Construction Period, pending allocation.
- 13) Figures for the previous year have been regrouped/rearranged wherever considered necessary.

Signatures to Schedules 'A' to 'I'

For Ravi Rajan & Co
Chartered Accountants

B S Rawat
Partner



For and on behalf of the Board

Manoj Gaur
Chairman

Mahendra Parekh
General Manager & Company Secretary

Place : New Delhi
Date : April 22, 2008

GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2008

Amount in Rupees

710

	2007-08		2006-07	
(A) CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
(B) CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Inflow:				
Outflow:				
(a) Purchase of Fixed Assets (including CWIP)	5,881,916,416		1,129,724,630	
(b) Increase in Miscellaneous Expenditure	7,846,000		8,875,000	
(c) Increase in Loans & Advances	374,587,292		25,289,050	
(d) Purchase of Investments	189,527,100			
(e) Decrease/(Increase) in Current Liabilities & Provisions	(632,669,575)	5,821,207,233	(91,697,230)	1,072,191,450
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES "B"		(5,821,207,233)		(1,072,191,450)
(C) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Inflow:				
(a) Increase in Borrowings	3,000,515,735		950,000,000	
(b) Increase in Share Capital	2,970,000,000		215,000,000	
(c) Receipt of Share Application Money pending share allotment	(235,000,000)	5,735,515,735	318,030,229	1,483,030,229
Outflow:				
(a) Payment on settlement of Loans & Guarantees			400,000	
(b) Interest Paid	219,078,278	219,078,278	10,479,781	10,879,781
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES "C"		5,516,437,457		1,472,150,448
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS "A+B+C"		(304,769,776)		399,958,998
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT 01.04.2007 (OPENING BALANCE)		413,334,660		13,375,662
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT 31.03.2008 (CLOSING BALANCE)		108,564,884		413,334,660

As per our report of even date attached to the Balance Sheet

for Ravi Rajan & Co
Chartered Accountants

B. S. Rawat
Partner



For and on behalf of the Board

[Signature]

Chairman

[Signature]
Director

[Signature]

Mahendra Parekh
General Manager & Company Secretary

Place : New Delhi
Dated : April 22, 2008

GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET ABSTRACT AND COMPANY'S GENERAL BUSINESS PROFILE PURSUANT TO PART-IV OF SCHEDULE - VI TO THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

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I. Registration Details:

Registration No: 04/17580 State Code No. 04
Balance Sheet Date: 31.03.2008

II Capital raised during the year (Amount in Rs. Thousands)

Public Issue: NIL Right Issue: NIL
Bonus Issue: NIL Private Placement: 29,70,000
Preferential Allotment: NIL

III Position of Mobilisation and Deployment of Funds (Amount in Rs. Thousands)

Total Liabilities	76,53,589	Total Assets	76,53,589
Sources of Funds		Application of Funds	
Paid up Capital	33,39,751	Net Fixed Assets (including expenditure during construction period)	76,53,906
Share Application Money	3,18,347	Investments	1,90,077
Reserve & Surplus	576	Net Current Assets	(2,08,349)
Secured Loans	39,94,915	Misc. Expenditure	17,955
Unsecured Loans	-	Accumulated Losses	-

IV Performance of Company (Amount in Rs. Thousands)

Turnover Nil
Total Expenditure Nil
Profit Before Tax Nil
Profit After Tax Nil
Earning per Share Nil
Dividend Rate Nil

V Generic Names of three principal products/services of company (as per Monetary terms)

Item Code No. (ITC Code) 252329
Product Description Portland Cement / Clinker

For and on behalf of the Board

For Ravi Rajan & Co
Chartered Accountants

B S Rawat
Partner



Chairman

Director

Mahendra Parekh
General Manager & Company Secretary

Place : New Delhi
Date: April 22, 2008

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT ALLAHABAD
ORIGINAL COMPANY JURISDICTION

ANNEXURE No....13.....

I N

COMPANY APPLICATION No..... OF 2009
[Under Section 391 read with Section 394 of the Companies Act]

IN THE MATTER OF AMALGAMATION OF :

JAYPEE HOTELS LIMITED
JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED [
JAIPRAKASH ENTERPRISES LIMITED
GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED

WITH

JAIPRAKASH ASSOCIATES LIMITED

DISTRICT : GAUTAM BUDDHA NAGAR

1. JAIPRAKASH ASSOCIATES LIMITED
having its registered office at
Sector - 128, NOIDA- 201304
District Gautam Buddha Nagar, (UP). Transferee Company
2. JAYPEE HOTELS LIMITED
having its registered office at
Hotel Jaypee Palace, Fatehabad Road,
Agra, Uttar Pradesh.Transferor Company No. 1
3. JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED
having its registered office at
5 Park Road, Hazratganj,
Lucknow 226 001Transferor Company No. 2
4. JAIPRAKASH ENTERPRISES LIMITED
having its registered office at
Sector - 128, NOIDA- 201304
District Gautam Buddha Nagar, (UP). Transferor Company No. 3
5. GUJARAT ANJAN CEMENT LIMITED
having its registered office at
Sector - 128, NOIDA- 201304
District Gautam Buddha Nagar, (UP)Transferor Company No. 4

..... **APPLICANTS**

Proposed Amalgamation of
Jaiprakash Enterprises Ltd ("JEL")
And
Jaypee Hotels Ltd ("JHL")
And
Jaypee Cement Ltd ("JCL")
And
Gujarat Anjan Cement Ltd ("GACL")
into
Jaiprakash Associates Ltd. ("JAL")
Accountants' Report on a Fair Ratio of Exchange

Bansi S. Mehta & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Merchant Chamber, 3rd Floor
41, New Marine Lines
Mumbai - 400 020

This report contains 16 pages

1 Introduction

1.1 Background and Terms of Engagement

There is a proposal before the Boards of Directors of JEL, JHL, JCL, GACL and JAL to consider the amalgamation of JEL, JHL, JCL, GACL and JAL (collectively referred to as "the Companies"), with Appointed date for such amalgamation being April 1, 2008. We have been informed by the representatives of the Companies that such amalgamation may be effected in a manner whereby JAL is the Amalgamated Company and JEL, JHL, JCL, GACL are the Amalgamating Companies.

We have been approached by JEL, JHL, JCL, GACL and JAL to carry out a relative valuation of the shares of the Companies and to recommend a fair and equitable ratio of exchange, that is to say, the number of shares to be allotted by JAL to the shareholders of JEL, JHL, JCL, GACL on such amalgamation.

This report ("Report") sets out the findings of our exercise. The valuation of the Companies has been carried out as at October 31, 2008 ("Valuation Date") on a "going concern" basis.

1.2 Profile of the Companies

JAL

JAL is the flagship company of the Jaypee Group and is engaged in diversified business including interalia construction of river valley and hydropower projects on turnkey basis. JAL was incorporated in the year 1956 under the Companies Act, 1956. The company has recently made its foray into highway construction. JAL is listed on the National Stock Exchange and Bombay Stock Exchange.

JEL

JEL was incorporated in the year 1978 under the Companies Act, 1956. JEL undertakes contracts of civil engineering construction of varying magnitude in various parts of the country including complex industrial construction of large size thermal plants.

JHL

JHL, a part of the Jaypee Group, is engaged in the hospitality business. It was incorporated in the year 1980 under the Companies Act, 1956. JHL presently owns three 5 star deluxe hotels in northern India, namely Jaypee Siddharth Hotel with 98 rooms located at Rajendra place in New Delhi, Jaypee Vasant Continental

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with 119 rooms located at Vasant Vihar, New Delhi and Jaypee Palace Hotel with 544 rooms and a convention centre with a capacity of 1,200 persons in a complex of about 25 acres at Agra in Uttar Pradesh. JHL also manages the operations of Hotel Jaypee Residency Manor with 90 rooms located at Mussoorie and earns management fees from this hotel. The shares of JHL are listed on the Bombay stock exchange and the National Stock Exchange.

JCL

JCL is a wholly owned subsidiary of JAL established with the object of manufacture of cement. JCL was incorporated in the year 2004 under the Companies Act, 1956 and has not yet commenced operations.

GACL

GACL is a subsidiary of JCL incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956. GACL is setting up new cement capacities amounting to 6.4 million MTPA in Western India (Gujarat) and has also signed an agreement for setting up a 2.4 million MTPA cement capacity through a joint venture with Gujarat Mineral Development Corporation (an undertaking of the Government of Gujarat).

1.3 Basic Financial Information of the Companies is as follows:

	PARTICULARS	JAL	JEL	JHL	JCL	GACL
1	Number of equity shares as at the close of the last accounting year (in Lakhs) (as on March 31, 2008)	11,715	267	555	3,560	4,258
2	Face Value per share	Rs. 2/-	Rs. 10/-	Rs. 10/-	Rs. 10/-	Rs. 10/-
3	Book value per share as at the close of the last accounting year (as on March 31, 2008)	Rs. 44	Rs. 25	Rs. 33	Rs. 10	Rs. 10



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4	Net worth at book value as at the close of the last accounting year (Excluding deferred tax asset / liability) (Rs. in Lakhs) (as on March 31, 2008)	Rs. 5,15,460	Rs. 6,669	Rs. 18,318	Rs. 35,420	Rs. 42,407
5	Market price per share as on October 31, 2008	Rs. 71.85	Not Applicable	Rs. 52.80	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
6	Market capitalization as on October 31, 2008 (Rs. in Lakhs)	Rs. 8,41,722	Not Applicable	Rs. 29,304	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
7	Debts as on March 31, 2008 (Rs. in Lakhs)	Rs. 830,558	Nil	Rs. 2,171	Nil	Rs. 39,949
8	Earnings Before Interest, Depreciation and Tax (Rs. in Lakhs) (as on March 31, 2008)	Rs. 1,38,579	Rs. 3,679	Rs. 1,381	Nil	Nil
9	Earnings per share	Rs. 5.42	Rs. 9.45	Rs. 3.16	Nil	Nil



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Shareholding pattern

The shareholding pattern of the Companies as on March 31, 2008 is as under:

(a) JAL

Particulars	Shareholding
Promoters	44.55%*
Banks/ Mutual Funds/ FI/ FII	37.41%
Private Corporate Bodies	4.98%
NRI/ OCBS	2.93%
Indian Public	10.13%

* This has marginally increased to 44.93% between March 31, 2008 and the Valuation Date.

(b) JEL

Particulars	Shareholding
Promoters	87.50%
Public	12.50%

(c) JHL

Particulars	Shareholding
Promoter/ Promoter Company	74.78%
Banks/Mutual Funds/ FI/FII	2.93%
Private Corporate Bodies	9.10%
NRI/OCBs	0.34%
Indian Public	12.85%



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(d) JCL

Particulars	Shareholding
JAL	100%

(e) GACL

Particulars	Shareholding
JCL	99.88%*
Employee Welfare Trust Firstwhile Promoters	0.12%**

- * This has gone down to 95.30% between March 31, 2008 and the Valuation Date.
- ** This has increased to 4.70% between March 31, 2008 and the Valuation Date.



2 Data obtained

- 2.1 We have called for and obtained such data, information, etc. as were deemed necessary for the purpose of our assignment, which have been made available to us by the Managements of the Companies. Appendix A hereto broadly summarizes the data obtained.
- 2.2 For the purpose of our assignment, we have relied on the statements, information and explanations provided to us and have not tried to establish the accuracy or otherwise thereof.



3 Amalgamation and valuation methods

- 3.1 It is universally recognized that valuation is not an exact science and that estimating values necessarily involves selecting a method or approach that is suitable for the purpose. In this valuation, it is not the absolute values but the relative values which are of concern. Besides, Courts in India (whose permission will have to be sought for effecting the amalgamation) have, over a period of time, laid down certain guiding principles, the most leading case being the decision of the Supreme Court in Hindustan Lever Employer's Union vs. Hindustan Lever Ltd and Others [(1995) 83 Company Cases 30].
- 3.2 That decision endorses that a fair and proper approach for valuing the shares of the companies would be to use a combination of three methods:
- Price Earnings Capitalization Value ("PECV") method;
 - Net Asset Value ("NAV") method; and
 - Market Value ("MV") method.
- 3.3 That decision also emphasizes the importance of the market rates on the stock exchanges.
- 3.4 As for the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Companies, we have considered the assets and liabilities (after excluding investments) at their respective book values as on March 31, 2008. From such amount, we have reduced the value of contingent liabilities likely to materialize and applied the multiple of market value to book value to the resulting value. The capitalized book value so arrived is then increased by the realizable value of investments (net of tax) to arrive at the value based on net assets of the Companies.
- 3.5 For arriving at the value based on capitalizing the earnings, we have calculated the adjusted earnings before interest, depreciation and tax for the year ended on March 31, 2008 and used the appropriate EBIDTA Multiple. The capitalised earnings so arrived is then increased by the realizable value of investments (net of tax) to arrive at the value based on PECV method. This method is not used for the Companies which are in the process of setting up their business as on March 31, 2008.
- 3.6 For arriving at the value of the Companies quoted on the Stock Exchange based on the market value method, we have considered the weighted average of market value based on values of trade on day-to-day basis during the last three months (from August 2008 to October 2008) on the Bombay Stock Exchange. This method is used only for the Companies that are quoted on the Stock Exchange.



4 Some broad steps relative to each of the foregoing three evaluation approaches

- 4.1 Appendix B broadly describes the steps undertaken for arriving at the NAV of the Companies.
- 4.2 Appendix C broadly describes the steps undertaken to arrive at the PECV of Companies.
- 4.3 Appendix D broadly describes the steps undertaken for arriving at the Market Values of the Companies



5 Valuation and ratio of exchange

5.1 Having regard to the foregoing, we have arrived at the relative fair values of the shares of the companies. Since, according to the management, JEL, JHL, JCL and GACL are to merge into JAL, we have established the ratio between the values so ascertained as set out in Para 5.3 below.

In doing so, we have kept in view the need to avoid fractional allotment of shares to the shareholders of amalgamating companies.

5.3 Having regard to all relevant aspects, we have considered that a fair ratio of exchange would be as follows:

" Three equity share(s) of face value of Rs. 2/- each fully paid-up in JAL for every One equity share(s) of face value of Rs. 10/- each fully paid-up in JEL."

" One equity share(s) of face value of Rs. 2/- each fully paid-up in JAL for every One equity share(s) of face value of Rs. 10/- each fully paid-up in JHL."

" One equity share(s) of face value of Rs. 2/- each fully paid-up in JAL for every Ten equity share(s) of face value of Rs. 10/- each fully paid-up in JCL."

" One equity share(s) of face value of Rs. 2/- each fully paid-up in JAL for every Eleven equity share(s) of face value of Rs. 10/- each fully paid-up in GACL."



6 Limitations and disclaimer

- 6.1 Our valuation is based on the information furnished to us being complete and accurate in all material respects. The same is based on the estimates of future financial performance as projected by the Management, which represents their view of reasonable expectation at the point of time when they were prepared, but such information and estimates are not offered as assurances that the particular level of income or profit will be achieved or events will occur as predicted. Actual results achieved during the period covered by the prospective financial statements may vary from those contained in the statement and the variation may be material.
- 6.2 Our scope of work does not enable us to accept responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the information provided to us. We have, therefore, not performed any audit, review or examination of any of the historical or prospective information used and therefore, do not express any opinion with regards to the same.
- 6.3 Our report is meant for the purpose mentioned in Para 1.1 and should not be used for any purpose other than the purpose mentioned therein. The Report should not be copied or reproduced without obtaining our prior written approval for any purpose other than the purpose for which it is prepared.
- 6.4 The projected working results of the Companies, which are used in this valuation exercise, are those as prepared by the Management of the Companies and furnished to us for the purposes of this report. Although we have reviewed the underlying assumptions and parameters, we accept no responsibility for them, or the ultimate accuracy and realization of the forecasts.
- 6.5 We have relied upon written representations from the Management of the Companies that the information contained in this report is materially accurate and complete, fair in the manner of its portrayal and therefore forms a reliable basis for the valuation.
- 6.6 Our valuation is based on the market conditions and the regulatory environment that currently exist. However, changes to the same in the future could impact the properties and the industry they operate in, which may impact our valuation.
- 6.7 We have no obligation to update this report because of events or transactions occurring subsequent to the date of this report.



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We are thankful to the Management of the Companies for furnishing data, information, etc. - often at a very short notice - without which our completing the present assignment would not have been possible.

Mumbai,



Bansi S. Mehta & Co.

Bansi S. Mehta

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Date: 15 DEC 2008

Appendix A : Broad summary of data obtained

(Refer Para 2.1)

From the Management of the respective Companies

1. Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Companies.
2. Brief history and brief note on the shareholding structure and business profile of the Companies as also business plans prepared by the Management.
3. Audited Financial statements of the Companies for the last three years ended March 31, 2006, March 31, 2007 and March 31, 2008.
4. Projected financial statements including cash flows of the Companies for future five years to end on March 31, 2009 to March 31, 2013.
5. Details of non-operating income expenses
6. Managements' estimate of contingent liabilities likely to materialize in case of all the Companies
7. Answers to specific questions and issues raised by us to the Management after examining the foregoing data.
8. Projected Income tax and Fringe Benefit Tax
9. Draft Scheme of Amalgamation of JHL, JHL, JCL and GACL with JAL.

From publicly available sources

1. Day to day quantity of shares traded and value of trades of equity shares of JHL and JAL on the Bombay Stock Exchange for the period from August to October 2008
2. Data from Capital Market issue dated October 20 to November 2, 2008.
3. Data from Prowess Database relating to comparable companies.
4. Data from web-site of the Companies and of the comparable companies.



Appendix B : Broad description of the steps for arriving at the NAV

(Refer Para 4.1)

1. Adopted the Net Assets position of the Companies (excluding non-operating assets and deferred tax asset / liability) as on March 31, 2008;
2. The net book value so arrived has been multiplied by the average Market value to Book value multiple of the comparable companies averaged with the multiple of the Companies (in case of companies quoted on the Bombay Stock Exchange i.e. JHL and JAL), based on their weighted average market price for six months ended October 31, 2008 as available from Bombay Stock Exchange and their book value computed as on March 31, 2008.
3. The value so arrived at is increased by the realisable value of Surplus Assets as on October 31, 2008.
4. Divided such value based on NAV Method by the number of fully paid, issued and subscribed equity shares of the Companies as on October 31, 2008 to derive the value per share under this method.



Appendix C : Broad description of the steps for arriving at the PECV

(Refer Para 4.2)

1. Considered the Earnings before Depreciation, Interest, Tax and Amortization (EBIDTA) of the Companies for the year ended March 31, 2008.
2. The EBIDTA of the Companies is multiplied by the EBIDTA multiple of comparable companies (computed with reference to the average market price for the period August 1, 2008 to October 31, 2008) averaged with the EBIDTA multiple of the respective Companies (only in case of companies quoted on the Bombay Stock Exchange i.e. JHL and JAL) to get corresponding earnings capitalization values of the Companies.
3. The value so arrived at is increased by the realizable value of Surplus Assets as on October 31, 2008 to arrive at the total capitalized value of the Companies based on the PECV Method.
4. Divided such capitalized value by the number of fully paid, issued and subscribed equity shares of the Companies as on October 31, 2008 to derive the value per share under the PECV Method.



Ref: SCOL/JAL-JCL-GACL/FOR/08-09/015
December, 2008

To,
The Board of Directors/Committee of Board of Directors
Jaiprakash Associates Limited
Sector-128, Noida, Uttar Pradesh

&
The Board of Directors/Committee of Board of Directors
Jaypee Cement Limited
Sector-128, Noida, Uttar Pradesh

&
The Board of Directors/Committee of Board of Directors
Gujarat Anjan Cement Limited
Sector-128, Noida, Uttar Pradesh

Dear Sir/Madam(s),

Ref: Fairness Opinion Report on Valuation of Shares of Jaiprakash Associates Limited (JAL), Jaypee Cement Limited (JCL) and Gujarat Anjan Cement Limited (GACL).

1. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Amalgamation of Jaypee Cement Limited (JCL) and Gujarat Anjan Cement Limited (GACL) with Jaiprakash Associates Limited (JAL) has been decided by the Management of the Companies. M/s. Bansri S. Mehta & Co., Chartered Accountants has been appointed as the valuer for the abovementioned amalgamation.

Sobhagya Capital Options Limited, a SEBI Registered Merchant Banker herein after referred to as SCOL, has been entrusted to give the Fairness Opinion in terms of Clause 24(h) of Listing Agreement on the valuation of the equity shares of the Companies by the management of **JAL, JCL & GACL** for determining the swap ratio.

2. PURPOSE OF VALUATION

Shares of **Jaiprakash Associates Limited (JAL)**, (a listed company) have to be allotted to the shareholders of **Jaypee Cement Limited (JCL) and Gujarat Anjan Cement Limited (GACL)** (both unlisted companies) pursuant to the proposed scheme of amalgamation.

3. APPROACHES TO VALUATION

For the purpose of ascertaining the reasonableness of this valuation, various quantitative factors have been considered based on the financial details of the respective companies. We have adopted various methodologies herein this report such as Net Asset Value Method, Comparable Price Earning (P/E) Multiple Method, and Market Price Method.



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3.1 NET ASSETS VALUE METHOD

The Net Asset Value per equity share as on the valuation has been calculated , determining the total assets and deducting the value of outside liabilities (on the basis of available audited financials statement) and then dividing the shareholders' equity attributable to the equity shareholders by the number of equity shares outstanding as on valuation date.

3.2 PRICE TO EARNING MULTIPLE METHOD (P/E MULTIPLE)

In this method, the weighted average earnings per share of the respective company has been multiplied with the average P/E multiple of the peer group companies, to arrive at the per share value as per market multiple.

MARKET PRICE METHOD

In this method the market price of the shares of the respective company has been considered after averaging market price data for three different periods to arrive at a fair market price value.

In calculation of per share value for JAL all the three methodologies have been adopted to arrive at a fair share value. However for arriving at the per share value in JCL and GACL only NAV Method has been adopted considering the fact that both the Companies are still in project implementation stage and are unlisted.

The share values have been arrived at as per the independent valuation done for all the three companies on the basis of information made available to us. We have also reviewed the valuation done by the valuer.

As per our understanding and on the basis of independent valuation done by us we hereby opine that the share swap ratio of 1:10 i.e. 1 share of JAL for 10 shares of JCL and the share swap ratio of 1:11 i.e. 1 share of JAL for 11 shares of GACL as determined by the valuer M/s. Bansi S. Mehta & Co, Chartered Accountants, is fair and reasonable and may be adopted for share exchange with regard to the proposed amalgamation of the companies.

Disclaimer Clause

We hereby declare that we have no direct or indirect interest in the Companies/ assets valued. Our work did not constitute an audit in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, an examination of internal controls or other attestation or review services. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the information presented.

It may be noted that in carrying out our work we have considered and relied on the integrity of the Annual Reports as on March 31st 2008 provided to us, and the updated number of shares as on October 31st 2008 provided for by the management of the companies. And other than reviewing the consistency of such information, we have not sought to carry out an independent verification, thereof.

Yours faithfully,

For Sobhagya Capital Options Limited

[Signature]
Director
